National Testing Agency

Question Paper Name: 5301 Biotechnology 30th June 2019 Shift 2

Subject Name: Biotechnology **Creation Date:** 2019-06-30 18:16:51

Duration:180Total Marks:100Display Marks:Yes

Biotechnology

Group Number:

Group Id: 489994217

Group Maximum Duration :0Group Minimum Duration :120Revisit allowed for view? :NoRevisit allowed for edit? :NoBreak time:0Group Marks:100

Biotechnology

Section Id: 489994273

Section Number :1Section type :OnlineMandatory or Optional:MandatoryNumber of Questions:100Number of Questions to be attempted:100

Number of Questions to be attempted:100Section Marks:100Display Number Panel:YesGroup All Questions:No

Sub-Section Number: 1

Sub-Section Id: 489994297

Question Shuffling Allowed: Yes

Question Number: 1 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:

No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Biodynamic products are better than A.

- A. Traditional products
- B. Vermi products
- C. Natural products
- D. All the above

- 1.1
- 2. 2
- 3. 3

Options:

Question Number: 2 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 Biodynamic Technology is for A. Chemical Farming B. Organic Farming C. Natural Farming D. d. Activated organic Farming **Options:** 1.1 2.2 3.3 4.4 Question Number: 3 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 Biodynamic Calendar is for which A. Root B. Stem plant part C. Leaf D. All the above **Options:** 1.1 2.2 3.3 4.4 Question Number: 4 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: **No Option Orientation : Vertical** Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 Vermi-technology is for A. Vermi Casting B. Vermi-composting C. Vermi-culture D. All the above **Options:** 1.1 2.2 3.3 4.4 Question Number: 5 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: **No Option Orientation: Vertical** Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 As per Biodynamic Calendar what is A. Ascending Moon best time for 500 preparation is B. Descending Moon C. Perigee D. Apogee

4. 4	
No Option Orientation : Vertical	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option
Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
In Biodynamic what is the best time for 501 preparation is	A. Ascending Moon B. Descending Moon C. Perigee D. Apogee
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 7 Question Type: MCQ (No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option
Vermivash basically works as an	A. Growth promoter B. Growth regulator C. Fungal Control D. All the above
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 8 Question Type: MCQ (No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option
Best variety of earthworms for composting are also known as	A. Red worms B. Pink worms C. Green Worms D. Gray worms
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 9 Question Type: MCQ ONO Option Orientation: Vertical	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option
Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	

2. 2
 3. 3

Vermiwash is rich in	A. Hormones B. Minerals C. Nutrients D. All the above
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3.3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 10 Question Type: MCQ No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
The best feed for earthworms is	A. Fresh dung
	B. Decomposed Dung
	C. Decomposed Leaves
	D. Mixture of decomposed leaf & dung
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3.3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 11 Question Type: MCQ No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Which of the following materials can	A. Polystyrene
be used as a bioplastic	B. Polypropylene
	C. Polyhydroxybutyrate
	D. All of these
Options:	
1.1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 12 Question Type: MCQ No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
PHB producing microorganisms can	A. Rhizospheric soils
be isolated from:	B. Sewage Water
and a second of the second of	C. Industrialwaste disposal site
	D. All of these
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	

Question Number: 13 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:

No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Bioplastics find applications in

which of the following sectors:

- A. Food packaging
- B. Agriculture
- C. Health & medicine
- D. All of these

Options:

- 1.1
- 2.2
- 3.3
- 4.4

Question Number: 14 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which of the following means of disposal of conventional plastic after use is not toxic to the environment?

- A. Release into oceans
- B. Burial in landfills
- C. Incineration
- D. None of these

Options:

- 1.1
- 2.2
- 3.3
- 4.4

Question Number: 15 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which of the following is not true about conventional plastics:

- A. They are produced from perishable sources
- B. They are biodegradable
- C. Their burning releases toxic

absolutely unsustainable

fumes D. Conventional plastics are

Options:

- 1.1
- 2. 2
- 3.3
- 4.4

Question Number: 16 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:

No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which of the following is true about A. Bioplastics cannot be used in bioplastics: automobile industries B. Bioplastics can be produced as degraded well as by microorganisms C. Bioplastics are non-recyclable and unsustainable D. None of these **Options:** 1.1 2.2 3.3 4.4 Question Number: 17 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: **No Option Orientation: Vertical** Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 Which of the following dye can be A. Coomassie Brilliant Blue used for screening of PHB producing B. Methylene Blue bacteria C. Nile Blue D. Bromophenol Blue **Options:** 1.1 2.2 3.3 4.4 Question Number: 18 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 A. Brittleness Which of the following is a shortcoming of bioplastics compared B. Not cost-effective to conventional plastic: C. Poor interaction with fibres D. All of these **Options:** 1.1 2. 2 3. 3 4.4 Question Number: 19 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: **No Option Orientation: Vertical** Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 Which of the following is the correct A. PhaA → PhaB → PhaC sequence of the genes involved in B. PhaB → PhaA → PhaC C. PhaC → PhaA → PhaB the PHB biosynthetic pathway: D. PhaA \rightarrow PhaC \rightarrow PhaB

