National Testing Agency

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Research Methodology for Social Science Teachers

Group Number:

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Research Methodology for Social Science Teachers

Section Id: 90958231

Section Number :1Section type :OnlineMandatory or Optional:MandatoryNumber of Questions:120

Number of Questions:

120

Number of Questions to be attempted:

120

Section Marks:

120

Display Number Panel:

Group All Questions:

No

Sub-Section Number: 1

Sub-Section Id: 90958233 **Question Shuffling Allowed:** Yes

Question Number: 1 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:

No Option Orientation : Vertical

The purpose of a literature review is to
A. Help you find out what is already known about this area
B. Identify any inconsistencies or gaps in the literature.
C. Demonstrate an awareness of the theoretical context in which the current study can
be located
D. Find what is already known, identify gaps, and demonstrate awareness
Options:
1. A
2. B
3. C 4. D
Question Number: 2 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
The type of Quota Sampling is
A. Purposive sampling
B. Convenience sampling
C. Cluster sampling
D. Dimensional Sampling
Options:
1. A
2. B 3. C
4. D
Question Number: 3 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
Which of these statements is true?
A. Non-random sampling enables results to be generalized to the population
B. Random sampling enables results to be generalized to the sample
C. Non-random sampling is highly accurate
D. Random sampling enables results to be generalized to the population
Options: 1. A

2. B 3. C 4. D

No Op Correc	on Number: 4 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: otion Orientation: Vertical et Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 which form of sampling, every unit has an equal chance of being selected?
	Systematic random Sampling
	Purposive Sampling
	Simple Random Sampling
D.	Cluster Sampling
Option	as:
1. A 2. B	
3. C	
4. D	
No Op Correc	on Number: 5 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: otion Orientation: Vertical et Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 le stage and Multiple stage sampling are a part of
A.	Cluster Sampling
B.	Proportionate Sampling
C.	Dimensional Sampling
D.	Systematic Sampling
Option 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D	as:
No Op	on Number: 6 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: otion Orientation: Vertical et Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
Indi	cate the level of measurement for the following police ranks—Assistant Sub Inspector,
Sub :	Inspector, and Inspector.
A	A. Nominal
E	3. Ordinal
C	C. Interval
Ι	D. Ratio
Option 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D	as:

No Op	ion Number : 7 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option Orientation : Vertical ct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0	otion :
Whi	ch of the following arithmetic operations is most appropriate for interval data?	
A.	Division	
B.	Multiplication	
C.	Addition	
D.	Subtraction	
Option 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D	ns:	
No Op	ion Number : 8 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option Orientation : Vertical ct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0	otion :
Sign	test is appropriate for the variables that are measured in level of measurement.	
A.	Ratio	
B.	Interval	
C.	Ordinal	
D.	Nominal	
Option	ns:	
1. A 2. B		
3. C		
4. D		
No Op Correc	ion Number: 9 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option Orientation: Vertical ct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 ich of the following options in IBM SPSS Statistics is used to define interval level of	otion :
mea	asurement?	
	A. Interval	
]	B. Ordinal	
	C. Nominal	
]	D. Scale	
Option 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D	ns:	

Overtion Number 10 Overtion Type MCO Option Shuffling No Dignley Overtion Number Veg Single Line Overtion Option
Question Number: 10 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
When a participant gives ratings that are lower than justified, it is known as
A. Severity error
B. Leniency error
C. Central tendency error
D. Halo effect
Options:
1. A
2. B
3. C
4. D
Question Number: 11 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
Which of the following types of reliability is known as coefficient of equivalence?
A. Test-retest
B. Split-half
C. Parallel-forms
D. Scale
Options:
1. A
2. B
3. C
4. D
Question Number : 12 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0
Who among the following has developed the Content Validity Ratio formula?
A. Cronbach
B. Anastasi
C. Lindquist
D. Lawshe
Options:
1. A
2. B
3. C 4. D
1. D

Question Number: 13 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
Which of the following refers to the degree to which a measure is correlated with other
measures that it is theoretically predicted to correlate with?
A. Discriminant validity
B. Content validity
C. Convergent validity
5 20 1 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
D. Criterion validity
Options:
1. A 2. B
3. C
4. D
Question Number: 14 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
What is meant by coding in qualitative data analysis process?
A. Collection of data
B. Review of literature
C. Process of organizing and sorting the data
D. Conclusions of research
Options:
1. A
2. B
3. C
4. D
Question Number: 15 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
What is the standard deviation of standard z-score?
A. 1
B1
C. ∞
D. 0
Options:
1. A
2. B
3. C
4. D

