PREVIEW QUESTION BANK

Module Name : nou24-ge21 Introduction to Climate Change-ENG Exam Date : 18-May-2024 Batch : 09:00-12:00

S: No		uestion	Question Body and Alternatives	Marks	Neg M	gative arks
Obj	ective Quest	ion				
1	12301001	State	ement (I): Weather comprises the day-to-day conditions of the atmosphere at any place. ement (II): Climate is the average state of the weather patterns over an area.		2.0	0.00
		1. Bo 2. Bo 3. Sta	th of the above statements, choose the <i>most appropriate</i> answer from the options given below. th Statement (I) and Statement (II) are true. th Statement (I) and Statement (II) are false. atement (I) is true but Statement (II) is false. atement (I) is false but Statement (II) is true.			
		A1:1 A2:2				
		A3:3				
		A4 : 4				
	ective Quest	ion				
	12301002	1. 14' 2. 16' 3. 15' 4. 13' A1:1 A2:2 A3:3	°C °C °C		2.0	0.00
	12301003				2.0	0.00

		India aspires to achieve carbon neutrality by the year 1. 2050 2. 2060 3. 2070 4. 2080 A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4		
L				
1=	bjective Ques	tion		
4	12301004	Identify the correct sequence of atmospheric layers. 1. Troposphere, mesosphere and thermosphere 2. Troposphere, stratosphere, mesosphere and thermosphere 3. Stratosphere, troposphere, mesosphere and thermosphere 4. Troposphere, mesosphere, ozonosphere and thermosphere	2.0	0.00
		A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4		
11=	bjective Ques	tion		
5	12301005	Given below are two statements, one is labelled as Assertion (A) and other one labelled as Reason (R). Assertion (A): In the stratosphere, the air temperature generally increases with height. Reason (R): The air in the stratosphere lacks turbulence. In light of the above statements, choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below. 1. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A). 2. Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A). 3. (A) is true but (R) is false. 4. (A) is false but (R) is true.	2.0	0.00

		A4:4		
01:				
	ective Questi	on	2.0	0.00
6	12301006	λ_{max} of insolation is	2.0	0.00
		1. 0.5 μm		
		2. 1.5 µm		
		3. 1.0 µm		
		4. 2.0 μm		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obi	ective Questi	on.		
	12301007	OII	2.0	0.00
	12501007	Which one of the following is not the natural drivers of climate change?		0.00
		1. Solar variability		
		2. Orbital variations		
		3. Volcanic eruptions		
		4. Land use changes		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		AJ.J		
		A4:4		
	ective Questi	on		
8	12301008		2.0	0.00
		refers to the amount of greenhouse gases emitted for every unit increase of GDP.		
		Greenhouse gases intensity		
		2. Emission intensity		
		3. Environmental Kuznets intensity		
		4. Ecological intensity		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		$oldsymbol{n} oldsymbol{arphi}$. $oldsymbol{arphi}$		
		A4:4		

	ective Questi	on		
9	12301009	Given below are two statements:	2.0	0.00
		Statement (I): Well mixed GHGs are mixed throughout the troposphere.		
		Statement (II): Well-mixed greenhouse gases include carbon dioxide, nitrous oxide, methane, sulphur hexafluoride.		
		In light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below.		
		Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are true.		
		2. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are false.		
		3. Statement (I) is true but Statement (II) is false.		
		4. Statement (I) is false but Statement (II) is true.		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A2.2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	ective Questi	on	11	11
10	12301010	Given below are two statements:	2.0	0.00
		Statement (I): In a warming climate, the atmospheric concentration of water vapour increases, which greatly increases the		
		greenhouse effect and leading to further warming.		
		Statement (II): Water vapour feedback is positive feedback.		
		In light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below.		
		Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are true. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are false.		
		Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are false. Statement (I) is true but Statement (II) is false.		
		4. Statement (I) is false but Statement (II) is true. 4. Statement (II) is false but Statement (III) is true.		
		4. Satement (i) is take but statement (ii) is true.		
		A1:1		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obi	ective Questi	on		
	12301011	The carboniferous period belongs to era.	2.0	0.00
		Proterozoic		
		2. Palaeozoic		
		3. Mesozoic		
		4. Cenozoic		

