National Testing Agency

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Microbial Physiology and metabolism

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No

Microbial Physiology and metabolism-1

Section Id: 864351628

Section Number:

Section type: Online

Mandatory or Optional: Mandatory

Number of Questions: 100
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Section Marks: 100
Mark As Answered Required?: Yes
Sub-Section Number: 1

Sub-Section Id: 864351800

Question Shuffling Allowed: Yes

Question Number: 1 Question Id: 86435114700 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

The protein part of the enzyme is called

- 1. Coenzyme
- 2. Abzymes
- 3. Protease
- 4. Apo enzyme

Options:

86435149569. 1

86435149570. 2

86435149571.3

86435149572.4

 $Question\ Number: 2\ Question\ Id: 86435114701\ Question\ Type: MCQ\ Option\ Shuffling: No\ Is\ Question\ Mandatory: No\ Shuffling: No\ Shu$

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Abzyme is a

- 1. Isoenzyme
- 2. Allosteric enzyme
- 3. Antibody
- 4. Abnormal enzyme

Options:

86435149574. 2

86435149575.3

86435149576.4

Question Number: 3 Question Id: 86435114702 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Enzymes exist in the cells as

- 1. Solid
- 2. Crystals
- 3. Colloid
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149577.1

86435149578. 2

86435149579.3

86435149580.4

Question Number: 4 Question Id: 86435114703 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which one of the following statements is NOT correct?

- 1. All enzymes are specific in action.
- 2. All enzymes are biocatalysts.
- 3. All enzymes are proteins except ribozymes.
- 4. All proteins are enzymes.

Options:

86435149581.1

86435149582. 2

86435149584. 4

Question Number: 5 Question Id: 86435114704 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Lock and Key model is also known as

- 1. Template theory
- 2. Induced fit theory
- 3. Khosland's theory
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149585.1

86435149586. 2

86435149587.3

86435149588.4

Question Number: 6 Question Id: 86435114705 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

What is the number of molecules of substances that are acted upon by an enzyme per minute?

- 1. Substrate number
- 2. Enzyme number
- 3. Activation number
- 4. Turn over number

Options:

86435149589. 1

86435149590. 2

86435149591.3

Question Number: 7 Question Id: 86435114706 Question	Type: MCQ Option Shuffling	: No Is Question Mandatory : No
Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0		

What happens to activation energy in an enzyme-catalyzed reaction?

- 1. Decreases
- 2. Increases
- 3. Remains the same
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149593.1

86435149594. 2

86435149595.3

86435149596.4

Question Number: 8 Question Id: 86435114707 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Fill in the blanks

In E. coli the shift between aerobic and anaerobic, growth is controlled by _____ and _____ system.

- 1. Dme and tme
- 2. Mdh and sdh
- 3. Pod and pck
- 4. FNR and arc AB

Options:

86435149597. 1

86435149598. 2

86435149599. 3

Question Number: 9 Question Id: 86435114708 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which of the following reaction(s) yield(s) more energy?

I. ATP + $H_2O \rightarrow ADP + Pi + Energy$ II. ATP + $H_2O \rightarrow AMP + Pi + Energy$

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. I & II yields an equal amount of energy
- 2.1
- 3. II
- 4. I & II are not energy yielding reactions

Options:

86435149601.1

86435149602. 2

86435149603.3

86435149604.4

Question Number: 10 Question Id: 86435114709 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

The choice of the electron acceptor is used in the following preference.

- 1. Oxygen>nitrate>nitrite>fumarate>DMSO>TMAO
- 2. Oxygen>nitrate>nitrite>DMSO>TMAO>fumarate
- 3. Fumarate>TMAO>DMSO>nitrite>nitrate>oxygen
- 4. Oxygen>fumarate>nitrate>nitrite>DMSO>TMAO

Options:

86435149605.1

86435149607.3

86435149608.4

Question Number: 11 Question Id: 86435114710 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which one of the following is an indirect method for measuring bacterial growth?

- 1. Cell count
- 2. Cell mass
- 3. Cell activity
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149609.1

86435149610. 2

86435149611.3

86435149612.4

Question Number: 12 Question Id: 86435114711 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which one of the following is the relationship between optical density and cell mass?