Question Number: 16 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
Which of the following plots help in detection of outliers/unusual values in the data set?
A. Stem and leaf diagram
B. Histogram
C. Scatter plot
D. Box plot
Options:
1. A
2. B
3. C
4. D
Question Number: 17 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
Which of the following is not useful in improving the data quality?
A. Data selection
B. Data coding
C. Data transformation
D. Data restructuring and filtering
Options:
1. A
2. B
3. C
4. D
Question Number: 18 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
Which of the following is not true about data transformation?
A. Recoding
B. Sorting
C. Computations
D. Standardization
Options:
1. A
2. B
3. C

4. D

Question Number: 19 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

How can recoding be done for a variable?

- With the help of cut-points and length of intervals
- ii. With the help of cut-points in a normal distribution
- iii. With the help of percentiles, deciles etc.
- A. i & ii only
- B. ii & iii only
- C. i & iii only
- D. i, ii & iii

Options:

- 1. A
- 2. B
- 3. C
- 4. D

Question Number : 20 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

How can the variables in a data set be reduced to a sizable number?

- A. Removing variables
- B. Removing cases
- C. Merging/collapsing variables
- D. Standardizing variables

Options:

- 1. A
- 2. B
- 3. C
- 4. D

Question Number : 21 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

A hypothesis test was established to test the claim that the proportion of male and female teenagers who use Instant Messaging (IM) every week are the same. A sample of 300 males determined that 207 used IM each week. A sample of 350 females determined that 266 used IM each week. If p-value for this test is 0.0456, what conclusions can be drawn?

- A. We reject the null hypothesis at 5% level of significance and conclude that the proportion of male and female teenage IM users are not equal to each other.
- B. We do not reject the null hypothesis at 5% level of significance and conclude that the proportion of male and female teenage IM users are equal to each other.
- C. We reject the null hypothesis at 1% level of significance and conclude that the proportion of male and female teenage IM users are not equal to each other
- D. We do not reject the null hypothesis at 10% level of significance and conclude that the proportion of male and female teenage IM users are equal to each other.

Options:

- 1. A
- 2. B
- 3. C
- 4. D

Question Number : 22 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which one of the following components is not part of the analysis of qualitative data?

- A. Organizing the data
- B. Identifying the research problem
- Finding and organizing the ideas and concepts
- D. Finding plausible explanations for findings

Options:

- 1. A
- 2. B
- 3. C
- 4. D

Question Number : 23 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

A systematic literature review is:
A. One which generates a literature review using a treasure hunt system.
B. A replicable, scientific, and transparent process.
C. One which gives equal attention to the principal contributors to the area.
D. A manufactured system for generating literature reviews tailored to your subject.
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D
Question Number: 24 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 What are memos in qualitative research?
A. Audio recording of the data
B. Theorizing write-up of ideas about codes
C. Video recording of events
D. Ethics to be followed in field research
Options:
1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D
Question Number: 25 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 A set of variables in a linear relationship with an empirically determined weight is known as
a
A. Cluster
B. Factor
C. Variate
D. Concept
Options: 1. A
2. B
3. C
4. D
Question Number : 26 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation : Vertical

The bivariate is a good starting point to identify the degree of relationship between
two continuous variables.
A. Probability
B. Correlation
C. Skewness
D. Kurtosis
Options:
1. A
2. B 3. C
4. D
Question Number: 27 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 Which of the following is NOT a dependence technique?
Which of the following is NOT a dependence technique?
A. Multiple regression
B. Structural Equation Modelling
C. Correspondence Analysis
D. Canonical Correlation
Options:
1. A
2. B 3. C
4. D
Question Number: 28 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
Which of the following is NOT an inter-dependence technique?
A. Cluster Analysis
B. Factor Analysis
C. Correspondence Analysis
D. Conjoint Analysis
Options:
1. A
2. B 3. C
4. D
Question Number : 29 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

If the Independent variable is non-metric and the dependent variable is metric, which of the following techniques CANNOT be applied?

