

PREVIEW QUESTION BANK

Module Name : ugc24-ge01 History of Indian Buddhism-ENG
Exam Date : 18-May-2024 Batch : 09:00-12:00

Sr. No.	Client Question ID	Question Body and Alternatives	Marks	Negative Marks
Objective Question				
1	13231001	<p>Anāthapiṇḍika was a merchant-banker from</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Rājagaha 2. Sāvattihī 3. Bārānasī 4. Kosambī <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00
Objective Question				
2	13231002	<p>How many Mahājanapadas are mentioned in early Pāli texts?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. 16 2. 18 3. 24 4. 32 <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00
Objective Question				
3	13231003	<p>The Buddha was conceived by Māyā on the full-moon night of</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Vesākha 2. Asāḷha 3. Jetha 4. Phagguna <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p>	2.0	0.00

A3 : 3

A4 : 4

Objective Question

4 13231004

The Licchavis had their headquarter at

1. Pāṭaliputta
2. Vesālī
3. Rāmagāma
4. Kapilavatthu

A1 : 1

A2 : 2

A3 : 3

A4 : 4

2.0

0.00

Objective Question

5 13231005

Which rule of the Vinaya prohibits drinking of intoxicants?

1. Pācittiya 31
2. Pācittiya 35
3. Pācittiya 51
4. Nissaggiya-Pācittiya 18

A1 : 1

A2 : 2

A3 : 3

A4 : 4

2.0

0.00

Objective Question

6 13231006

Which of the following texts particularly deals with the biography of the Buddha?

1. Dhammapada
2. Buddhavaṃsa
3. Nidānakathā
4. Divyāvadāna

A1 : 1

A2 : 2

2.0

0.00

A3 : 3

A4 : 4

Objective Question

7	13231007	How many female bodhisattvas are mentioned in the Jātaka text of the Khuddakapāṭha?	2.0	0.00
		1. One		
		2. Two		
		3. Three		
		4. None		
		A1 : 1		
		A2 : 2		
		A3 : 3		
		A4 : 4		

Objective Question

8	13231008	The Buddha had left home on the full-moon night of	2.0	0.00
		1. Vesākha		
		2. Phagguna		
		3. Jetha		
		4. Asāḷha		
		A1 : 1		
		A2 : 2		
		A3 : 3		
		A4 : 4		

Objective Question

9	13231009	Who is the author of Xiyuji?	2.0	0.00
		1. Faxian		
		2. Yijing		
		3. Sunyung		
		4. Xuanzang		
		A1 : 1		
		A2 : 2		
		A3 : 3		

		A4 : 4		
Objective Question				
10	13231010	<p>It has been sometimes suggested that with the onset of the decline of urbanization, the situation developed completely to the _____ of Buddhism.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Disadvantage 2. Advantage 3. Full blown prosperity 4. Popularity <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00
Objective Question				
11	13231011	<p>With regard to yajñas (sacrifices), it may be said that the Buddha opposed</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Those that were performed by brāhmaṇas. 2. Those that last for three days 3. Those that were performed in day time 4. Only those sacrifices in which animals were slaughtered <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00
Objective Question				
12	13231012	<p>Historical records indicate that visits to the Mahābodhi Tree by the followers of the Buddha appear to have begun during</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. His own lifetime. 2. The Mauryan period. 3. The Śuṅga period 4. The Gupta period. <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00

Objective Question

13	13231013	<p>The Hindus venerate the Mahābodhi Tree because they perform their fourth day's ritual of _____ under it.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Tree worship 2. Piṇḍadāna 3. Fasting 4. Rāmanavmī <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00
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Objective Question

14	13231014	<p>As mentioned in the Vinaya Piṭaka, the Buddha is said to have said that the entry of women would cut the life-span of the Saṃgha to</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A quarter 2. Half 3. Two-third 4. One-third <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00
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Objective Question

15	13231015	<p>Who has suggested that "acts of temple desecration typically occurred on the cutting edge of a moving military frontier?"</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Hanbans Mukhia 2. Muhammad Habib 3. Irfan Habib 4. Richard Eaton <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00
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Objective Question

16	13231016	<p>The Śūnya Purāṇa is a sacred book of</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Tantrayāna 2. The Dharma cult 3. Of the Mahāsamghikas 4. The Sammitīyas <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00
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Objective Question

17	13231017	<p>In which text is the following statement made about the attack of Bakhtiyar Khilji on Nālandā? "smoke from the burning manuscripts hung for days like a dark pall over the low hills."</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Tabaqat-i-Nasiri 2. Chachnānah 3. Mahjarnāmah 4. Tajuk-i-Hind <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00
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Objective Question

18	13231018	<p>According to Xuanzang, King Aśoka had built _____ at the spot of the Buddha's Enlightenment.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A towered temple 2. A small shrine 3. A vihāra 4. A rest house <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00
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Objective Question

19	13231019	<p>Which text of the Khuddaka Nikāya talks about twenty-four Buddhas</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Jātaka 2. The Buddhavaṃsa 3. The Sutta-Nipāta 4. The Theragāthā <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00
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Objective Question

20	13231020	<p>Initially, Ānanda was not invited by Mahākassapa to the First Buddhist Council because he had not become</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A Sotāpanna 2. A Sakadagāmin 3. An Anāgāmin 4. An Arahant <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00
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Objective Question

21	13231021		2.0	0.00
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Which king was the patron of the First Buddhist Council?