- 1. Exponentially proportional
- 2. Linearly proportional
- 3. Inversely proportional
- 4. Not related

Options:

86435149613.1

86435149614. 2

86435149615.3

Question Number: 13 Question Id: 86435114712 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which one of the following micronutrients is retrieved from media to enhance citric acid production?

- 1. Fe²⁺ ions
- 2. Cu2+ ions
- 3. Molybdenum ions
- 4. Au ions

Options:

86435149617.1

86435149618. 2

86435149619.3

86435149620.4

Question Number: 14 Question Id: 86435114713 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which method is preferred for the production of penicillin?

- 1. Synchronous growth culture
- 2. Continuous Growth Culture
- 3. Batch culture
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149621.1

86435149622. 2

86435149623.3

Question Number: 15 Question Id: 86435114714 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

The chemostat and turbidostat are the types of bioreactors that are used in which of the following cultures?

- 1. Batch culture
- 2. Continuous culture
- 3. Solid State culture
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149625.1

86435149626. 2

86435149627. 3

86435149628.4

Question Number: 16 Question Id: 86435114715 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Fad R is regulator involved in starvation stress response and it is known to regulate

- 1. Fatty acid metabolism
- 2. Aminoacid metabolism
- 3. Carbohydrate metabolism
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149629.1

86435149630. 2

86435149631.3

Question Number: 17 Question Id: 86435114716 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

In the log phase, cell numbers progress in

- 1. Arithmetic progression
- 2. Geometric progression
- 3. Harmonic progression
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149633.1

86435149634. 2

86435149635.3

86435149636.4

Question Number: 18 Question Id: 86435114717 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

What is the pressure created on walls when a bacterial cell is placed in a hypotonic solution?

- 1. Differential pressure
- 2. Turgor pressure
- 3. Atmospheric pressure
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149637. 1

86435149638. 2

86435149639.3

86435149640.4

 $Question\ Number: 19\ Question\ Id: 86435114718\ Question\ Type: MCQ\ Option\ Shuffling: No\ Is\ Question\ Mandatory: No\ Shuffling: No\ Sh$

Organisms present in the marine environment are called

- 1. Acidophiles
- 2. Neutrophiles
- 3. Osmophiles
- 4. Halophiles

Options:

86435149641.1

86435149642. 2

86435149643.3

86435149644. 4

Question Number: 20 Question Id: 86435114719 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which of the following enzyme catalyzes the decomposition of H₂O₂?

- 1. Superoxide dismutase
- 2. Catalase
- 3. Heme oxygenase
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149645. 1

86435149646. 2

86435149647. 3

86435149648.4

Question Number: 21 Question Id: 86435114720 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Which one of the following types of organisms uses sunlight as its source of energy and gets carbon from organic compounds?

- 1. Photoautotrophs
- 2. Photoheterotrophs
- 3. Chemoheterotrophs
- 4. Chemoautotrophs

Options:

86435149649.1

86435149650. 2

86435149651.3

86435149652.4

Question Number: 22 Question Id: 86435114721 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which one of the following depends on the dead and decaying matter for their energy?

- 1. Nitrifiers
- 2. Parasites
- 3. Saprophytes
- 4. Symbiotic bacteria

Options:

86435149653.1

86435149654. 2

86435149655.3

86435149656.4

Question Number: 23 Question Id: 86435114722 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Which among the following is/are example(s) of active transport?

- 1. Antiport
- 2. Symport
- 3. Exocytosis and Endocytosis
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149657. 1

86435149658. 2

86435149659. 3

86435149660.4

Question Number: 24 Question Id: 86435114723 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

What does ABC stand for in ABC transporters?

- 1. ATP- binding cassettes
- 2. Antiport binding cassettes
- 3. ATP binding domain
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149661.1

86435149662. 2

86435149663.3

86435149664.4

Question Number: 25 Question Id: 86435114724 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Facilitated diffusion moves substances across the membrane with the aid of

- 1. Membrane proteins
- 2. Concentration gradient
- 3. Energy
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149665.1

86435149666. 2

86435149667.3

86435149668.4

Question Number: 26 Question Id: 86435114725 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which one of the following types of transport is involved in nerve signalling?