- i. ANOVA
- ii. MANOVA
- iii. Multiple Discriminant analysis
- A. i only
- B. ii only
- C. iii only
- D. i, ii & iii

Options:

- 1. A
- 2. B
- 3. C
- 4. D

Question Number : 30 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

What is concept mapping?

- A. Photography in the field research
- B. A schematic devise for establishing rapport in the filed
- C. A schematic device for visual representation of a set of concept meanings
- D. A schematic devise for the research in the field of geography alone

Options:

- 1. A
- 2. B
- 3. C
- 4. D

 $\label{eq:Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical$

In a multiple regression problem involving two independent variables, what can you say about their relationship if $b_2 = +3.0$?

- A. The relationship between X₂ and Y is significant.
- B. The estimated value of Y increases by an average of 3 units for each increase of 1 unit of X_2 , holding X_1 constant.
- C. The estimated value of Y increases by an average of 3 units for each increase of 1 unit of X2, without regard to X1.
- D. The estimated average value of Y is 3 when X_2 equals zero.

Options:

- 1. A
- 2. B
- 3. C
- 4. D

Question Number: 32 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

What does the coefficient of multiple determination (\mathbb{R}^2) indicate?

- A. The variation around the predicted regression equation.
- B. The proportion of variation in Y explained by all independent variables.
- C. The proportion of variation in Y that is explained by a holding all independent variables constant.
- D. The proportion of variation in Y that is explained by a holding second independent variable constant.

Options:

- 1. A
- 2. B
- 3. C
- 4. D

Question Number: 33 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

What is the task of a researcher during axial coding?
i. Reviews and examines the initial codes
ii. Search for themes in the data
iii. Assigns labels to data
A. i & ii only
B. ii & iii only
C. i & iii only
D. i, ii & iii
Options: 1. A 2. B
3. C
4. D
Question Number: 34 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 To test linear relationship between two metric variables, which of the following plots is best
suited?
A. Bar chart
B. Histogram
C. Scatter plot
D. Pie chart
Options:
1. A 2. B
3. C
4. D
Question Number : 35 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation : Vertical

Which of the following statement(s) can be true after a new independent variable is added to
an existing linear regression model?
 R² and Adjusted R² both increase
ii. R ² increases and Adjusted R ² decreases
iii. R ² decreases and Adjusted R ² also decreases
iv. R ² decreases and Adjusted R ² increases
A. i and ii only
B. i and iii only
C. ii and iv only
D. iii and iv only
Options:
1. A
2. B 3. C
4. D
Question Number : 36 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0
Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of Exploratory Factor Analysis?
A. Variable Reduction
B. Minimum Loss of Information
C. Ensuring Parsimony
D. Dimension Multiplication
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D
Question Number : 37 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0
Factor Analysis done on the basis of cases or respondents is known as factor analysis
A. P
B. Q
C. R
D. S
Ontions:

2. D
3. C
4. D
Question Number: 38 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
The extent to which each of the variables contribute to uniquely to a factor is known as
factor
A. Loading
B. Value
C. Structure
D. Rotation
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D Question Number: 39 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 If a data set for Exploratory Factor Analysis yields a KMO value of 0.65, the data set is
A. Unsuitable
B. Suitable but Not Meritorious
C. Suitable and Meritorious
D. Unsuitable and Not Meritorious
Options:
1. A
2. B
3. C
4. D
Question Number: 40 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation: Vertical

1. A

If the researcher knows the required number of factors to be extracted, criterion is
the most suited.
A. Latent Root
B. Percentage of Variance
C. A- Priori
D. Mixed
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D
Question Number: 41 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 What do you report in Discriminant Analysis to say whether your model is significant or
not?
A. Adjusted R square
B. Classification Results
C. Wilks Lambda
D. Structure Matrix
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D
Question Number: 42 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
. Weights of independent variable will be given by
A. Adjusted R square
B. Classification Results
C. Wilks Lambda
D. Standardized canonical discriminant coefficients Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C
4. D

