National Testing Agency

Question Paper Name: Subject Name: Creation Date: Duration: Total Marks: Display Marks:	Course in Business Eco Course in Business Eco 2019-11-10 13:22:36 180 100 Yes	nomics Macro 10th Noven	nber 2019 Shift 1
	Course in Busi	ness Economics Macr	0
Group Number: Group Id: Group Maximum Duration: Group Minimum Duration: Revisit allowed for view?: Revisit allowed for edit?: Break time: Group Marks:		1 709597296 0 120 No No 0 100	
	Course in	1 Business Economics	: Macro
Section Id:	Course II.		Macro
Section 1d : Section Number :		709597383 1	
Section type :		Online	
Mandatory or Optional:		Mandatory	
Number of Questions:		100	
Number of Questions to be atte	mpted:	100	
Section Marks:	L	100	
Display Number Panel:		Yes	
Group All Questions:		No	
Sub-Section	n Number	1	
Sub-Section		709597483	
	huffling Allowed:	Yes	
Single Line Question Option: No Opt Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 Macro economics is the study of a. Aggregates b. Agents c. Elements	ion Orientation : Vertica	al	ing: No Display Question Number: Yes
d. Total			

Question Number : 2 Question Id : 70959726936 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

_	1 1 (1 1 1 1 1-
	an be defined as the income not spent on consumption?
	Interest
	Investment
	Saving
d.	Nominal interest
Question Number Single Line Qu	ber: 3 Question Id: 70959726937 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes estion Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical
Correct Marks	: 1 Wrong Marks : 0
'Macroecon	omic paradox' was introduced by
a.	Prof. J. S. Mill
Ъ.	Prof. J. B. Say
c.	Prof. Boulding
d.	Prof. Keynes
Single Line Qu	ber: 4 Question Id: 70959726938 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes estion Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical
	: 1 Wrong Marks : 0
Economics	as "a science of scarcity" was defined by
á	a. Prof. Paul.
1	o. Samuelson
•	c. Prof. Lionel Robbins
(d. Prof. Hicks
Ouestion Num	ber: 5 Question Id: 70959726939 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes
Single Line Qu	estion Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical
	: 1 Wrong Marks : 0
The macroe	conomic theory is classified into
a.	Static Macroeconomics
Ъ.	Comparative static macroeconomics
c.	Dynamic Macroeconomics
d.	All of the above
Single Line Qu	ber: 6 Question Id: 70959726940 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes estion Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical
	: 1 Wrong Marks : 0
It occurs duri contraction	ing periods of slow economic growth or during periods of economic
	a. Classical unemployment
	b. Frictional unemployment
	c. Structural unemployment
	d. Cyclical unemployment
	o. Cyclical dicinproyment

 $Question\ Number: 7\ Question\ Id: 70959726941\ Question\ Type: MCQ\ Option\ Shuffling: No\ Display\ Question\ Number: Yes\ Single\ Line\ Question\ Option: No\ Option\ Orientation: Vertical$

Which of the given condition is considered under macroeconomics

- a. consumption + Investment
- b. demand + supply+ rate of interest
- c. savings+ borrowing
- d. consumption+ investments + government expenditure

Question Number: 8 Question Id: 70959726942 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

The real Gross National Product (GNP) refers to the value of all the production at the

- a. Current year prices
- b. Base year prices
- c. Both
- d. Real and nominal prices

Question Number : 9 Question Id : 70959726943 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which of the following is not considered as an area of study under macroeconomics?

- Monetary problems
- b. Consumer's behavior
- c. Fiscal policy
- d. Socio-economic problems

Question Number: 10 Question Id: 70959726944 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Studying of National Income is important -----

- To observe the economic development of the country.
- To determine the developmental objectives.
- To understand the contribution of the various sectors of the economy to National Income.
- d. All of the above

Question Number: 11 Question Id: 70959726945 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

The greater the disparities in income, the ----- will be the average propensity to consume

- a. Higher
- b. Lower
- c. Equal
- d. None of the above

Question Number: 12 Question Id: 70959726946 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