- 1. Passive diffusion
- 2. Simple diffusion
- 3. Sodium-potassium pump
- 4. Osmosis

Options:

86435149669.1

86435149670. 2

86435149671.3

86435149672.4

Question Number: 27 Question Id: 86435114726 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Active transport requires the use of:

- 1. Carbon dioxide
- 2. Energy
- 3. Concentration gradient
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149673.1

86435149674. 2

86435149675.3

86435149676.4

Question Number: 28 Question Id: 86435114727 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which cellular glycoprotein is involved in the uptake of iron in bacteria?

- 1. Lactoferrin
- 2. Transferrin
- 3. Both options 1 and 2
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149677.1

86435149678. 2

86435149679.3

86435149680.4

Question Number: 29 Question Id: 86435114728 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Which one of the following is the specialized bacterial protein capable of acquiring heme?

- 1. Haemolysin
- 2. Cytolysins
- 3. Hemophores
- 4. Siderophores

Options:

86435149681.1

86435149682. 2

86435149683.3

86435149684.4

Question Number: 30 Question Id: 86435114729 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Why are sugars like glucose phosphorylated by PTS while taking it into cells?

- 1. To make sugars energy-rich
- 2. To make the transfer expensive
- 3. To prevent sugars' leakage into the extracellular fluid or the cell's exterior
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149685.1

86435149686. 2

86435149687. 3

86435149688.4

Question Number: 31 Question Id: 86435114730 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Which of the following is water soluble pigment?

- 1. Chl a
- 2. Chl b
- 3. Carotenoids
- 4. Phycobilins

Options:

86435149689. 1

86435149690. 2

86435149691.3

86435149692.4

Question Number: 32 Question Id: 86435114731 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

To a higher extent, Chlorophyll has the ability to absorb light with wavelengths which are

- 1. Blue-red
- 2. Green-violet
- 3. Yellow-green
- 4. Yellow-blue

Options:

86435149693.1

86435149694. 2

86435149695.3

86435149696.4

Question Number: 33 Question Id: 86435114732 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Chemosynthetic bacteria obtain energy from

- 1. Sun light
- 2. Infra red rays
- 3. Organic substances
- 4. Inorganic chemicals

Options:

86435149697.1

86435149698. 2

86435149699.3

86435149700.4

Question Number: 34 Question Id: 86435114733 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Energy required for ATP synthesis in PSII comes from

- 1. Proton gradient
- 2. Electron gradient
- 3. Reduction of glucose
- 4. Oxidation of glucose

Options:

86435149701.1

86435149702. 2

86435149703.3

86435149704.4

Question Number: 35 Question Id: 86435114734 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Splitting of water is associated with

- 1. Photosystem I
- 2. Lumen of thylakoid
- 3. Both Photosystem I and II
- 4. Inner surface of thylakoid membrane

Options:

86435149705. 1

86435149706. 2

86435149707.3

86435149708.4

Question Number: 36 Question Id: 86435114735 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which pathway is involved in the fixation of CO₂ in Green sulfur bacteria?

- 1. Reverse electron flow
- 2. Citric acid cycle
- 3. Calvin cycle
- 4. Reverse citric acid cycle

Options:

86435149709. 1

86435149710. 2

86435149711.3

86435149712.4

Question Number: 37 Question Id: 86435114736 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Which is the first C_4 carbon compound produced in C_4 pathway?

- 1. Phophoenol pyruvate
- 2. Oxaloacetic acid
- 3. Fumarate
- 4. Xylulose

Options:

86435149713.1

86435149714. 2

86435149715.3

86435149716.4

Question Number: 38 Question Id: 86435114737 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which one of the following is known as a Hatch-Slack pathway?

- 1. C₂
- 2. C₃
- 3. C₄
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149717. 1

86435149718. 2

86435149719. 3

86435149720.4

Question Number: 39 Question Id: 86435114738 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Which.	and of the	o following	ic tho	alactron	donorin	ovuganic	nhoton	hachhan	dation?
VVIIICII	one or the	e following	12 file	election	donor in	oxygenic	priotop	HOSPHOLY	/lation:

- 1. H₂S
- 2. Fe²⁺
- 3. O₂
- 4. H₂O

Options:

86435149721.1

86435149722. 2

86435149723.3

86435149724.4

Question Number: 40 Question Id: 86435114739 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which of the following is/are the electron donor(s) in purple sulfur bacteria?

