PREVIEW QUESTION BANK

Module Name : imb24-mg45 Advanced Product Quality Planning-APQP-ENG Exam Date : 18-May-2024 Batch : 09:00-12:00

Sr. Io.	Client Qu ID	uestion)	Question Body and Alternatives	Marks	Neg M	gativ arks
	tive Questi	ion				
15	5381001	What	is APQP?		2.0	0.0
		1 Stru	ictured process for ensuring customer satisfaction			
			ality Control Process			
			relopment of Documents for ease of ISO quality Audit			
			uring that data is collected and analyses when there is a failure			
		4. LIIS	uning that data is connected and analyses when there is a familie			
		A1:1				
		A2:2				
		A3:3				
		A4:4				
<u> </u>	·· O					
	tive Questi 5381002	ion			2.0	٥
13	3381002	How n	nany phases are there in APQP?		2.0	U
		1.3				
		2. 4				
		3. 5				
		4. 6				
		A1:1				
		A2:2				
		A3:3				
		A4:4				
ject	tive Questi	ion				
15	5381003				2.0	C
		How n	nany activties there are in APQP?			
		1. 3				
		2. 4				
		3. 5				
		4. 6				
		A1:1				
11		A2:2				

		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obi	ective Quest	on		<u> </u>
	15381004		2.0	0.00
		APQP was developed in the 80s due to the product complexity of which industry? 1. Aircraft Industry 2. Machine Tool Industry 3. Guided Missiles for Defense		
		Automobile Industry		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obj	ective Quest	on		
5	15381005	The standardised APQP process has a significant impact on	2.0	0.00
		1. New Product Development		
		2. Tracebility		
		3. Robust Design		
		4. Supplier Selection		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obi	ective Quest	on .		
	15381006	APQP helps sustain the complexity in supply chains because it:	2.0	0.00
		Has the original CTQs and special characteristics		
		2. Is a living document, and hence has the updated process and knowledge captured		
		Sets the expectations of the Supply Chain		
		Clearly talks about supplier selection based on capability		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		

		A3:3		
		A4:4		
L				
7	bjective Quest	ion	2.0	0.00
"	15381007	What is the primary goal of feedback in APQP?	2.0	0.00
		To identify potential failure modes		
		2. To monitor process performance		
		To reduce variation		
		To improve customer satisfaction		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
О	bjective Quest	ion		
8	15381008	One of the goals of APQP is	2.0	0.00
		1. To plan before acting		
		To reduce Value Engineering Cost		
		To reduce efforts in Quality Control		
		4. To develop a plan as per the progress		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
O	bjective Quest	ion .		
9			2.0	0.00
		A robust APQP will		
		Anticipate and prevent issues		
		2. Explain the Process of APQP		
		Ensure the supplier is highly rated		
		Help you focus on incoming Quality Control		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
				
		A3:3		
П			II.	II.

Objective Question APQP will first	00
APQP will first 1. Validate before moving forward 2. Tell you the steps so one doesn't miss a critical item 3. Teach you the terminology 4. Require robust Quality Engineering A1:1 A2:2	.00
1. Validate before moving forward 2. Tell you the steps so one doesn't miss a critical item 3. Teach you the terminology 4. Require robust Quality Engineering A1:1 A2:2	
2. Tell you the steps so one doesn't miss a critical item 3. Teach you the terminology 4. Require robust Quality Engineering A1:1 A2:2	
3. Teach you the terminology 4. Require robust Quality Engineering A1:1 A2:2	
4. Require robust Quality Engineering A1:1 A2:2	
A1:1 A2:2	
A2:2	
A2:2	
A2:2	
A2:2	
A3:3	
A3:3	
A4:4	
Objective Question	
11 15381011 How does APQP contribute to reduced variation?	00
Flow does AFQF contribute to reduced variation?	
By implementing statistical process control	
By using advanced automation techniques	
3. By standardizing processes and procedures	
4. By increasing the frequency of quality audits	
A1:1	
A3:3	
A4:4	
Objective Question	
2.0 0	00
What comes before the 3rd phase of "Process Design and Verification"?	
Product and Process Benchmark Data	
2. Plan and Define Program	
3. Product Design and Development Verification	
4. Voice of Customer	
A1:1	
A2:2	
A3:3	

	ective Questi	on		
13	15381013	What is the main objective of the "Plan and Define Program" phase?	2.0	0.00
		Assure that the customer needs and expectations are clearly understood		
		All relevant Data is collected and analysis is correctly done		
		The team's expecatations and phases of APQP are clearly understood		
		4. Benchmarking is done of all processes that will help in operations excellence		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ohi	ective Questi	on		
	15381014	vii	2.0	0.00
		One of the tools to convert the voice of the customer into product specification is		
		Quality Function Deployment		
		2. Robust Technology		
		3. Quality Engineering		
		4. Customer Delight		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obj	ective Questi	on		
	15381015		2.0	0.00
		Along with Voice of Customer, Benchmark Product/Process Data, and Product/Process Assumptions, one significant input in		
		the first phase comes from		
		1. Warranty Data		
		2. Customer Inputs		
		3. Product Reliability Studies		
		4. Cost of Poor Quality		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		