1 _c	Adam Smith
U.	David Ricardo
c.	J. B. Say
d.	J.M. Keynes
Single Lin Correct M	Number: 13 Question Id: 70959726947 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes ne Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
The thre	ee sector model is based on
	Open economy
	Capitalist economy
	Closed economy
d.	Mixed economy
Single Li	Number: 14 Question Id: 70959726948 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes ne Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
	nal income is that part of objective income of the community, including of course e derived from abroad which can be measured in money"defined by
	a. Prof. Marshall
	b. Prof. Pigou
	c. Prof. Fisher
	d. Prof. Kuznet
Single Lin Correct M	Number: 15 Question Id: 70959726949 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes ne Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
	difficulty is considered as practical difficulty to measure national income.
	Presence of non monetized sector
	Problems due to the definition
	Monetary value of goods and services Changes in prices of goods and services
u.	Changes in prices of goods and services
Single Li	Number: 16 Question Id: 70959726950 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes ne Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
'The me stated b	ethod of study used in macroeconomics is general equilibrium analysis' this was
	a. Prof. Alfred Marshall
	b. Prof. Leon Walras
	D CD 1
	c. Prof. Robertson

Reserve	money is also known as
a.	Narrow money
ъ.	Broad money
c.	High powered money
d.	Paper money
Single Li	Number: 18 Question Id: 70959726952 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes ne Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical
	Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
	nstrument has the least liquid ability to get converted into cash?
	M1
	M2
c.	M3
d.	M4
Single Li	Number: 19 Question Id: 70959726953 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes ne Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
	of reduces transaction costs, improves economic efficiency, can
	n for large amounts etc.
a	Plastic money
	Cheque
	Commodity money
	Paper money
u.	rapel money
Question Single Li	Number: 20 Question Id: 70959726954 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes ne Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical
Correct N	Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
John M	aynard Keynes first formulated theory of money demand published in
a.	1930
Ъ.	1934
c.	1936
d.	1944
	Number: 21 Question Id: 70959726955 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes ne Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical
Correct N	Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
Net nati	ional product is :
	GNP/Taxes
ъ.	GNP* Taxes
c.	COMP. D
	GNP + Depreciation

Question Number : 22 Question Id : 70959726956 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Which of the following is the correct form?
a. GNP = Gross Net Production
b. NNP = Net National Product
c. N.I = German Democratic Production
d. GNP= Gross Nation's Production
Question Number: 23 Question Id: 70959726957 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
Consumers wants to get more and more satisfied, at levels of income
a. Lower
b. Higher
c. Decrease
d. None of the above
Question Number: 24 Question Id: 70959726958 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 Which of the following is not a macroeconomic theory?
a. Theory of Income and employment
b. Consumer Choice theory
c. Innovation theory
d. Philips curve
Question Number: 25 Question Id: 70959726959 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 The term MPC and MPS was introduced by a. Prof J.S. Mill
b. Prof. Samuelson
c. Prof. J. M. Keynes
d. Prof. Meyers
Question Number: 26 Question Id: 70959726960 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
Supply of money effectively works in thepolicy of the country.
a. Public
b. Monetary
c. Bank
d. Growth and development
•
Question Number: 27 Question Id: 70959726961 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

		sum of currency and demand-deposits of banks including the RBI is known
_		·
		row money
b. c.		linary money minal money
		th powered money
۵.	1112	ar powered money
Ques Singl	tion I e Lin	Number: 28 Question Id: 70959726962 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes e Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical
		Tarks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
		h can be easily used as a medium of exchange and making payments for
		actions.
	. M	
	. M	
	. M	
d	. M	.4
Singl	e Lin	Number: 29 Question Id: 70959726963 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes e Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Tarks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
The	rela	tionship between the monetary base and money supply economy denotes as
	a.	Bank rate
	b.	Money multiplier
	c.	1/reserve ratio
	d.	B and C
Singl	e Lin	Number: 30 Question Id: 70959726964 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes e Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical larks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
Jug1	ar di	scussed the business of trade cycles in his book "Des Crises
Co	mme	ercials" in
	a.	1776
	Ъ.	1830
	c.	1836
	d.	1860
Single Corre	e Lin ect M psy	Number: 31 Question Id: 70959726965 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes e Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical larks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 chological theory of business cycle is developed by a renowned ist
	a.	Samuelson
		William Hershel & Stanley Jevons
		A.C. Pigou
		Hicks

 $Question\ Number: 32\ Question\ Id: 70959726966\ Question\ Type: MCQ\ Option\ Shuffling: No\ Display\ Question\ Number: Yes\ Single\ Line\ Question\ Option: No\ Option\ Orientation: Vertical$

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which inflation arises due to various factors like rising income, population explosion, etc.