- 1. Sulfide
- 2. Thiosulfate
- 3. Ferrous iron
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149725.1

86435149726. 2

86435149727.3

86435149728.4

Question Number: 41 Question Id: 86435114740 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Mixotrophs are defined as the group of organisms which

- 1. Grow using both organic compounds and light as carbon and energy sources, respectively
- 2. Grow using both inorganic compounds and light as carbon and energy sources, respectively
- Grow using both organic and inorganic compounds as carbon and energy sources, respectively
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149729.1

86435149730. 2

86435149731.3

86435149732. 4

Question Number: 42 Question Id: 86435114741 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Soluble hydrogenase and particulate hydrogenase are involved in which of the following processes, respectively?

- Reducing NADP and Transfer of electron from hydrogen to coenzyme Q through electron transport chain leading to generation of ATP
- 2. Transfer of electron from hydrogen to coenzyme Q through electron transport chain leading to generation of ATP and Reducing NADP
- Reducing FAD and Transfer of electron from hydrogen to FAD through electron transport chain leading to generation of ATP
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149733.1

86435149734. 2

86435149735.3

Question Number: 43 Question Id: 86435114742 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Photolithotrophic anaerobes are observed in

- 1. Anoxic water layers
- 2. Stratified meromictic lakes
- 3. Brackish lagoons
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149737.1

86435149738. 2

86435149739.3

86435149740.4

Question Number: 44 Question Id: 86435114743 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Pelodictyon, Chlorobium, Clathrochloris, Chlorobacterium and Chloropseudomonas are the common genera observed in

- 1. Green sulfur bacteria
- 2. Green non sulfur bacteria
- 3. Purple sulfur bacteria
- 4. Purple non sulfur bacteria

Options:

86435149741.1

86435149742. 2

86435149743.3

Question Number: 45 Question Id: 86435114744 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which of the following generate sulphide by reducing sulphate?

- 1. Desulfococcus
- 2. Desulfomonas
- 3. Desulfosarcina
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149745.1

86435149746. 2

86435149747. 3

86435149748.4

Question Number: 46 Question Id: 86435114745 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Reverse electron flow is associated with

- 1. Reduction of NAD to NADH
- 2. Oxidation of NADH to NAD
- 3. Reduction of oxygen
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149749. 1

86435149750. 2

86435149751.3

86435149752.4

Question Number: 47 Question Id: 86435114746 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Which is the group of bacteria having the ability to use single carbon (C₁) compounds such as methanol or methane or multi carbon compounds such as dimethyl ether and dimethylamine as the sole energy and carbon source for their growth?

- 1. Methylotrophs
- 2. Methanogens
- 3. Methanotrophs
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149753. 1

86435149754. 2

86435149755.3

86435149756.4

Question Number: 48 Question Id: 86435114747 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which of the following is correct match for the example for Type I and II methanotrophs with the specific pathway used for carbon fixation respectively?

- 1. Alphaproteobacteria; RuMP pathway and Gammoproteobacteria; serine pathway
- 2. Gammoproteobacteria; RuMP pathway and Alphaproteobacteria; serine pathway
- 3. Alphaproteobacteria; reverse TCA and Gammoproteobacteria; RuMP pathway
- 4. Gammoproteobacteria; reverse TCA cycle and Alphaproteobacteria; Serine pathway

Options:

86435149757.1

86435149758. 2

86435149759. 3

Question Number: 49 Question Id: 86435114748 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which one of the following is an extreme halophiles?

- 1. Pseudomonas aeruginosa
- 2. Halobacterium salinarum
- 3. Bacillus hunanensis
- 4. Escherichia coli

Options:

86435149761.1

86435149762. 2

86435149763.3

86435149764.4

Question Number: 50 Question Id: 86435114749 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Due to lack of oxygen, which one of the following mechanisms is used by the halophiles to synthesize ATP?