No Option	Tumber: 43 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: Orientation: Vertical arks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
The Wi	lks Lambda is converse of:	
A. Can	onical Correlation	
B. Can	onical Correlation Squared	
C. Eige	en Value	
D. p Va	alue	
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D		
No Option	Tumber : 44 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : Orientation : Vertical arks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0	
The Ra	nge of Wilks Lambda will be	
A. 0 to	100	
B. 1 to	100	
C1 to	o + 1	
D. 0 to	1	
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D Question N	Sumber: 45 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:	
-	Orientation : Vertical arks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0	
The rela	ative importance of the independent variable in the discriminant analysis is given by:	
i.	Structure Matrix	
ii.	Standardized canonical discriminant coefficients	
iii.	Alpha values	
Α.	i & iii only	
B. ii & iii only		
C. i	C. i & ii only	
D. 1	i, ii & iii	
Options :		

2. B	
3. C	
4. D	
Question Number : 46 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0	
To run the discriminant analysis the dependent variable has to be:	
A. Categorical	
B. Metric	
C. Continuous	
D. Numerical	
Options: 1. A 2. B	
3. C	
4. D	
Question Number : 47 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0	
If one is studying the impact of variable pay component on job satisfaction, then job	
satisfaction is	
A. Moderating variable	
B. Independent variable	
C. Intervening variable	
D. Dependent variable	
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D	
Question Number : 48 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0	

1. A

Content Analysis can be in nature.
i. Qualitative
ii. Quantitative
iii. Both Qualitative and Quantitative
A. i only
B. ii only
C. iii only
D. i & ii only
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D
Question Number: 49 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
Content Analysis is the study of recorded human communications from the sources such
as
i. Diary entries
ii. Books
iii. Videos
A. i & ii only
B. ii & iii only
C. i & ii only
D. i, ii & iii
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D
Question Number : 50 Question Type : MCQ Ontion Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Ves Single Line Question Ontion

 $\label{eq:Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical$ Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

The approaches of Content Analysis include

D. Extraneous variable

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Options:
1. A
2. B
3. C
4. D

i.	Conventional Approaches
ii.	Directed Approaches
iii.	Summative Approaches
A. i &	z ii only
B. ii &	& iii only
C. i &	ii only
D. i, i	i & ii
Options	:
1. A	
2. B	
3. C	
4. D	
	or this question, ambiguity is found in question/answer. Candidate will get full marks for this question if any of the correct are chosen.
No Opti	Number: 51 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: on Orientation: Vertical Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
If stu	dying the impact of variable pay component on job satisfaction, the compensation
packa	ge in the competing organization would be the
A	. Moderating variable
В	. Independent variable
C	. Intervening variable

 $Question\ Number: 52\ Question\ Type: MCQ\ Option\ Shuffling: No\ Display\ Question\ Number: Yes\ Single\ Line\ Question\ Option: No\ Option\ Orientation: Vertical$

Grounded theory developed out of a research programme concerned with exploring the
experience of patients in American hospitals during 1960's (Glaser &
Strauss).
A. Cancer
B. Heart disease
C. Dying
D. HIV
Options:
1. A
2. B
3. C 4. D
4. D
Question Number: 53 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
As theory emerges the researcher will return to the data and select new participants to test
it – a process referred to as
A. Theoretical coding
B. Theoretical sampling
C. Memo writing
D. reflexivity
Options:
1. A
2. B 3. C
4. D
Question Number: 54 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
is a note or reminder to oneself about an idea, code or property, an observation
about the relationship between codes or a thought about future possible questions or
participants.
A. Code
B. Data
C. Memo
D. Transcript
Options: 1. A

3. C 4. D
4. D
Question Number : 55 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0
During coding the formulations for emergent theory can be hypothesized.
A. Selective
B. Open
C. Axial
D. Initial
Options:
1. A 2. B
3. C
4. D
Question Number : 56 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0
The study conducted by on domestic violence of women was briefed in the
video lecture.
A. Kathy Charmaz
B. Lora Bex Lempart
C. Susan Leigh Star
D. Ryan, C.N
Options:
1. A
2. B 3. C
4. D
Question Number: 57 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
Abstract for a journal article can be written in
A. 2-10 pages
B. 2-4 pages
C. 150- 400 words
D. 25 words
Options:

2. B

2. B
3. C
4. D
Question Number: 58 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 To read the literature critically means: A. To suggest the previous research was always poorly conducted
B. Skimming through the material because most of it is just padding
C. Evaluating what you read in terms of your own research questions
D. Being negative about something before you read it
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D
Question Number: 59 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 Title page is included for
i. Technical Report
ii. Thesis
iii. Journal article
A. i only
B. ii & iii only
C. i & iii only
D. i & ii only
Options: 1. A
2. B
3. C
4. D
Question Number: 60 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

1. A

Abbreviations and reference citations are not generally used in
A. Introduction
B. Review of Literature
C. Abstract
D. Discussion
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D
Question Number: 61 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
Abstract does not include
A. Overview
B. Review of Literature
C. Method
D. Results
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D
Question Number: 62 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
section is a brief statement indicating what the researcher did to collect
research data or information for the project.
A. Abstract
B. Introduction
C. Method
D. Review of Literature
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D

Question Number : 63 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0	1:
The direction of relationships between variables must be presented in the	
section.	
A. Introduction	
B. Method	
C. Review of Literature	
D. Results	
Options:	
A	
2. B	
3. C	
4. D	
Question Number : 64 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0	1:
Expand ANCOVA	
A. Analysis of Covariability	
B. Analysis of Covariance	
C. Analysis of Covariable Activity	
D. Analysis of Covisual Activity	
Options:	
A	
2. B	
3. C	
4. D	
Question Number : 65 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0	1:
Which of the following statements is incorrect?	
A. Information sheets and consent forms given to research participants are not included	
in appendices.	
B. Questionnaires used in the research project are included in appendices.	

 C. Letters from ethics review committees approving the research proposal are included in appendices

D. Tables or lists summarising socio-demographic features of research participants are included in appendices

2. B
3. C
4. D
Question Number : 66 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0
Table of contents is not required in
A. Technical report
B. Journal article
C. Thesis
D. Book
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D
Question Number : 67 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0
Theoretical or practical implications will be included in
A. Abstract
B. Introduction
C. Results
D. Discussion
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C
4. D
Question Number: 68 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 Sampling procedures are included in section of journal article.
A. Discussion
B. Method
C. Introduction

Options : 1. A

D. Conclusions

2. B
3. C
4. D
Question Number : 69 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0
MAR means
A. Missing at Random
B. Missing completely at random
C. Missing not at random
D. Multi –analysis replication
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D
Question Number : 70 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0
Generalizability of the findings will be written under heading
A. Abstract
B. Discussion
C. Introduction
D. Implications
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D
Question Number: 71 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Options : 1. A

Rationale for the selection and coding of potential moderators and mediators of results for	
meta –	analysis can be mentioned in
A.	Introduction
B.	Search strategies
C.	Coding procedures
D.	Statistical methods
Options :	
1. A	
2. B	
3. C 4. D	
4. D	
Question Number : 72 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0	
How n	nissing data was handled is discussed in
A.	Coding procedures
B.	Results
C.	Discussion
D.	Introduction
Options :	
1. A	
2. B	
3. C	
4. D	
No Optio	Number: 73 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: on Orientation: Vertical Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
Assess	sment of interrelations among variables used for moderator and mediator analyses
can be	represented through
A.	Tables and Graphs
B.	Pictures
C.	Diagrams
D.	Flow charts
Options :	
1. A	
2. B	
3. C	
4. D	

No Optio	Number: 74 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: on Orientation: Vertical Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
Under	which section of the article you can make it clear that the report describes a research	
synthe	sis and include "meta-analysis"	
A	. Title	
В	. Abstract	
C.	. Introduction	
D	. Discussion	
Options:		
1. A 2. B		
2. D 3. C		
4. D		
No Optio	Number: 75 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: n Orientation: Vertical Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
Types	of study designs used in the primary research, their strengths and weaknesses in	
Meta-	analysis are included in	
A.	Abstract	
B.	Introduction	
C.	Criteria	
D.	Statistical methods	
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D		
Question Number: 76 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0		
Refere	nce and citation databases are mentioned under the heading	
A.	Search strategies	
B.	Coding procedures	
C.	Statistical methods	
D.	Discussion	
Options :		

2. B

3. C 4. D		
Question Number: 77 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0		
Which of the following is not a tangible property?		
A.	Movable property	
B.	Land	
C.	Building	
D.	Copyright	
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D		
Question Number: 78 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0		
Which	of the following is not a characteristic of IP?	
A.	Intangible	
B.	Limited Monopoly	
C.	Private Rights	
D.	Physical Possession	
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D		
Question Number: 79 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0		

According to whom the IP has the shelf life of a Banana?