		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obj	ective Questi	on		<u> </u>
_	12301012	Given below are two statements, one is labelled as Assertion (A) and other one labelled as Reason (R).	2.0	0.00
		Assertion (A): The sediment deposits of near shore archaeological sites give information of the sea level changes.		
		Reason (R): Distinct layers of sediments are deposited in the near shore archaeological sites under marine to freshwater conditions.		
		In light of the above statements, choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below.		
		 Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A). Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A). (A) is true but (R) is false. (A) is false but (R) is true. 		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obi	ective Questi	on		
	12301013		2.0	0.00
		Given below are two statements:		
		Statement (I): Mass extinctions occurred during End Ordovician, End Devonian Permian/Triassic boundary, End Triassic and Cretaceous/Tertiary boundary.		
		Statement (II): The five great mass extinctions had been recorded in the Phanerozoic history of life.		
		In light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below.		
		 Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are true. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are false. Statement (I) is true but Statement (II) is false. Statement (I) is false but Statement (II) is true. 		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		

	Objective Question				
14	12301014	F 17 1 W F F 7 1 1	2.0	0.00	
		are formed due to the near surface evaporation of groundwater.			
		1. Evaporates			
		2. Calcretes			
		3. Varves			
		4. Stalagmite			
		4. Statistific			
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		12.2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
Obi	ective Quest	ion			
	12301015		2.0	0.00	
		are lithified glacial deposits.			
		A T00			
		1. Tillites			
		2. Eskers			
		3. Varves			
		4. Glacial Striae			
		A1:1			
		Al. I			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
		AT.T			
	ective Quest 12301016	ion	2.0	0.00	
10	12301010	is the maximum number of individuals of a population that a particular environment can support for an indefinite	2.0	0.00	
		period assuming no changes in environment.			
		ported december of the order of			
		Environmental capacity			
		2. Carrying capacity			
		3. Optimum population			
		4. Sustainable population			
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			

Obj	ective Quest	on Control of the Con		
17	12301017		2.0	0.00
		Given below are two statements, one is labelled as Assertion (A) and other one labelled as Reason (R).		
		Given below are two statements, one is labelled as Assertion (A) and other one labelled as Reason (R).		
		Assertion (A): The Urban Heat Island (UHI) effect is due to the increase in temperature in urban areas than near		
		surroundings by anthropogenic waste heat emissions.		
		Surroundings by untill opogetile waste float emissions.		
		Reason (R): The temperature of urban areas has increased due to direct heat generation from human activities, removal of		
		vegetation, construction of buildings, roads, pavement and other human transformations of the natural environment.		
		rogotation, construction of ballangs, rough, paromone and other name at an attended to the natural of the natur		
		In light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below.		
		1. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).		
		2. Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A).		
		3. (A) is true but (R) is false.		
		4. (A) is false but (R) is true.		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ohi	ective Quest	on		
	12301018	OII	2.0	0.00
10	12301016	The average temperature increases for 2081-2100 under RCP 4.5 scenario is	2.0	0.00
		1. 2.4 ⁰ C		
		2. 4.3 ⁰ C		
		3. 2.8 ^o C		
		4. 1.6°C		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ohi	ective Quest	on		
_	12301019		2.0	0.00
17	12301019	The average global mean sea level rise for 2081-2100 under RCP 2.6 scenario is	2.0	0.00
		1. 0.48 m		
		2. 0.63 m		
		3. 0.4 m		
		4. 0.2 m		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		