2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 20 Question Type: MCQ No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option
Which of the following conditions are favorable for the production of polyhydroxyalkanoates:	
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 21 Question Type: MCQ No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option
DoD clean-up policy is determined centrally under which the followings;	A. DERP B. HERP C. AERP D. CERP
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 22 Question Type: MCQ No Option Orientation: Vertical	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option
Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
The program for the clean-up of closed or abandoned hazardous waste sites is administered by EPA.	A. Superfund B. HZAMAT C. NPL D. HPS
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3.3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 23 Question Type: MCQ	${\bf Option\ Shuffling: No\ Display\ Question\ Number: Yes\ Single\ Line\ Question\ Option}$

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which of the following is EPA's demonstration program for innovative clean-up technologies?	A. NPL B. HPS C. SITE D. SIGHT
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 24 Question Type: MCQ No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option :
	A TIOC
common contaminants in hazardous sites according to EPA data analysis?	A. VOC B. Metals C. PAH D. PCB
Ontions	
Options: 1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
4. 4	
Question Number: 25 Question Type: MCQ No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option :
The use of technologies for all	A CDE
types of VOCs is expected to	B. SVE
continue according to EPA analysis.	C. SAP D. SAL
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
1. 1	
Question Number: 26 Question Type: MCQ No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Which of the followings soil remediation technology uses liquids and mechanical processes to scrub soils?	A. SVE B. Soil washing C. NPL D. HPS
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3.3	
4. 4	

Question Number: 27 Question Type: MCQ Op No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	otion Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Which of the following technique is successful in treating petroleum hydrocarbons?	A. SVE B. Soil washing C. NPL D. Landfarming
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 28 Question Type: MCQ Op No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	otion Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Which of the followings solidification uses a powerful source of energy to melt soil?	A. SVE B. Soil washing C. Asphalt batching D. Vitrification
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number : 29 Question Type : MCQ Op No Option Orientation : Vertical	otion Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
Which in situ remediation technology that combines elements of bioventing and vacuum-enhanced pumping?	A. Bio slurping B. Soil washing C. Asphalt batching D. Vitrification
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 30 Question Type: MCQ Op No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	otion Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Which of the following soil remediation process injects air into the contaminated media at a rate designed to maximize in situ biodegradation?	A. Bio slurping B. Bioventing C. Asphalt batching D. Vitrification
Options: 1. 1	
2. 2	

4. 4	
Question Number: 31 Question Type: MCQ Opt	tion Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option :
No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0	
Archaea and bacteria are	A. Prokaryote
richaed and odeleria are	B. Eukaryote
	C. Both
	D. None
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 32 Question Type: MCQ Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	tion Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Haloarchaea generally grow in	A. High salt
Traiomenteu generally grow in	B. High temperature
	C. both a & b
	D. d. None of the above
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 33 Question Type: MCQ Opt No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	tion Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
What is the accurate method for	A. Lipid profile
identification of haloarchaea?	B. Carbohydrate fermentation
	C. Molecular method
	D. None of the above
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
No Option Orientation : Vertical	tion Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option :
Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
What is the size of halocins?	A. 100 kDa B. 3-30 kDa C. 90 kDa D. d. 200 kDa
Options:	
1. 1	
—· —	

2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 35 Question Type: MCQ O No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	ption Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option
Haloarchaea generally grow at	A. Low pH B. Slight basic medium C. Neutral pH D. None of the above
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
· ·	
Question Number: 36 Question Type: MCQ O No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 Antimicrobial proteins produced by haloarchaea are	A. Halophiles B. Thermoplast C. Halocins D. Proteocins
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3.3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 37 Question Type: MCQ O No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	ption Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option
Which method has been used for	A. Sanger
sequencing of halocins	B. Edman
	C. QTOF
	D. LCMS
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 38 Question Type: MCQ O No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	ption Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option
Halocins are generally	A. Cationic
	B. Anionic
	C. Neutral
	D. None of the above
Options:	