- 1. Substrate level phosphorylation
- 2. Oxidative phosphorylation
- 3. Photophosphorylation
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149765.1

86435149766. 2

86435149767.3

86435149768.4

Question Number: 51 Question Id: 86435114750 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which of the following is used as osmolyte by halophiles?

- 1. Betaine and ectoine
- 2. Hydroxyectoine, glutamine
- 3. Sucrose and glycine betaine
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149769.1

86435149770. 2

86435149771.3

86435149772.4

Question Number: 52 Question Id: 86435114751 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Lactobacillus produce which one of the following from glucose in the process of fermentation?

- 1. Palmitic acid
- 2. Acetic acid
- 3. Lactic acid
- 4. Citric acid

Options:

86435149773.1

86435149774. 2

86435149775.3

86435149776.4

Question Number: 53 Question Id: 86435114752 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Propionibacterium is used in the production of

- 1. Cottage cheese
- 2. Swiss cheese
- 3. Blue cheese
- 4. Feta

Options:

86435149777.1

86435149778. 2

86435149779.3

86435149780.4

Question Number: 54 Question Id: 86435114753 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

In pentose phosphate pathway, the major products are

- 1. Ribulose and NADPH
- 2. Ribulose and FADH
- 3. Pyruvate and FAD+
- 4. Pyruvate and ATP

Options:

86435149781.1

86435149782. 2

86435149783.3

86435149784. 4

Question Number: 55 Question Id: 86435114754 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

What does phosphogluconic acid yield after undergoing dehydration?

- 1. 6-Phosphoglucanolactone
- 2. 2-Keto-3-Deoxy-6-Phosphoglucanate
- 3. Glyceraldehyde 3 Phosphate
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149785.1

86435149786. 2

86435149787.3

86435149788.4

Question Number: 56 Question Id: 86435114755 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which one of the following is the allosteric inhibitor of glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase, the key regulatory enzyme in the pentose phosphate pathway?

- 1. NAD
- 2. NADPH/NADP ratio
- 3. FADH
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149789.1

86435149790. 2

86435149791.3

86435149792.4

Question Number: 57 Question Id: 86435114756 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Fill	lin	+h	0	h	an	L
LIII	1.111	u	10	U	an	κ

TCA Cycle is a/an _____ pathway.

- 1. Assimilative
- 2. Anabolic
- 3. Amphibolic
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149793.1

86435149794. 2

86435149795.3

86435149796.4

Question Number: 58 Question Id: 86435114757 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which of the following is the co-factor of pyruvate dehydrogenase complex?

- 1. Thiamine pyrophosphate
- 2. Lipoic acid
- 3. Flavin Adenine Dinucleotide
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149797. 1

86435149798. 2

86435149799.3

86435149800.4

Question Number: 59 Question Id: 86435114758 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Which one of the following inhibitors binds between Fe-S protein and Ubiquinone?

- 1. Carbon monoxide
- 2. Barbiturates
- 3. Dimercaprol
- 4. Piericidin A

Options:

86435149801.1

86435149802. 2

86435149803.3

86435149804.4

Question Number: 60 Question Id: 86435114759 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which of the following is/are inhibitor(s) of the electron transport chain?

- 1. Rotenone
- 2. Rutamycin
- 3. Cyanide
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149805.1

86435149806. 2

86435149807. 3

86435149808.4

Question Number: 61 Question Id: 86435114760 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Chemiosmotic theory explains

- 1. Production of ATP
- 2. Production of reductant
- 3. Hydrolysis of water
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149809. 1

86435149810. 2

86435149811.3

86435149812.4

Question Number: 62 Question Id: 86435114761 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Match the Column A microorganisms with products formed in Column B using pyruvate

Column A	Column B		
Microorganisms	Products		
A. Saccharomyces cerevisiae	I. Lactic acid		
B. Streptococcus and Lactobacillus	II. Butyric acid, acetone, isopropanol and butanol		
C. Clostridium	III. CO ₂ and ethanol		
D. E. coli	IV. Hydrogen, lactic acid, ethanol, acetic acid, carbon dioxide and formic acid		