A. Bill Gates

B. Thomas Jefferson

C. J.K. Rowling

D. Roscoe Pound

Options:

2. B
3. C
4. D
Question Number: 80 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
Copyright protects
A. An Idea
B. Expression of an Idea
C. Aesthetic value of an article
D. Traditional Knowledge
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D
Question Number: 81 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 Proceedings: Proceedings: Proceedings of the Procedure of the Procedu
Broadcast Reproduction Right is protected for a period of
A. 25 years
B. 50 years
C. 60 Years
D. 70 years
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D
Question Number: 82 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

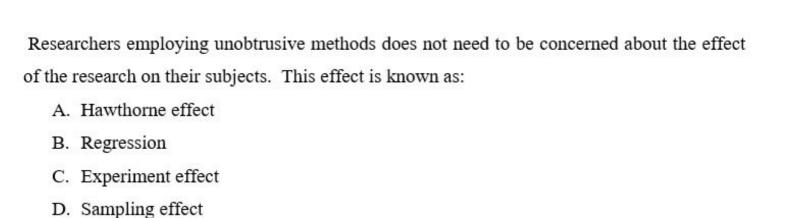
1. A

What are 'codes' in qualitative research?
i. Codes are tags or labels assign to the descriptive or inferential information
ii. Codes are the qualitative data collected for the research
iii. Codes are the conclusions of any research
A. i only
B. ii only
C. iii only
D. i & ii only
Options:
1. A
2. B
3. C
4. D
Question Number: 83 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation: Vertical
Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
Creative Commons is an NGO established in the year
A. 2000
B. 1990
C. 2010
D. 2019
Options:
1. A
2. B
3. C
4. D
Question Number: 84 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option Shuffling: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

The	trustworthiness of qualitative content analysis is often presented by using terms:
i.	Credibility, Dependability, Conformability,
ii.	Transferability and Authenticity.
ii.	Objectivity
iv.	Reliability and validity
A.	i & iii only
B.	i & ii only
C.	ii & iv only
D.	iii & iv only
Option 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D Questi	on Number : 85 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : otion Orientation : Vertical
-	et Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
Wh	ich of the methods allow researchers to collect data without interfering with the subjects
unde	er Study?
	A. Unobtrusive methods
-	B. Historical method
	C. Survey method
	D. Experimental method
Option 1. A 2. B	as:

 $\label{eq:Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical$

3. C 4. D



Options:

- 1. A
- 2. B
- 3. C
- 4. D

 $\label{eq:Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical$

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Weaknesses of unobtrusive research include potential problems with

- Validity
- ii. Limitations in data availability
- iii. Difficulty in accounting for social context.
- iv. Reliability
- A. i & iv only
- B. i & iii only
- C. i, ii & iii only
- D. i, ii & iv only

Options:

- 1. A
- 2. B
- 3. C
- 4. D

Question Number : 88 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Which of the following has to do with multiple coders results being the same for the same
text?
i. Reproducibility
ii. Stability
iii. Accuracy
A. i only
B. i & ii only
C. i & iii only
D. i, ii & iii only
Options:
1. A 2. B
3. C
4. D
Question Number: 89 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
In the "Manifest", they refer to the visible actual parts of the text as manifested in the
document. They can be
i. Sentences
ii. Paragraphs,
iii. Words
iv. Phrases
A. i & ii only
B. i, ii & iii only
C. i, ii & iv only
D. i, ii, iii & iv
Options:
1. A 2. B
3. C
4. D
Question Number: 90 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation: Vertical
Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which of the following characteristics are coded in content analysis?
i. Frequency
ii. Direction
iii. Intensity
iv. Space
A. i & ii only
B. i, ii & iii only
C. i, ii & iv only
D. i, ii, iii & iv
Options:
1. A
2. B
3. C 4. D
Question Number: 91 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 Comparisons of social processes across times and places involved in which type of
unobtrusive methods?
A. Historical sociology
B. Content analysis
C. Comparative historical research
D. Analysing Existing Statistics
Options: 1. A 2. B
3. C
4. D
Question Number : 92 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

means making assumptions regarding individuals based on characteristics
of entire population.
A. Ecological fallacy
B. Logical reasoning
C. Replication
D. Reliability
Options:
1. A
2. B 3. C
4. D
4. D
Question Number : 93 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical
Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
Unobtrusive methods are popular for their being effective in:
i. Time
ii. Cost
iii. Information
A. i & ii only
B. ii & iii only
C. i & iii only
D. i, ii & iii
Options:
1. A
2. B
3. C
4. D
Question Number: 94 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which of the following is a distinguishing characteristic of Structural Equation

Modeling?