1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 39 Question Type: MCQ C No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Which method was used for determination of mass of halocins?	A. MALDI-TOF B. LC-MS C. PAGE D. d. Q-TOF
Options: 1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number : 40 Question Type : MCQ C No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Halocins may be applied in safety of	A. Fruits B. Medicines C. Leather hides D. None
Options :	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number : 41 Question Type : MCQ C No Option Orientation : Vertical	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
Which of the following statements is true?	 A. A positive value of π indicates that a substituent is larger than H.
	B. A positive value of π indicates that a substituent is more electrons donating than H.
	C. A positive value of π indicates that a substituent is more hydrophobic than H.
	D. A negative value of π indicates that a substituent is more hydrophobic than H.
Options :	
1. 1	
2. 2	

3. 3 4. 4 Question Number: 42 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The QSAR equation relating the insecticidal activity of a series of diethyl phenylphosphonates versus σ is shown below.

$$\log \left(\frac{1}{C}\right) = 2.282\sigma - 0.348 \cdot (r^2 \cdot 0.952 \cdot r \cdot 0.976)$$

What does log (1/C) represent?

Options:

- 1. 1
- 2.2
- 3.3
- 4.4

- A. The concentration
- B. The catalytic activity
- C. The insecticidal activity
- D. The physicochemical property

Question Number: 43 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

What is a Craig plot used for?

- A. To compare the activities of different compounds having different substituents.
- B. To compare the values of a specific physicochemical property for a range of substituents.
- C. To compare the values of two specified physicochemical properties for a range of substituents.
- None of the answers are correct.

Options:

- 1.1
- 2.2
- 3.3
- 4.4

Question Number: 44 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

What does CoMFA stand for in 3D QSAR?

- A. Compound molecular formula assessment
- B. Compound mass field analysis
- C. Comparative molecular field analysis
- D. Comparative modelling force field analysis

3. 3

4.4

Question Number: 45 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

What two physical features (or fields) are most important in 3D QSAR studies?

- A. Hydrophobic and steric fields.
- B. Electrostatic and steric fields.
- C. Hydrophobic and electrostatic fields
- Steric field and dipole moment.

Options:

- 1.1
- 2.2
- 3.3
- 4.4

Question Number : 46 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which of the following is not crucial for 3D QSAR studies?

- A. Identification of the active conformation for each molecule
- B. Identification of the pharmacophore for each molecule
- C. Alignment of each molecule
- Identification of the target structure

Options:

- 1.1
- 2.2
- 3. 3
- 4.4

Question Number: 47 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

What is the relevance of a probe atom in 3D QSAR?

- A. It is used to position a molecule into a lattice of grid points.
- B. It is used to determine the position of the various grid points making up the lattice.
- C. It is an atom of the test molecule which is used as a spatial reference point.
- D. It is placed at the grid points of a lattice to determine the important properties of a molecule placed in the lattice.

1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
No Option Orientation : Vertical	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option
Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
What symbol represents the partition coefficient in a QSAR equation?	A. pH B. π C. P D. Σ
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 49 Question Type: MCQ (No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option
What symbol is used to represent molar refractivity as a steric factor in a QSAR equation?	A. MR B. R C. F D. ES
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 50 Question Type: MCQ (No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option
What is measured by the software called Sterimol?	A. The Hammett substituent constant B. Taft's steric factor C. The Verloop steric parameter D. d. The substituent hydrophobicity constant
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Ouestion Number : 51 Question Type : MCO (Option Shuffling: No Display Ouestion Number: Yes Single Line Ouestion Option

No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which bacterium is found in Dosa batter	A. Both a & b B. Enterococcus C. Lactobacillus D. d. Salmonella
Options: 1. 1	
2. 2	
3.3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 52 Question Type: MCQ Opt No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	ion Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Correct Marks . 1 Wrong Marks . V	
Which one is probiotic food?	A. Drinks
	B. Pickles C. Curd
	D. All above
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
No Option Orientation : Vertical	ion Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
	A. Lipids
	B. Glucose
	C. Amino acids D. Metabolites
	D. Metabolites
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 54 Question Type: MCQ Opt No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	ion Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Which one is not pathogen?	A. Pseudomonas
	B. Lactobacillus
	C. Salmonella
	D. Vibrio
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	

Question Number : 55 Question Type : MCQ (No Option Orientation : Vertical	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
Which one is secondary metabolite?	A. Pepsin B. Amylase C. Lactic acid D. Carbohydrates
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number : 56 Question Type : MCQ (No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Fermented foods are dominated by	A. Mostly lactic acid bacteria
	B. Mixture of bacteria
	C. Pathogens D. Fungi
Options :	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number : 57 Question Type : MCQ (No Option Orientation : Vertical	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
Which one is antimicrobial	A. Trypsin
compound produced by lactic acid	B. Propionic acid
bacteria?	C. Bacteriocins
	D. All above
Options :	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number : 58 Question Type : MCQ (No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
_	A Antimiotobial carbohydrates
What are bacteriocins?	A. Antimicrobial carbohydrates B. Inflammatory proteins
	C. Antimicrobial proteins
	D. Immunity proteins