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

1. A - I, B - II, C - IV, D - III

2. A - III, B - I, C - II, D - IV

3. A - III, B - II, C - I, D - IV

4. A - III, B - IV, C - II, D - I

Options:

86435149813. 1

86435149814. 2

86435149815. 3

86435149816.4

Question Number: 63 Question Id: 86435114762 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Alanine Transaminase is involved in transmination reaction resulting in the formation of

- 1. Pyruvate and α-ketoglutarate
- 2. α-ketoglutarate and L-glutamate
- 3. L-glutamate and pyruvate
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149817. 1

86435149818. 2

86435149819. 3

86435149820.4

Question Number: 64 Question Id: 86435114763 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Oxford Dictionary defines alcohol as a "colorless volatile flammable liquid" that is produced by the natural fermentation of sugars and is the intoxicating constituent of wine, beer, spirits, and other drinks. This is also used as

- 1. Clean-burning fuel
- 2. Chemical in the form of antiseptic and disinfectant
- 3. Solvent in synthesis of organic compounds
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149821.1

86435149822. 2

86435149823.3

86435149824. 4

Question Number: 65 Question Id: 86435114764 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

During alcoholic fermentation a mole of glucose is converted into

- 1. Two moles of ethanol, two moles of Carbon dioxide and two moles of ATP
- 2. Two moles of ethanol and two moles of ATP
- 3. Two moles of ethanol, two moles of Carbon dioxide and four ATP
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149825. 1

86435149826. 2

86435149827.3

86435149828.4

Question Number: 66 Question Id: 86435114765 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Pyruvate decarboxylase converts pyruvate to

- 1. Ethanol and Carbon dioxide
- 2. Acetaldehyde and Carbon dioxide
- 3. Methanol and Carbon dioxide
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149829. 1

86435149830. 2

86435149831.3

86435149832.4

Question Number: 67 Question Id: 86435114766 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Which among the following is a homofermentative lactic acid bacteria?

- 1. Lactobacillus
- 2. Pediococcus
- 3. Enterococcus
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149833.1

86435149834. 2

86435149835.3

86435149836.4

Question Number: 68 Question Id: 86435114767 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Correct Marks . 1 Wrong Marks . 0

Name the product obtained from dehydrogenation of one mole of glucose-6-phosphate in phosphoketolase pathway

- 1. Ribulose-5-phosphate
- 2. Xylulose-5-phosphate
- 3. 6-phosphogluconate
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149837. 1

86435149838. 2

86435149839.3

86435149840.4

Question Number: 69 Question Id: 86435114768 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Which among the following is the best example for branched fermentation pathway?

- 1. Acetate-butyrate fermentation
- 2. Ethanol fermentation
- 3. Homolactic fermentation
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149841.1

86435149842. 2

86435149843.3

86435149844. 4

Question Number: 70 Question Id: 86435114769 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Pyruvate is decarboxylated to acetaldehyde, which is used as the electron acceptor. Which of the following serves as a source of electron donor?

- 1. FADH
- 2. FADPH
- 3. NADH
- 4. NADPH

Options:

86435149845.1

86435149846. 2

86435149847.3

86435149848. 4

Question Number: 71 Question Id: 86435114770 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Phosphoroclastic reaction is catalysed by

- 1. Pyruvate dehydrogenase
- 2. Pyruvate ferredoxin oxidoreductase
- 3. Pyruvate decarboxylase
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149849.1

86435149850. 2

86435149851.3

86435149852.4

Question Number: 72 Question Id: 86435114771 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Lactase is an enzyme that is involved in the hydrolysis of

1. β-1-4 glycosidic linkages

2. β-1-6 glycosidic linkages

3. α-1-6 glycosidic linkages

4. None of the above

Options:

86435149853.1

86435149854. 2

86435149855.3

86435149856.4

Question Number: 73 Question Id: 86435114772 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Lactose intolerance is associated with

- 1. Celiac disease
- 2. Crohn disease
- 3. Enteropathies
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149857. 1

86435149858. 2

86435149859. 3

86435149860.4

Question Number: 74 Question Id: 86435114773 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

The sugar D-(β)-maltose is a glucoside consisting of

- 1. Two glucose monomers
- 2. Two galactose monomers
- 3. One glucose and one galactose monomer
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149861.1

86435149862. 2

86435149863.3

86435149864.4

Question Number: 75 Question Id: 86435114774 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Which among the following are sugar alcohols?