		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Oh	jective Questi	on		
	12301020		2.0	0.00
20	12301020	Between 1901 to 2010, the global mean sea level rose by	2.0	0.00
		1. 0.17 m		
		2. 0.19 m		
		3. 0.21 m		
		4. 0.23 m		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ob	jective Questi	on		
21	12301021		2.0	0.00
		is defined as ground including rock or soil, at or below the freezing point of water for two or more years.		
		1. Moraines		
		2. Glacial striae		
		3. Clathrate hydrates		
		4. Permafrost		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
L	<u></u>			
	jective Questi 12301022	on	2.0	0.00
122	12301022	Which one of the following is not the impact of melting glaciers?	2.0	0.00
		Loss of polar biodiversity		
		2. Glacial Lake outburst		
		Reduction in hydropower potential		
		Depletion of lakes and reservoirs		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		

		A4:4		
Obj	ective Questi	on	'	
23	12301023	is a tool for evaluating environmental effects from a product, process or activity throughout its lifetime. 1. Life cycle assessment 2. Life cycle analysis 3. Environmental Impact Assessment 4. Environmental Impact Analysis A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4	2.0	0.00
	ective Quest	on		
24	12301024	Social relationships aretype of capital. 1. Financial 2. Human 3. Physical 4. Social A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4	2.0	0.00
Ob	ective Questi	on		
	12301025	is an intervention to reduce the emissions sources or enhance the sinks of greenhouse gases. 1. Adaptation 2. Mitigation 3. Resilience 4. Coping strategy A1:1 A2:2 A3:3	2.0	0.00
		A4:4		

Ob	jective Quest	on		
26	12301026	Given below are two statements:	2.0	0.00
		Statement (I): Climate-resilient pathways aim to reduce climate change and its impacts.		
		Statement (II): Climate-resilient pathways ensure that effective risk management institutions, strategies, and choices can be identified, implemented, and sustained as an integrated part of development processes.		
		In light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below.		
		Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are true. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are false.		
		3. Statement (I) is true but Statement (II) is false. 3. Statement (II) is false.		
		Statement (I) is false but Statement (II) is true.		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ob	jective Quest	on		
27	12301027	Terrestrial carbon pool includes	2.0	0.00
		Terrestrial carbon poor includes		
		Oceanic and geological pool		
		Biotic and geological pool		
		3. Pedological and biotic pool		
		Oceanic, geological and pedological pool		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ob	jective Quest	on		
28	12301028		2.0	0.00
	II I		11	II

Given below are two statements: Statement (I): A refugee is someone who has left his or her country of origin and is unable or unwilling to return because of a serious threat to his or her life or freedom. Statement (II): Refugees are entitled to protection from forcible return to their country of origin (the principle of nonrefoulement) and have other rights and duties that are set out in the 1951 Convention. In light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below. 1. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are true. 2. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are false. 3. Statement (I) is true but Statement (II) is false. 4. Statement (I) is false but Statement (II) is true. A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4 Objective Question 2.0 0.00 29 12301029 Given below are two statements: Statement (I): UNFCCC and SDG 13 endeavour to strengthen and augment the resilience and adaptive capacity. Statement (II): The developing countries and low-income countries in their pursuit to sustainable development, require climate change interventions. In light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below. 1. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are true. 2. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are false. 3. Statement (I) is true but Statement (II) is false. 4. Statement (I) is false but Statement (II) is true. A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4 Objective Question 30 12301030 2.0 0.00 India's net GHG emissions for the year 2019 is _____ 1. 2.6 billion tonnes of CO2ea 2. 3.0 billion tonnes of CO2ea 3. 1.2 billion tonnes of CO2eq 4. 4.6 billion tonnes of CO2ea

		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
L				
	bjective (11
3	1 12301	COP 28 to UNFCCC was held at	2.0	0.00
		Sharm El-Sheikh Paris		
		3. Dubai		
		4. Glasgow		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
L				
	bjective (1
3	2 12301	Which one of the following gases is not covered under Kyoto protocol?	2.0	0.00
		1. Nitrous oxide.		
		Nitrogen dioxide.		
		Perfluorocarbons. Sulphur havefluoride.		
		4. Sulphur hexafluoride		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
ŀ				
	bjective (3 12301		2.0	0.00
	3 12301		2.0	0.00
		is a global mechanism developed for local Governments by local Governments at the World Mayors Summit in 2010.		
		111 20 10.		
		1. C20 cities		
		2. C40 cities		
		A. Action on climate today A. Carbon priving a limate registry.		
		4. Carbonn cities climate registry		
			III .	