- a. Cost-push inflation
- b. Demand-pull inflation
- c. Sectoral inflation
- d. Anticipated inflation

Question Number : 33 Question Id : 70959726967 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Who will get the maximum benefit from inflation?

- a. Creditor
- b. Debtors
- c. The entrepreneurs
- d. Holder of real estate

Question Number: 34 Question Id: 70959726968 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

The term stagflation refers to

- Increase in inflation
- Increase in unemployment
- Increase in both inflation and unemployment
- Increase in inflation and decrease in unemployment

Question Number: 35 Question Id: 70959726969 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Increase in the rate of inflation due to increase in unnecessary increase in production of goods and services is called as

- a. Cost push inflation
- b. Wage push inflation
- c. Profit push inflation
- d. All of the above

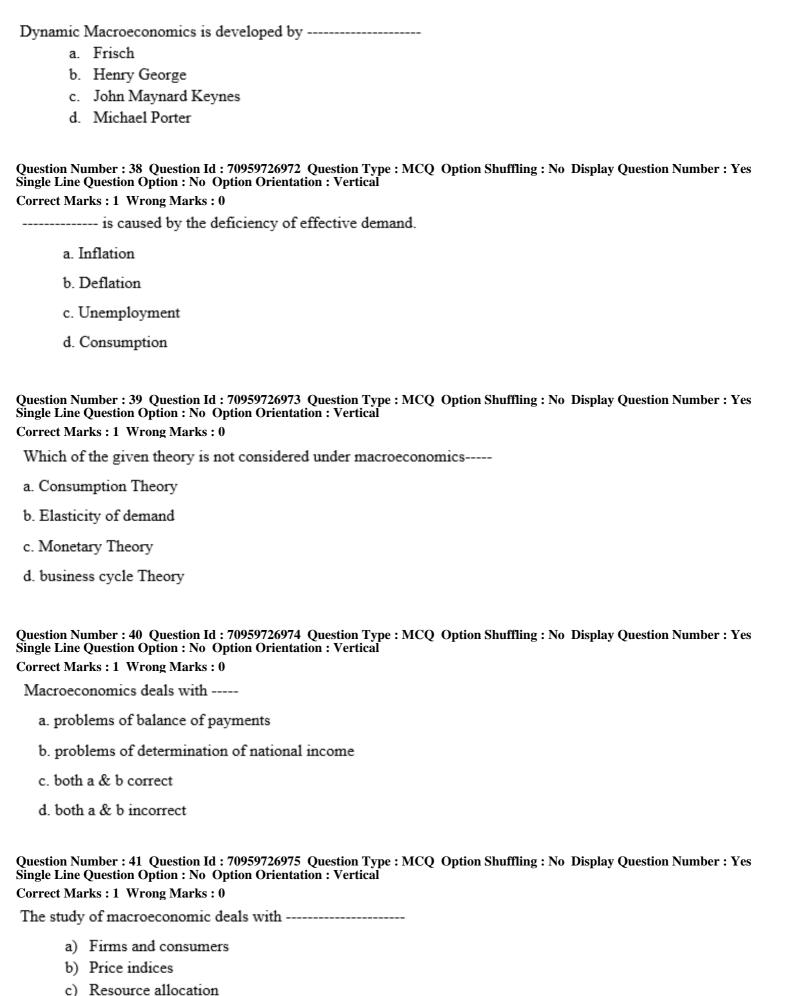
Question Number: 36 Question Id: 70959726970 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Quantity theory of money is part of -----

- a. microeconomics
- b. Banking
- c. macroeconomics
- d. growth and development

Question Number: 37 Question Id: 70959726971 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical



Question Number : 42 Question Id : 70959726976 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

d) Consumer behaviour

Real National income/ Size of the population is

- a. Personal income
- b. Per capita income
- c. Per capita real income
- d. None of the above

Question Number: 43 Question Id: 70959726977 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

----is the income left in the hands of the people after paying the direct

taxes.

a. Private income

Personal income

c. National income

d.Disposable income

Question Number: 44 Question Id: 70959726978 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which of the following is not a part of national income?

- a. Interest on national debt
- b. Rent
- c. Wages and salaries
- d. Profits

Question Number: 45 Question Id: 70959726979 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

While estimating national income which of the following is not taken into account?