- 1. Polyhydric alcohols
- 2. Polyalcohols
- 3. Alditols or glycitols
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149865. 1

86435149866. 2

86435149867.3

86435149868.4

Question Number: 76 Question Id: 86435114775 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which sugar among the following is often used as a sweetener in diabetic food whose calorific value is expected to be low, as it is poorly absorbed from the intestine?

- 1. Glucose
- 2. Fructose
- 3. Mannitol
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149869.1

86435149870. 2

86435149871.3

86435149872.4

Question Number: 77 Question Id: 86435114776 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Cellulose is a polysaccharide carbohydrate composed of a long linear chain of

- 1. Galactose
- 2. Fructose
- 3. Glucose
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149873.1

86435149874. 2

86435149875.3

86435149876.4

Question Number: 78 Question Id: 86435114777 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which of the following sugars contain the backbone chain glucose residues linked together through α -1-4 glycosidic linkages and the branched chain glucose residues are linked together through α -1-6 glycosidic linkages?

- 1. Starch
- 2. Cellulose
- 3. Cellobiose
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149877.1

86435149878. 2

86435149879.3

86435149880.4

Question Number: 79 Question Id: 86435114778 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

In humans, glycogen is stored in

- 1. Liver
- 2. Kidneys
- 3. Skeletal muscle
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149881.1

86435149882. 2

86435149883.3

86435149884.4

Question Number: 80 Question Id: 86435114779 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which generation of biofuel production involves metabolic engineering of microorganisms as synthetic living factories and designer microorganisms?

- 1. First generation
- 2. Second generation
- 3. Third generation
- 4. Fourth generation

Options:

86435149885.1

86435149886. 2

86435149887.3

86435149888.4

Question Number: 81 Question Id: 86435114780 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

During pre-treatment, which process is involved in reducing the size of lignocellulosic material?

- 1. Physical
- 2. Chemical
- 3. Biological
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149889. 1

86435149890. 2

86435149891.3

86435149892.4

Question Number: 82 Question Id: 86435114781 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Peroxidase and laccase enzymes oxidize the following substrate

- 1. Glucose
- 2. Lignin
- 3. Glycogen
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149893.1

86435149894. 2

86435149895.3

86435149896.4

Question Number: 83 Question Id: 86435114782 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Which one of the following methods is used in nitrogen fixation in industries?

- 1. Haber-Bosch process
- 2. Lightning
- 3. Biological nitrogen fixation
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149897. 1

86435149898. 2

86435149899. 3

86435149900.4

Question Number: 84 Question Id: 86435114783 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

In which reaction do anaerobic chemolithotrophs use ammonium ion (NH_4^+) as an electron donor and directly convert it into molecular nitrogen (N_2) ?

- 1. Anammox reaction
- 2. Redox reaction
- 3. Ammonification
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149901.1

86435149902. 2

86435149903.3

86435149904.4

Question Number: 85 Question Id: 86435114784 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Which water fern is in symbiosis with cyanobacteria such as Anabaena?

- 1. Duck weed
- 2. Azolla
- 3. Water letuce
- 4. Salvinia

Options:

86435149905.1

86435149906. 2

86435149907. 3

86435149908.4

Question Number: 86 Question Id: 86435114785 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Actively dividing rhizobia in leguminous roots are called

- 1. Peribacteroid
- 2. Bacteriocin
- 3. Endosymbiont
- 4. Bacteroid

Options:

86435149909.1

86435149910. 2

86435149911.3

86435149912.4

Question Number: 87 Question Id: 86435114786 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Which form of carbon source is supplied to bacteroids in symbiosis?

- 1. Ketones
- 2. Aldehydes
- 3. Carboxylic acids
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149913. 1

86435149914. 2

86435149915.3

86435149916.4

Question Number: 88 Question Id: 86435114787 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which one of the following is NOT an aromatic amino acid?