		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obj	ective Quest	on		
34	12301034	Atmospheric concentration of carbon dioxide is 1. 0.040% 2. 0.030%	2.0	0.00
		3. 0.035% 4. 0.045%		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	ective Quest		2.0	0.00
33	12301035	Given below are two statements:	2.0	0.00
		Statement (I): Troposphere is the lowermost layer of the atmosphere.		
		Statement (II): Troposphere contains about 55% of the mass of the atmosphere.		
		In light of the above statements, choose the <i>most appropriate</i> answer from the options given below.		
		Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are true.		
		Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are false. Statement (I) is true but Statement (II) is false.		
		4. Statement (I) is false but Statement (II) is true.		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	ective Quest			
36	12301036		2.0	0.00
				II.

		Which one of the following factors influence the amount of solar energy reaching the top of atmosphere?		
		1. Solar output		
		2. Distance between the Earth and the Moon		
		3. Altitude of the Sun		
		4. Length of the day		
		A1:1		
		111.1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obi	ective Questi	on		1
	12301037		2.0	0.00
		COP 29 on climate change will be convened at		
		1. Baku		
		2. Dubai		
		3. Montreal		
		4. Paris		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	ective Questi			
38	12301038		2.0	0.00
		law states that the wavelength of maximum emission varies inversely with the absolute temperature of the radiating		
		body.		
		1. Stefan-boltzmann law		
		2. Beers law		
		3. Wien's law		
		4. Kirchhoff's law		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
		A4.4		
	ective Questi	on		
39	12301039		$\ 2.0\ $	0.00

			Precession or wobble of earth's spin axis involves		
			1. 11,000 years		
			2. 23,000 years		
			3. 41,000 years		
			4. 1,00,000 years		
			A1:1		
			A2:2		
			N2.2		
			A3:3		
			AJ.J		
			A4:4		
			A4:4		
		12301040	on	2.0	0.00
	10	12301040	Given below are two statements:	2.0	0.00
			Statement (I): Near-term climate forcers are those compounds whose impact on climate occurs primarily within the first decade after their emission.		
			decade after their emission.		
			Statement (II): Near-term climate forcers include methane, ozone and aerosols.		
			In light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below.		
			Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are true.		
			Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are false.		
			Statement (I) is true but Statement (II) is false.		
			4. Statement (I) is false but Statement (II) is true.		
			A1:1		
			A2:2		
			A3:3		
			A4:4		
ŀ	Ohie	ective Questi	on.		
- 13		12301041	vu	2.0	0.00
			is defined as the rate of change of an atmospheric variable, usually temperature, with height.		
			1. Inversion		
			2. Lapse rate		
			3. Gradient		
			Saturated lapse rate		
			A1:1		
			A2:2		
			A3:3		
	- 11			11	11

		A4:4		
Ohi	ective Quest	an an		
42		on	2.0	0.00
42	12301042	Given below are two statements, one is labelled as Assertion (A) and other one labelled as Reason (R).	2.0	0.00
		Assertion (A): During the Precambrian time, Earth's climate was warm.		
		Reason (R) : The concentration of greenhouse gases like carbon dioxide, methane and water vapour were very high.		
		In light of the above statements, choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below.		
		 Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A). Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A). 		
		3. (A) is true but (R) is false.		
		4. (A) is false but (R) is true.		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obi	ective Quest	on		
	12301043		2.0	0.00
		Given below are two statements, one is labelled as Assertion (A) and other one labelled as Reason (R).		
		Assertion (A): Plant and animal remains are useful to reconstruct the climatic and environmental conditions of the past.		
		Reason (R): Plant and animal life are largely controlled by climatic conditions.		
		In light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below.		
		1. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).		
		 Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A). (A) is true but (R) is false. 		
		4. (A) is false but (R) is true.		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obi	ective Quest	on		
	12301044	are formed by evaporation of surface water under arid, dry and warm climates.	2.0	0.00
		1. Stalactite		
		2. Striae		
		3. Varves		
		4. Evaporates		