- Services of teacher
- Services of a doctor
- c. Services of a maid servant
- Services of women who works at home

Question Number : 46 Question Id : 70959726980 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

The Main difference between Gross Domestic Product (GDP) and Gross National Product

(GNP) is

- a. Transfer payments
- b. Net factor income from abroad
- c. Consumption expenditure
- d. Capital gains

Question Number: 47 Question Id: 70959726981 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Who had estimated national income in India first?

- a. D.R.Gadgil
- b. V.K.R.V. Rao
- c. DadabhaiNaoroji
- d. R.C.Dutt

Question Number: 48 Question Id: 70959726982 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

method is mostly followed in practice for measuring national income

- a. Product method
- Income method
- Expenditure method
- d. All of the above

Question Number: 49 Question Id: 70959726983 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Inflation is generally measured by taking -----as the base.

- a. NNP
- b. GNP
- c. the Whole Sale Price Index
- d. GDP

Question Number : 50 Question Id : 70959726984 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

When prices of goods and services are gently rising, it is referred to as-----

- a. Chronic inflation
- b. Creeping Inflation
- c. Galloping inflation
- d. Deflation

Question Number : 51 Question Id : 70959726985 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

When there is high inflation in the economy, how will it affect the supply of money in the economy

- a. Increases
- b. Decreases
- c. Stable
- d. No effect

Question Number : 52 Question Id : 70959726986 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

----- is not a cause of inflation.

- a. Over expansion of money supply
- b. Over contraction of money supply
- c. Deficit financing
- Expansion of bank credit

Question Number: 53 Question Id: 70959726987 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

-----measure is a way to exercise direct control over prices.

- a. Rationing
- b. Changing interest rates
- c. Controlling wage rate
- d. All of the above

Question Number : 54 Question Id : 70959726988 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Aggregate demand price will increase as the -----expands and it will fall as the employment contracts

- a. Income
- b. Employment
- c. Supply
- d. None of the above

Question Number: 55 Question Id: 70959726989 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

The minimum price or proceeds which will induce employment on a given scale is called

the ----- of that amount of employment.

- Aggregate demand price
- Aggregate supply price
- c. Effective demand
- d. None of the above

Question Number: 56 Question Id: 70959726990 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

This assumption of classical economists that failed during 1929:

- a. Full employment
- b. Free market
- c. Perfect competition
- d. Supply creates own demand

Question Number: 57 Question Id: 70959726991 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

indicates maintaining a right balance between the generation of revenue and expenditure for welfare so that the public exchequer can rightly balance its earnings

- a. Economic growth
- b. Full Employment
- Fiscal Stability
- d. Wealth Tax

Question Number: 58 Question Id: 70959726992 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

_____ is an inevitable tool for the government as it helps to allocate the economic resources in the best possible way.

- a. foreign Exchange Policy
- Fiscal Policy
- c. Monetary policy
- d. Trade policy

Question Number : 59 Question Id : 70959726993 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which was of the following is not a tool used by the government through its Fiscal policy in order to fight inflation and bringing back economic stability:

- a Tax
- Foreign Exchange policy
- c. Government Spending
- Public Borrowing

Question Number : 60 Question Id : 70959726994 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

This objective is related to the distribution of increased national income.

- a. Reduction in inequalities of income and wealth
- b. The rise in the rate of investment
- c. The rise in savings
- d. The rise in the nation's consumption

Question Number: 61 Question Id: 70959726995 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

The fiscal policy focus on-----

- a. issues related to the management of resources
- b. Generation of revenue
- c. Effective deployment of public finance.
- d. All the above

Question Number: 62 Question Id: 70959726996 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

The public expenditure do not consider ---

- a. power station
- b. schools
- c. private investment
- d. infrastructure facilities

Question Number: 63 Question Id: 70959726997 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

The fiscal policy aims to reach a stage of stable economic growth through

- a. Effective tax policy
 - b. Proper public expenditure
 - c. Reducing public borrowing
 - d. All of the above

 $Question\ Number: 64\ Question\ Id: 70959726998\ Question\ Type: MCQ\ Option\ Shuffling: No\ Display\ Question\ Number: Yes\ Single\ Line\ Question\ Option: No\ Option\ Orientation: Vertical$

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

The monetary policy is implemented by---

- The central bank
- b. The central government
- c. The state government
- d. The finance commission

Question Number: 65 Question Id: 70959726999 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Credit creation power of the commercial banks gets limited by which of the following?