- 1. Phenylalanine
- 2. Tyrosine
- 3. Tryptophan
- 4. Leucine

Options:

86435149917.1

86435149918. 2

86435149919.3

86435149920.4

Question Number: 89 Question Id: 86435114788 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Which amino acid acts as the precursor of nucleotide biosynthesis?

- 1. Aspartate
- 2. Glycine
- 3. Glutamine
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149921.1

86435149922. 2

86435149923. 3

86435149924.4

Question Number: 90 Question Id: 86435114789 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which of the following does not belong to α -ketoglutarate family?

- 1. Threonine
- 2. Glutamine
- 3. Proline
- 4. Arginine

Options:

86435149925.1

86435149926. 2

86435149927. 3

86435149928.4

Question Number: 91 Question Id: 86435114790 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

What does tryptophan pyrrolase do?

- 1. Cleaves the indole ring of tryptophan
- 2. Hydrolases the tryptophan
- 3. Reduces the indole ring of tryptophan
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149929. 1

86435149930. 2

86435149931.3

86435149932.4

Question Number: 92 Question Id: 86435114791 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Which one of the following processes does NOT occur in phenylketonuria?

- 1. Formation of urea
- 2. Conversion of tyrosine to phenylalanine
- 3. Conversion phenylalanine to tyrosine
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149933.1

86435149934. 2

86435149935.3

86435149936.4

Question Number: 93 Question Id: 86435114792 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Which statement is NOT true with reference to Reactive Oxygen Species (ROS)?

- They are produced during electron transport chain associated with oxygen as an electron acceptor.
- 2. ROS plays an important role in cell signalling.
- 3. Exposure to ionizing radiations such as X-rays, Gamma rays will lead to production of ROS.
- 4. It is not a intra and intercellular messenger.

Options:

86435149937. 1

86435149938. 2

86435149939. 3

86435149940.4

Question Number: 94 Question Id: 86435114793 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Fenton reaction generates

- 1. Hydroxyl ions
- 2. Peroxynitrites
- 3. Superoxide
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149941.1

86435149942. 2

86435149943.3

86435149944. 4

Question Number: 95 Question Id: 86435114794 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Decimal Reduction Time is performed to assess

- 1. Effect of temperature on microbial growth
- 2. Effect of salt on microbial growth
- 3. Effect of solute on microbial growth
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149945.1

86435149946. 2

86435149947. 3

86435149948.4

Question Number: 96 Question Id: 86435114795 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

rpoH locus is responsible for synthesis of sigma factor with a molecular weight of

- 1. 28 kDa
- 2.70 kDa
- 3. 32 kDa
- 4. 54 kDa

Options:

86435149949.1

86435149950. 2

86435149951.3

86435149952. 4

Question Number: 97 Question Id: 86435114796 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

The core enzyme of the RNA polymerase in prokaryote comprises

- 1. αββ'
- 2. αββ'σ
- 3. $\alpha_2\beta\beta'\rho$
- 4. ααββ'

Options:

86435149953.1

86435149954. 2

86435149955.3

86435149956.4

Question Number: 98 Question Id: 86435114797 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

Long term starvation of the microbial cells leads to accumulation of ppGpp, which stands for

- 1. Guanosine 3',5'-bisphosphate
- 2. Guanosine3' tetraphosphate
- 3. Guanosine 5' tetraphosphate
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149957. 1

86435149958. 2

86435149959. 3

86435149960.4

Question Number: 99 Question Id: 86435114798 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Which of the following statement(s) is correct with reference to starvation stress?

- 1. Amount and types of lipid are altered in the inner membrane
- 2. Cells become smaller
- 3. Number of ribosomes are reduced
- 4. All of the above

Options:

86435149961.1

86435149962. 2

86435149963.3

86435149964.4

Question Number: 100 Question Id: 86435114799 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: No Is Question Mandatory: No

Correct Marks: 1 Wrong Marks: 0

E. coli uses different pathways for aerobic and anaerobic electron flow. In aerobic conditions, they are known to activate two distinct operons coding for cytochrome which are

- 1. Nar L and Nar P
- 2. Cyo and Cyd
- 3. Dms and frd
- 4. None of the above

Options:

86435149965. 1

86435149966. 2

86435149967.3

86435149968. 4