		A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4		
	ective Quest 12301045	on	2.0	0.00
13	12301043	is the study of pollen, spores, diatom and phytoliths. 1. Palaeontology 2. Phycology 3. Palynology 4. Phytology A1:1 A2:2	2.0	
		A4:4		
Obj	ective Quest			
	12301046	is defined as a reduction in arid, semi-arid, and dry sub-humid areas, of the biological or economic productivity and complexity of rain-fed cropland, irrigated cropland, or range, pasture, forest, and woodlands resulting from land uses or from a process or combination of processes, including processes arising from human activities and habitation patterns. 1. Salinisation 2. Alkalization 3. Land degradation 4. Acidification Al:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4	2.0	0.00
	12301047		2.0	0.00
,				

		Given below are two statements:		
		Statement (I): General Circulation Models are four-dimensional (4-D) models which simulate the climate based on physical laws, the flows of air and water in the atmosphere and/or the oceans, as well as the transfer of heat.		
		Statement (II): A global climate model (GCM) is a complex mathematical representation of the major climate system components.		
		In light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below.		
		1. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are true. 2. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are false. 3. Statement (I) is true but Statement (II) is false. 4. Statement (I) is false but Statement (II) is true.		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obj	ective Quest	ion		
48	12301048		2.0	0.00
		is defined as the process of evaluating the relative contributions of multiple causal factors to a change or event with an assignment of statistical confidence.		
		1. Attribution		
		2. Detection 3. Climate constituity		
		Climate sensitivity Climate uncertainty		
		4. Simula uncortainty		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
		A4.4		
Obi	ective Questi	ion		
	12301049		2.0	0.00
		is a boundary between snow covered ground and ground free of snow.		
			II.	
		1. Timber line		
		Timber line Snow line		
		2. Snow line 3. Ecotone		
		2. Snow line		
		2. Snow line 3. Ecotone		
		2. Snow line 3. Ecotone 4. Equilibrium line		
		2. Snow line 3. Ecotone		
		2. Snow line 3. Ecotone 4. Equilibrium line A1:1		
		2. Snow line 3. Ecotone 4. Equilibrium line		

A3:3 A4:4 On Given below are two statements: Statement (I): Mass extinction is a phenomenon where sudden and permanent loss of large number of species or groups of organisms on earth's surface.	2.0	0.00
Given below are two statements: Statement (I): Mass extinction is a phenomenon where sudden and permanent loss of large number of species or groups of	2.0	0.00
Given below are two statements: Statement (I): Mass extinction is a phenomenon where sudden and permanent loss of large number of species or groups of	2.0	0.00
Statement (I): Mass extinction is a phenomenon where sudden and permanent loss of large number of species or groups of	2.0	0.00
Statement (II): Mass extinctions recorded in the Phanerozoic history of life are directly related to the wide spread changes to the past climate. In light of the above statements, choose the <i>most appropriate</i> answer from the options given below. 1. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are true. 2. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are false. 3. Statement (I) is true but Statement (II) is false. 4. Statement (I) is false but Statement (II) is true.		
A2:2		
A3:3		
A4:4		
	the past climate. In light of the above statements, choose the <i>most appropriate</i> answer from the options given below. 1. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are true. 2. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are false. 3. Statement (I) is true but Statement (II) is false. 4. Statement (I) is false but Statement (II) is true.	the past climate. In light of the above statements, choose the <i>most appropriate</i> answer from the options given below. 1. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are true. 2. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are false. 3. Statement (I) is true but Statement (II) is false. 4. Statement (I) is false but Statement (II) is true. A1: 1 A2: 2 A3: 3