- Banking habits of the people
- b. Cash reserve ratio
- c. Credit policy of the central bank
- d. All of the above

Question Number : 66 Question Id : 70959727000 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

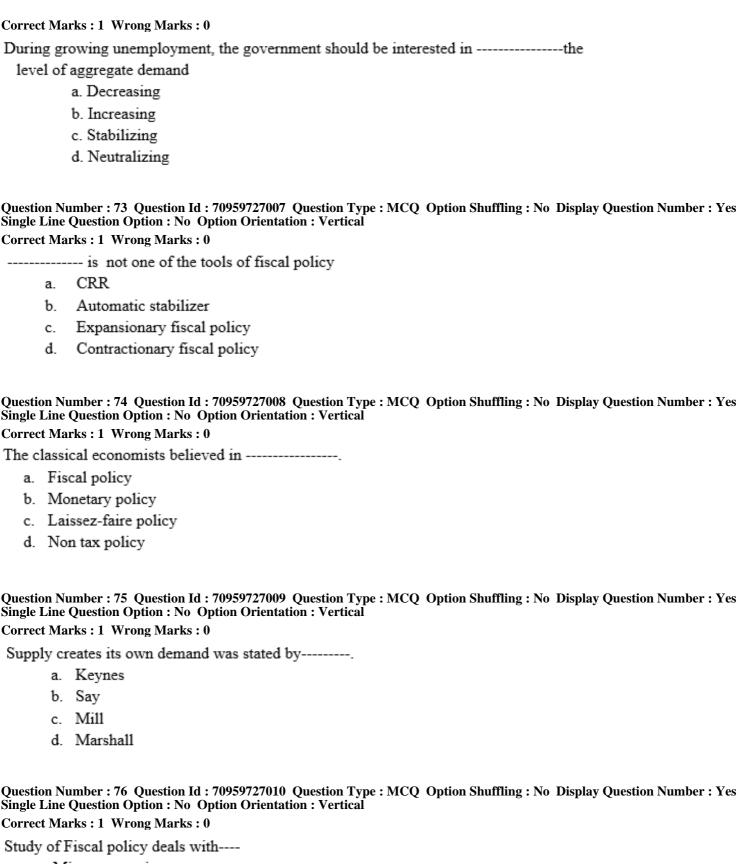
Marginal propensity to consume is always

- a. equal to one
- b. equal to zero
- c. less than one
- d. less than zero

Question Number: 67 Question Id: 70959727001 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

The autonomous consumption is independent of income. This statement is	
a. False	
b. True	
c. Patially true	
d. Partially false	
G. I attaily laise	
Question Number: 68 Question Id: 70959727002 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
The entire part of increased income is spent on consumption.	
a. False	
b. True	
c. Partially False	
d. Partially True	
G. Fattany True	
Question Number: 69 Question Id: 70959727003 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 The psychological Law of consumption developed by	
a. Prof.Samulson	
b. Prof. Keynes	
c. Prof. Duissenberry	
d. Prof. V.M. Deshmukh	
G. 1101. V.M. Desimidali	
Question Number: 70 Question Id: 70959727004 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
The difference between narrow money and broad money.	
a. Coins and notes	
b. Saving deposits of banks	
c. Time deposits with the bank d. Rate of foreign exchange	
u. Rate of foreign exchange	
Question Number: 71 Question Id: 70959727005 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
Who is the main supplier of money	
a. RBI	
b. Commercial bank	
c. Government	
d. Public	

 $Question\ Number: 72\ Question\ Id: 70959727006\ Question\ Type: MCQ\ Option\ Shuffling: No\ Display\ Question\ Number: Yes\ Single\ Line\ Question\ Option: No\ Option\ Orientation: Vertical$



- a. Microeconomics
- Macroeconomics
- Money and banking
- d. Public Finance

Question Number: 77 Question Id: 70959727011 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Automatic stabilization of fiscal policy consists-----

- a. Increase in public works
- Unemployment compensation
- c. Subsidies to farmers
- Progressive tax system

Question Number: 78 Question Id: 70959727012 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

The government adopts a surplus budget when

- Revenue is less than spending
- Spending is more than public income
- c. Revenue is greater than public expenditure
- d. Revenue is exactly equal to the public expenditure

Question Number : 79 Question Id : 70959727013 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Monetary Policy involves -----

- Taxation and government spending.
- Management of money supply and interest rate.
- c. Both a and b
- Public expenditure

Question Number: 80 Question Id: 70959727014 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

The Quantitative instruments of monetary policy is also called --

- Selective tools
- b. General tools
- c. Special tools
- d. Both a and b

Question Number: 81 Question Id: 70959727015 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

.----is the percentage of commercial bank's net demand and time liabilities which

the commercial banks have to maintain with the Central bank.