Objective Question		
16 15381016 One of the significant outcomes of the first phase of the APQP is	2.0	0.00
Cost of Non-Conformance Understanding		
Warranty Plan		
3. Critical to Quality Characteristics		
4. Quality Assurance Plan		
A1:1		
A2:2		
A3:3		
A4:4		
Objective Question		
	2.0	0.00
Along with CONC, Design Goals, and reliability & quality goals, one more significant outcome of the first phase is		
Preliminary list of special product and process characteristics		
Business and marketing strategy		
3. New market research objectives		
4. Go or No Go Decision		
A1:1		
A2:2		
A3:3		
A4:4		
Objective Question		
	2.0	0.00
Amongst the many outputs of the Plan and Define phase, which output helps to set the target cost of the product?		
Preliminary Bill of Materials		
2. Management Support		
3. Preliminary Procss Flow Chart		
4. Product Assurance Plan		
A1:1		
A2:2		
A3:3		
A4:4		
Objective Question		

		The design goals, Reliability & Quality Goals, and Preliminary List of Special Products and Process Characteristics are outputs in which phase of the APQP process?		
		1. Phase 2		
		2. Phase 1		
		3. Phase 3 4. Phase 5		
		4. Fliase 3		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
		A4:4		
Obj	ective Questi	on		
	15381020		2.0	0.00
		What are the two significant inputs required to get Design Goals, Reliability & Quality Goals, Preliminary List of Special		
		Product and Process Characteristics as outputs in phase one APQP process?		
		1. Voice of Customers & Business Plan/Marketing Strategy		
		Voice of Customer & Product Reliability Studies		
		Product/Process Benchmark and Business Plan/Marketing Strategy Customer Inputs and Business Plan/Marketing Strategy		
		4. Sustainer inputs and Business Figurinal realing strategy		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
		AT. T		
Obj	ective Questi	on		
21	15381021	What is the purpose of doing DFMEA?	2.0	0.00
		 To assess the probability of failure and the effect of that failure To systematically go through the recommended steps to complete the DFMEA document 		
		To ask specialists in the organisation to comment on the DFMEA process		
		Because it is one of the needs of APQP		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obj	ective Questi	on		

22	15381022		2.0	0.00
		Fill in the two correct words " Design Effect Analysis " to complete the full form of DFMEA		
		1. For, Manufacturing		
		2. Failure, Method		
		3. For, Method		
		4. Failure, Mode		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ol	:ti Ot			
	jective Quest 15381023	on	2.0	0.00
	15501025	Which of the following in not an output of Phase 1 of APQP and input on Phase 2?	2.0	0.00
		1. Voice of Customers		
		2. Preliminary BOM		
		Quality Goals Cost of Non Conformance Targets		
		4. Cost of Non Comonitance Targets		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
01	·			
	jective Quest 15381024	on	2.0	0.00
2-4	13301024	In which Phase is DFMEA done?	2.0	0.00
		1. Phase 2		
		2. Phase 1 3. Phase 3		
		4. Phase 4		
		4.111636 4		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	<u> </u>			
	jective Quest 15381025	on	2.0	0.00
23	13301023		2.0	0.00

		This phase is about the elements of the planning process during which design features and characteristics are developed into a near-final form: 1. Phase 2 2. Phase 1 3. Phase 3 4. Phase 4 Al: 1 A2: 2 A3: 3 A4: 4		
Ohi	ective Quest	on		
_	15381026	In APQP Process, the prototype is built to verify that the product: 1. Meets the quality desired 2. Meets the objectives of the voice of the customer 3. Can be manufactured by the company 4. Meets the final DFMEA probability of failure	2.0	0.00
		A2:2 A3:3 A4:4		
Obj	ective Quest	on		
	15381027	DFMEA, Design for Manufacturability and Assembly, Design Verification, and Design Reviews are outputs at which phase? 1. Phase 1 2. Phase 2 3. Phase 3 4. Phase 4 A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4	2.0	0.00
	ective Quest 15381028	on	2.0	0.00
28	15581028		2.0	0.00