1. Ajātasattu
2. Bimbisāra
3. Kāḷāsoka
4. Aśoka

A1 : 1

A2 : 2

A3 : 3

A4 : 4

Objective Question

22	13231022	<p>Who among the following has argued that though it cannot be denied that the Buddhists worked to undermine the brāhmaṇas' clientele, they were far from "reconstructing the edifice of Hindu society according to new plans; if they worked at replacing the roof, they never gave a thought to changing the foundations"?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. T.W. Rhys Davids 2. B.G. Gokhale 3. Célestin Bouglé 4. I.B. Horner <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00
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Objective Question

23	13231023	<p>Which of the following communities was not treated as an outcaste (caṇḍāla) at the time of the Buddha</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. rathakār 2. śūdra 3. veṇa 4. neśāda <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00
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Objective Question

24	13231024	<p>Who among the following has suggested that "[t]here was in fact nothing substantial in the Buddhist clerical order which could ruin the entire caste system"?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. T.W. Rhys Davids 2. B.G. Gokhale 3. Célestin Bouglé 4. Émile Senart <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00
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Objective Question

25	13231025	<p>Which of the following communities was treated as an outcaste (caṇḍāla) at the time of the Buddha</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. nesāda, rathakāra, veṇa 2. śūdra, pukkusa, chapaka 3. pukkusa, veṇa, jaṭila 4. śūdra, neśāda, rathakāra <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00
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Objective Question

26	13231026	<p>According to the Therīgāthā, after hearing the Dhamma from the Buddha, women such as Khemā, Sujātā, Kisā-Gotamī, Sāmā, Mutṭā, and Cittā are said to have become</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Sotapannā 2. Sakadagāminī 3. Anāgāminī 4. Arahant <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00
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Objective Question

27	13231027	<p>The Rule of Tikotiṭṭhā allows monks to accept _____ for eating under certain conditions.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Curd 2. Meat 3. Leftover food 4. Stale food <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00
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Objective Question

28	13231028	<p>As per the Pāli Canon _____ was the Buddha's last meal.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Sūkaramaddava. 2. Sūkaramamsa. 3. Paṇitabhajana 4. Gavapāna <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00
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Objective Question

29	13231029	<p>The Buddhists believe that the following provides a link when a being passes from one life to another life</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ātman/Āttā 2. Saṃkhārā/Samskāra 3. Karma 4. Brahman <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00
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Objective Question

30	13231030		2.0	0.00
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The root that holds all the kilesas/kleśas together is

1. Trṣṇā/Taṇhā
2. Duḥkha/Dukkha
3. Prajñā/paññā
4. Avidyā/avijjā

A1 : 1

A2 : 2

A3 : 3

A4 : 4

Objective Question

31	13231031	Rāga, dosa/dveśa, and moha are the most basic	2.0	0.00
		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Skandhas/Khandhas 2. Kleśas/Kilesas 3. Nīvaraṇas 4. Dhārāṇīs 		
		A1 : 1		
		A2 : 2		
		A3 : 3		
		A4 : 4		

Objective Question

32	13231032	Of the eight-organs of the Eightfold Path, which three constitute śīla (moral conduct)	2.0	0.00
		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Sammā vācā, sammā kammanta, sammā ājīva 2. Sammā samādhi, sammā kammanta, sammā ājīva 3. Sammā vācā, sammā vāyāma, sammā ājīva 4. Sammā vācā, sammā kammanta, sammā sati 		
		A1 : 1		
		A2 : 2		
		A3 : 3		
		A4 : 4		

Objective Question

33	13231033		2.0	0.00
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Buddhism believes that only the following one is unconstituted (asamskrta)

1. Nirvāṇa
2. Devaloka
3. Heavenly bodies
4. Brahmā

A1 : 1

A2 : 2

A3 : 3

A4 : 4

Objective Question

34 13231034 2.0 0.00

There is nothing that exists independently, except the state of

1. Nirvāṇa
2. Devaloka
3. Consciousness
4. Bardo

A1 : 1

A2 : 2

A3 : 3

A4 : 4

Objective Question

35 13231035 2.0 0.00

As per the Theravādin Vinaya, monks are allowed to

1. Eat meals in the evenings
2. Accept gold and silver as donations
3. Disrobe temporarily
4. Accept invitations for lunch

A1 : 1

A2 : 2

A3 : 3

A4 : 4

Objective Question

36 13231036 2.0 0.00

Which scholar has suggested that the prophesy of the Dhamma declining in 500 years after the entry of women into the Saṃgha was the handiwork of the monks?