- a. CRR
- b. SLR
- c. Repo Rate
- d. Bank Rate

Question Number: 82 Question Id: 70959727016 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

-----is a selective tool of monetary policy which helps in restraining credit during inflationary periods. a. Credit rationing Moral Suasion b. c. Consumer Credit Regulation All of the above đ. Question Number: 83 Question Id: 70959727017 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 -----refers to the outright sale and purchase of government securities by Reserve Bank. a. Bank Rate b. Reverse Repo Rate Open Market operations d. Repo Rate Question Number: 84 Question Id: 70959727018 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 ----- refers to some percentage of reserves to be maintained in the form of gold or foreign securities. a. Bank rate b SLR c. CRR Open market operation Question Number: 85 Question Id: 70959727019 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 Consumer credit regulation and publicity are the method of -----credit control. a. Quantitative b. Qualitative

Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

- c. Monetary
- d. Bank

Question Number: 86 Question Id: 70959727020 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Any change in CRR and SLR affects the lending capacity of -----

- a. Central bank
- b. Commercial bank
- International bank
- d. EXIM bank

Question Number: 87 Question Id: 70959727021 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

State of persistent and substantial fall in prices is called -----

- a. Inflation
- Deflation
- Recession
- d. Decline

Question Number: 88 Question Id: 70959727022 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Depressionary economics was proposed by

- a. Adam Smith
- b. Alfred Marshal
- Milton Friedman
- d. John Maynard Keynes

Question Number: 89 Question Id: 70959727023 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which of the following is not the function of the commercial bank?

- Issuing of plastic money.
- b. Acceptance of deposits
- c. Advancing loans
- d. Credit control

Question Number : 90 Question Id : 70959727024 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which one is the primary function of commercial bank?

- a) Receiving deposit
- (b) Controlling loan
- (c) Issuing note
- (d) Leading the money market

Question Number: 91 Question Id: 70959727025 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

The total stock of money in form of paper notes, coins and demand deposit of bank in

circulation which is held by the public at any particular point of time.

- Supply of money
- Stock of money
- c. Credit money
- d. A and B

Question Number: 92 Question Id: 70959727026 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

The deposits that are created by customers by depositing cash, draft of cheques is called

- a. Primary deposits
- Derivative deposits
- Active deposits
- d. All of the above

Question Number: 93 Question Id: 70959727027 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0
What is the Paradox of thrift.

- a) Higher saving rates lead to reduced output.
- b) Higher real wages lead to higher profit rates.
- Government deficits raise private profits.
- d) Efforts to de-leverage might lead to higher leverage ratios.

Question Number : 94 Question Id : 70959727028 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

What is Paradox of public deficits?

- a) Efforts to de-leverage might lead to higher leverage ratios.
- b) Stability is destabilizing
- c) Higher real wages lead to higher profit rates.
- d) Government deficits raise private profits.

Question Number: 95 Question Id: 70959727029 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

-----is a type of investment which influences the demand?

- a. Autonomous investment
- b. Induced investment
- c. Ownership investment
- d. Lending investment

Question Number: 96 Question Id: 70959727030 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes

Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

When the marginal efficiency of capital, as well as interest rate, is not equal, then this situation is called	
a. Neutral	
b. Favorable	
c. Unfavorable	
d. All (a), (b), (c)	
Question Number: 97 Question Id: 70959727031 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 Money made up of precious metals will be included in which category	
Wolley made up of precious metals will be included in which category	
a) Bank Money	
b) Paper Money	
c) Plastic money	
d) Commodity Money	
Question Number : 98 Question Id : 70959727032 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0	
The principle of accelerator assumes:	
The marginal propensity to consume is constant	
b) The economy is at full employment	
c) There is a constant relationship between net investment and the rate of change of	
output	
d) The multiplier is constant	
Question Number: 99 Question Id: 70959727033 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0 When entrepreneurs expect high returns then the marginal efficiency of capital is	
a. high b. low c. negative d. positive	
Question Number: 100 Question Id: 70959727034 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Display Question Number: Yes Single Line Question Option: No Option Orientation: Vertical Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0	
The technological advancements open doors for investments and thus increasing the marginal efficiency of capital in a. short run b. very short run c. long run d. two years	