Options:
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3

Options:

1. 1	
No Option Orientation : Vertical	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
What is the therapeutic application of bacteriocins?	A. in infectious diseases B. Cancer treatment C. Immune modulation
	D. All above
Options :	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
No Option Orientation : Vertical	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
Bacteriocins generally act by	A. Protein binding
	B. DNA binding C. Pore formation
	D. Enzymatic activity
Options: 1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 61 Question Type: MCQ No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Dii	A. Dantida, Cara bassaia
Bacteriocins are	A. Peptides from bacteria B. Antimicrobial compounds
	C. Both a & b
	D. Lipid compounds
Options :	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3, 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 62 Question Type: MCQ No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
_	
Antibiotics are	A. Secondary metabolites B. Large proteins
	C. Primary metabolites
	8000 V6470 R

D. None

1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 63 Question Type: MCQ No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Hybrid bacteriocins contain	A. one bacteriocins B. Many bacteriocins joint C. Many proteins D. None
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number : 64 Question Type : MCQ No Option Orientation : Vertical	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option
Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
Which two bacteriocins have been used to make hybrid	A. Nisin and Pediocin B. Pediocin and enterocin C. Pediocin and plantaricin D. None
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 65 Question Type: MCQ No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option
ATP Efflux in hybrid bacteriocins was	A. lower B. Not changed C. Higher D. None of the above
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 66 Question Type: MCQ No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option
Host rage of hybrid has been	A. Increased B. Decreased C. Remained same

D. Not known

2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 67 Question Type: MCQ O No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	ption Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
The N-terminal of bacteriocins are generally	A. Anionic B. Hydrophobic C. Cationic D. Complex
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
No Option Orientation : Vertical	ption Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
Hybrid bacteriocins have	A. Broad host rage B. Stability C. Activity D. Solubility
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 69 Question Type: MCQ O No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	ption Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Which two parameters were used to measure the efficacy of hybrid bacteriocins?	A. Activity B. Structure C. ATP efflux D. a & c
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 70 Question Type: MCQ O No Option Orientation: Vertical	ption Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:

Options:
1. 1

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which pathogen has been used as target to monitor the efficacy of hybrid bacteriocin	A. Salmonella B. Lactobacillus C. Pseudomonas D. Enterococcus
Options: 1. 1 2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 71 Question Type: MCQ Op No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	ption Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Which region of the plant is dominated by bacteria?	A. Root B. Leaf C. Cortex D. a & b
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2 3. 3	
4. 4	
No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0	ption Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Which method is used for purification of bacteriocin	A. Chromatography B. Precipitation C. Filtration D. all above
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
No Option Orientation : Vertical	ption Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
What is plant probiotics?	A. Beneficial bacteria B. Harmful bacteria C. Beneficial plants D. All animals
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	

 $\label{eq:Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical$

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
What are bacteriocins?	A. Antimicrobial proteins B. Inflammatory proteins C. Antimicrobial carbohydrates D. Immunity proteins
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 75 Question Type: MCQ O No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Why final pH of medium drops after	A. Production of base
the growth of lactic acid bacteria	B. Lactic acid
	C. Proteins
	D. None of the above
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0	option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Which one is antimicrobial	A. Lactic acid
compound produced by lactic acid bacteria?	B. Propionic acid C. Trypsin
oacteria:	D. a & b
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
No Option Orientation : Vertical	option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0	7. 37
Inhibition rage of bacteriocins of lactic acid bacteria are generally	A. Narrow B. Moderate
factic acid bacteria are generally	C. Broad
	D. None of above
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	

Question Number : 78 Question Type : MCQ O No Option Orientation : Vertical	option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
Bacteriocins are generally	A. Heat stable B. Enzyme stable C. pH stable D. a & c
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 79 Question Type: MCQ O No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Bacteriocins may be purified from	A. Cells
	B. Cell free supernatant
	C. Cell wall
	D. Cytosol
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 80 Question Type: MCQ O No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Bacteriocins are generally	A. Globular
	B. Helical
	C. Linear
	D. b & c
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 81 Question Type: MCQ O No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
	A TELESCOPING
The process of burning of municipal solid waste at high temperature is	A. Incineration B. Composting
called	C. Land filing
	D. Shredding
Options :	
1. 1	
2. 2	