- i. estimation of multiple and interrelated dependence relationships simultaneously in a single analysis.
- The explaining of the covariance among the measured items or observed variables.
 - iii. The ability to discriminate multiple groups in a single analysis.
- A. i only
- B. ii & iii only
- C. i & iii only
- D. i & ii only

Options:

- 1. A
- 2. B
- 3. C
- 4. D

Question Number: 95 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

..... are the actual items that are measured using a survey questionnaire.

- A. Constructs
- B. Measured variables or indicators
- C. Latent factors
- D. Observed factors

Options:

- 1. A
- 2. B
- 3. C
- 4. D

Question Number: 96 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:

No Option Orientation: Vertical

Which of the following are true regarding exogenous constructs?

- An exogenous construct is the latent, multi-item equivalent of an independent variable in traditional multivariate analysis.
- ii. An exogenous construct is determined by factors outside of the model.
- Graphically, an exogenous construct does not have any paths coming to it.
- A. i & ii only
- B. ii & iii only
- C. i & iii only
- D. i, ii & iii only

Options:

- 1. A
- 2. B
- 3. C
- 4. D

Question Number: 97 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which of the following is true about Structural Equation Modeling (SEM)?

- In SEM, the constructs are unobservable or latent factors that are representative by multiple variables.
- ii. SEM explicitly takes into account the measurement error.
- SEM is mainly used as an exploratory technique.
- A. i only
- B. ii & iii only
- C. i & iii only
- D. i & ii only

Options:

- 1. A
- 2. B
- 3. C
- 4. D

Question Number : 98 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

A Two handed straight arrows
A. Two-headed straight arrows
B. Two-headed curved arrows
C. Ovals
D. Error terms
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D
Question Number: 99 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
Which is a way to make sure that the model is identified?
A. Have at least three observed variables for each latent construct
B. Have all formative indicators
C. A GFI of .95 or higher
D. A large sample size
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D
Question Number: 100 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
No Option Orientation : Vertical
No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0
No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 When two constructs are theoretically unrelated to each other, the path between those
No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 When two constructs are theoretically unrelated to each other, the path between those two constructs should be
No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 When two constructs are theoretically unrelated to each other, the path between those two constructs should be
No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 When two constructs are theoretically unrelated to each other, the path between those two constructs should be

Question Number: 101 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
Structural Equation Modeling models are estimated so as to:
A. Maximize the likelihood function.
B. Minimize the difference between the observed and estimated covariance matrices.
C. Minimize the sum of squares between constructs.
D. Minimize the least squared difference.
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D
Question Number: 102 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
In moving from the measurement model to the structural model:
A. The error terms are correlated with each other.
B. The emphasis shifts from the relationships between latent constructs and measured
variables to the nature and magnitude of the relationships between constructs.
C. The exogenous constructs each become endogenous.
D. The endogenous constructs become exogenous.
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D
Question Number: 103 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
Structural Equation Modeling can be thought of as a combination of
techniques?
A. MANOVA and ANOVA
B. MANOVA and Exploratory factor analysis
C. Factor analysis and multiple regression analysis

D. MANOVA and multiple regression analysis

Options :

3. C
4. D
Question Number: 104 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
are an attractive way of illustrating trends and changes over time.
A. Line charts
B. Pictographs
C. Bar charts
D. Histograms
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D
Question Number: 105 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
What constitute a theory?
A. Theory or theories are nothing but construct(s)
B. Theory or Theories consist of a variable(s)
C. Theories are made up of relationship between variables/constructs
D. Theories are not logic
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D
Question Number: 106 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