1. I.B. Horner
2. A.S. Altekar
3. G.C. Pande
4. T.W.D. Rhys Davids

A1 : 1

A2 : 2

A3 : 3

A4 : 4

Objective Question

37	13231037	<p>The Mahābodhi Tree received its name from the fact that the Buddha had</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Attained Enlightenment at its root. 2. Given his first sermon here. 3. Planted it. 4. Received milk-rice from Sujātā under it. <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00
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Objective Question

38	13231038	<p>The meaning of sāṣṭāṅg daṇḍa pradakṣiṇā is circumambulation by</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Prostration 2. Walking bare feet. 3. Anti-clock movement around the holy object. 4. Walking backwards. <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00
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Objective Question

39	13231039		2.0	0.00
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These four places, which became known as the Caturamahāprātihāryas (the Four Great Wonders), were

1. Kapilavastu, Rājagṛha, Nālandā, Kuśīnagara
2. Lumbinī, Uruvelā, Mrgadāva, Kuśīnagara
3. Kapilavastu, Uruvelā, Nālandā, Kuśīnagara
4. Kapilavastu, Rājagṛha, Saṃkāśya, Kuśīnagara

A1 : 1

A2 : 2

A3 : 3

A4 : 4

Objective Question

40	13231040	<p>The Rummindei Pillar of Aśoka is located at</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Piprahwā 2. Kapilavastu 3. Ganwaria 4. Lumbinī <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00
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Objective Question

41	13231041	<p>The seat of the Buddha's Enlightenment under the Mahābodhi Tree at Bodhgayā is known as</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Vajrāsana or the Diamond Throne 2. Buddhāsana or the Seat of Enlightenment 3. Buddhapāda or the Footprints of the Buddha 4. Dhammāsana or the Seat of the Dharma <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00
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Objective Question

42	13231042		2.0	0.00
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Which school of Art is considered the first Indigenous School of Art?

1. Mathurā School of Art
2. Gandhāra School of Art
3. Amravati School of Art
4. Vengi School of Art

A1 : 1

A2 : 2

A3 : 3

A4 : 4

Objective Question

43 13231043

Which dynasty is credited for the beginning of the Mathurā Buddhist School of Art?

1. Śuṅga dynasty
2. Mauryan Dynasty
3. Gupta Dynasty
4. Sātavāhana Dynasty

A1 : 1

A2 : 2

A3 : 3

A4 : 4

2.0 0.00

Objective Question

44 13231044

Which was the most important site of the Amaravati School of Art?

1. Goli
2. Nāgārjunakoṇḍā
3. Ghantasala
4. Vengi

A1 : 1

A2 : 2

A3 : 3

A4 : 4

2.0 0.00

Objective Question

45 13231045

2.0 0.00

Which Chinese monk visited India during the reigns of kings Harṣa and Śaśānka?

1. Faxian
2. Ijing
3. Xuanzang
4. La-Tze

A1 : 1

A2 : 2

A3 : 3

A4 : 4

Objective Question

46 13231046

By what name does Xuanzang refer to King Harṣavardhana?

1. Śīlāditya
2. Rājā Kumāra
3. Tian Zai
4. Āyu Wang

A1 : 1

A2 : 2

A3 : 3

A4 : 4

2.0 0.00

Objective Question

47 13231047

Where was the First Sermon delivered by the Buddha

1. Migadāya (Deer Park) near Bārāṇasī
2. Ghāṭ Assī near Bārāṇasī
3. Ambavana near Bārāṇasī
4. Gandhakuṭī near Bārāṇasī

A1 : 1

A2 : 2

A3 : 3

A4 : 4

2.0 0.00

Objective Question

48 13231048

2.0 0.00

According to the Dasaratha Jātaka, Lord Rāma's father Dasaratha died when Rāma was in his _____ year of exile.

1. First
2. Third
3. Seventh
4. Ninth

A1 : 1

A2 : 2

A3 : 3

A4 : 4

Objective Question

49	13231049	<p>Most popular date of the Buddha based on Long Chronology is</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. 483 BCE 2. 400 BCE 3. 383 BCE 4. 368 BCE <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00
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Objective Question

50	13231050	<p>What are the different names by which Sanchi is known?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Kākanādaboṭa 2. Vedisāgiri 3. Cetiyaḡiri 4. The aforementioned <p>A1 : 1</p> <p>A2 : 2</p> <p>A3 : 3</p> <p>A4 : 4</p>	2.0	0.00
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