4. 4	
Question Number: 82 Question Type: MCQ No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Which of the following is a biodegradable waste?	A. Polythene bags B. Synthetic fiber C. Food waste D. Paper
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 83 Question Type: MCQ No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
In which method of disposal of municipal solid waste, the waste is dumped in the soil?	A. Incineration B. Composting C. Land filing D. Shredding
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 84 Question Type: MCQ No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Which of the following is correct regarding disposal of waste by land filling?	 A. Economical method B. Preferred in low lying areas C. Foul gases are not produced D. Separation of different types of waste not required.
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
No Option Orientation : Vertical	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	

A. 100 kg/m3 B. 450 kg/m3 C. 700 kg/m3

D. 1000 kg/m3

Options:

The density of ash produced in the municipal solid waste is

3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 86 Question Type: MCQ O No Option Orientation: Vertical	ption Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option
Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
The process of decomposition of biodegradable solid waste by earthworms is called	A. Land fills B. Shredding C. Vermi-composting D. Composting
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 87 Question Type: MCQ O No Option Orientation: Vertical	ption Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option
Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
The waste produced in cotton mills are	A. Municipal solid waste B. Non-biodegradable waste C. Hazardous waste D. Non-hazardous waste.
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 88 Question Type: MCQ O No Option Orientation: Vertical	ption Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option
Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
Which of the following is not the land filling method?	A. Bangalore method B. Area method C. Depression method D. Trench method
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
No Option Orientation : Vertical	ption Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option
Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	

Which of the following is a liquid that passes through solid waste and extract suspended impurities from it?	A. Leachate B. Sludge C. Distilled water D. Municipal waste
Options: 1. 1 2. 2 3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 90 Question Type: MCQ C No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Which of the following is not the municipal solid waste?	A. Radioactive substance B. Ashes C. Food waste D. Rubbish
Options: 1. 1 2. 2 3. 3 4. 4	
Question Number: 91 Question Type: MCQ C No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
The prefix "nano" comes from which of the followings	 A. French word meaning billion B. Greek word meaning dwarf C. Spanish word meaning particle D. Latin word meaning invisible
Options: 1. 1 2. 2 3. 3 4. 4	
Question Number: 92 Question Type: MCQ O No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
The size of nano-particles is between nm.	A. 100 to 1000 B. 0.1 to 10 C. 1 to 100 D. d. 0.01 to 1
Options: 1. 1 2. 2 3. 3	
4. 4	

Question Number : 93 Question Type : MCQ (No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Who first used the term nanotechnology and when?	A. Richard Feynman, 1959 B. Norio Taniguchi, 1974 C. Eric Drexler, 1986 D. Sumio Iijima, 1991
Options:	
1. 1 2. 2	
2. 2 3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 94 Question Type: MCQ (No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
For high sensitivity or selectivity environmental sensors to sense the gaseous chemical like	A. CO ₂ B. NO ₃ C. O ₂ D. NO
Options: 1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number : 95 Question Type : MCQ (No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
The term which refers to the breakup within a compound due to microbial activity is?	A. Microbial degradation B. Agro-degradation C. Photo-degradation D. Decomposition
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
No Option Orientation : Vertical	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
What is graphene?	A. A new material made from
	carbon nanotubes B. A one-atom thick sheet of
	carbon
	C. Thin film made from
	fullerenes D. Software tool to measure and
	graphically represents
	nanoparticles.

Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3.3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 97 Question Type: MCQ ONO Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Fullerene or bucky ball is made up of carbon atoms.	A. 100 B. 20 C. 75 D. 6
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 98 Question Type: MCQ On Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
The most important property of nonmaterial is:	A. force B. friction C. pressure D. temperature
Options:	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	
4. 4	
Question Number: 99 Question Type: MCQ (No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option:
Which of the following statement/s is	A. All four
are true?	B. (ii) and (iv)
 i.Volume to surface area ratio is very large for nanomaterials. 	C. (i), (ii) and (iv) D. (ii), (iii) and (iv)
ii.The cut-off limit of human eye is 10 ⁻⁵ m.	
iii.Hardness of a SWNT is about 63 x 109 Pa.	
iv.Carbon nanotubes are cylindrical fullerenes.	
Options :	
1. 1	
2. 2	
3. 3	

 $Question\ Number: 100\ Question\ Type: MCQ\ Option\ Shuffling: No\ Display\ Question\ Number: Yes\ Single\ Line\ Question\ Option: No\ Option\ Orientation: Vertical$

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

The width of a carbon nanotube is ____ nm.

A. 1

B. 1.3

C. 2.5

D. 10

- 1. 1
- 2. 2
- 3.3
- 4.4