2. B

What	statements are true about hypothesis?
i.	Well-crafted conceptual argument
ii.	Serve as a bridge between data and theory
iii.	Hypothesis are concise statement what is expected to occur.
iv.	Hypothesis need to be supported
A.	i, ii & iv only
B.	i, ii & iii only
C.	i, iii, & iv only
D.	i, ii, iii & iv
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D	
No Optio	Number: 107 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: n Orientation: Vertical Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
Moder	ating variables
i.	Modifies the relationship between an independent and dependent variable.
ii.	Can also be called as interaction variables
iii.	Part of casual sequence in a mediating mechanism
iv.	May reflect sub groups
A.	i, ii & iv only
B.	i, ii & iii only
C.	ii, & iii only
D.	i, ii, iii, & iv.
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D	
Ouestion 1	Number: 108 Ouestion Type: MCO Option Shuffling: No Display Ouestion Number: Yes Single Line Ouestion Option:

Question Number: 108 Question No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

In Structural Equation Modeling, the posited relationships between constructs are tested similarly to the way they are tested using:

- A. Multiple regression.
- B. Analysis of Covariance.
- C. Discriminant analysis.
- D. Cluster analysis.

Options:

- 1. A
- 2. B
- 3. C
- 4. D

Question Number : 109 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which of the following differentiates exploratory factor analysis with confirmatory factor analysis?

- i. The specification of which variables load on which factors
- ii. One technique is exploratory and the other is confirmatory
- iii. The size of the loading estimates considered significant
- A. i only
- B. ii only
- C. i & iii only
- D. i & ii only

Options:

- 1. A
- 2. B
- 3. C
- 4. D

Question Number: 110 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Which of the following is true about the relationship of Structural Equation Modeling (SEM) to multiple regression techniques?

- i. SEM is similar to multiple regression when exogenous constructs are used to predict endogenous constructs.
- ii. It is different from multiple regression because the dependent construct in one relationship may become the independent construct.
- iii. It is different from multiple regression because the all of the equation are estimated simultaneously.
- A. i & ii only
- B. ii & iii only
- C. iii only
- D. i, ii & iii

Options:

- 1. A
- 2. B
- 3. C
- 4. D

Question Number : 111 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

A subgroup of the elements of the population selected for actual participation in the study is called

- A. Target population
- B. Sample
- C. Sampling Unit
- D. Sampling

Options:

- 1. A
- 2. B
- 3. C
- 4. D

Question Number: 112 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

A complete enumeration of the elements of a population or study objects is called
A. Sample
B. Sample point
C. Element
D. Census
Options:
1. A
2. B
3. C
4. D
Question Number: 113 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
What sort of data are postal pin codes?
A. Ratio
B. Ordinal
C. Nominal
D. Interval
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D
Question Number: 114 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
The object that possesses the information sought by the researcher and about which
inferences are to be made is a
A. Population
B. Target Population
C. Element
D. Census
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C
4 D

Question Number: 115 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
What sort of data is income?
A. Ratio
B. Nominal
C. Interval
D. Ordinal
Options: 1. A
2. B
3. C
4. D
Question Number: 116 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
Which of the following is not a part of the questionnaire design process?
A. Specify the type of interviewing method.
B. Arrange questions in proper order.
C. Reproduce the questionnaire.
D. Develop sampling plan.
Options:
1. A
2. B 3. C
4. D
Question Number: 117 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
The great weakness of questionnaire design is lack of
A. Precision
B. Accuracy
C. Theory
D. Consensus
Options:
1. A
2. B 3. C
4. D

Question Number: 118 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option Shuffling: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
The first step in the questionnaire design process is
A. Specify the type of interview method
B. Identify the form and layout
C. Specify the information needed
D. Determine the content of individual questions
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D
Question Number: 119 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
The conditions that must be satisfied before making causal inferences include all of the
following except
A. Time order of occurrence of variables
B. Role of evidence
C. Concomitant variation
D. Elimination of other possible factors
Options: 1. A 2. B 3. C
4. D
Question Number: 120 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option Short No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 In a personal interview, a respondent who replies: "I do not want to answer that question
about my income last year" is exercising which right in a research study?
A. Right to privacy
B. Right to be informed
C. Right of informed consent
D. Right to terminate the interview at any time
Options: 1. A

2. B

3. C

4. D