		The prototype is made using the control plan and thus is a big source providing feedback on		
		The prototype is made using the control plant and thus is a big source providing feedback on		
		How the process meets the desired specifications		
		2. Quality Control		
		3. Communicate any concerns, deviations, and/or cost impact to the customer		
		4. The completeness of Bill of Material		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		1.5		
		44.4		
		A4:4		
L				
	jective Questi		2.0	0.00
29	15381029	Controlling drawings, as the output of phase 2, should be reviewed by the planning team to determine characteristics that	2.0	0.00
		affect fit, function, durability:		
		1. and Manufacturability		
		2. and Quality		
		3. and Ergonomics		
		and/or governmental regulatory safety requirements		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Oh	jective Questi	on.		
	15381030		2.0	0.00
	15501050	Which aspect of APQP focuses on improving delivery and service?		0.00
		1. Corrective Action		
		2. Feedback		
		3. Assessment		
		Customer satisfaction		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ob	jective Questi	on		
	15381031		2.0	0.00

		In addition to drawings and performance specifications, material specifications should be reviewed for:		
		 Special Characteristics relating to physical properties, performance, environmental, handling, and storage requirements Meeting the Cost Targets 		
		Meeting The Cost of Nonconformance (CONC)		
		4. Development of the supply chain		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	jective Quest	ion		
32	15381032	The DFMEA, Product Assurance Plan, and/or Design Reviews may identify new:	2.0	0.00
		1. Warranty Data		
		Equipment and Facilities Requirements Special Characteristics		
		Drawback in Quality Goals		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ob	jective Quest	on		
33	15381033	One of the outputs of Second Phase of APQP is:	2.0	0.00
		1. Quality Goals		
		2. Quality Function Deployment		
		Gauges/Testing Equipment Requirements CONC Target		
		4. CONO larget		
		A1:1		
		Al: I		
		A2:2		
		A2.2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Oh	jective Quest	ion		
	15381034		2.0	0.00

		Engineering Drawings, Engineering Specifications along with are the outputs of Phase 2 of APQP		
		Engineering Drawings, Engineering Specifications along with are the outputs of Phase 2 of APQP		
		1. Material Specifications		
		2. Product Assurance Plan		
		3. Preliminary Procss Flow Chart		
		4. Product Reliability Studies		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obi	ective Quest	on.		
	15381035	OII	2.0	0.00
	10001000	A Simultaneous Engineering process designed to optimize the relationship between design function, manufacturability, and		0.00
		ease of assembly is considered under:		
		Design for Manufacturability and Assembly		
		2. Design of Experiments		
		3. Design of Specifications		
		Design of Tool and Equipments		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	ective Quest	on		
36	15381036	As Design for Manufactura bility and Assembly is a Circultura on Facility of State of Assembly in Trans	2.0	0.00
		As Design for Manufacturability and Assembly is a Simultaneous Engineering process, Product Quality Planning Team		
		should consider:		
		Design, concept, function, and sensitivity to manufacturing variation		
		2. Management Support		
		3. Quality Function Deployment Details		
		4. Control Plan		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ohi	ective Quest	on		
	15381037	~··	2.0	0.00

		The Product Quality Planning Team must assess the feasibility of the proposed design in Phase 2 and must be satisfied that the proposed design can be:		
		 Manufactured, Assembled, Tested, Packaged, and Delivered in sufficient quantity, at an acceptable cost to the customer on schedule. Outsourced 		
		3. Prototyped		
		Manufactured at the highest level of quality without any investment		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
_	ective Quest		II.	
38	15381038	Which one of the following is NOT an output of Phase 2 of APQP: Design Verification, Material Specifications, Product Reliability Goals, DFMEA?	2.0	0.00
		1. DFMEA		
		2. Design Verification		
		Product Reliability Studies Meterial Specification		
		4. Material Specification		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
_	ective Quest		la -	0.00
39	15381039	What is the output of Phase 1?	2.0	0.00
		1. DFMEA		
		Design for Manufacturability and Assembly		
		Design Verification CONC		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		

stion		
Design for Manufacturability and Assembly is a Simultaneous Engineering process, The Product Quality Planning Team should also implement: 1. Manufacturing and/or Assembly Process 2. Bill of Materials 3. Quality Goals 4. Quality Engineering A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4	2.0	0.00
	2.0	0.00
should also include: 1. Process Adjustments 2. Process Flow Chart 3. Cost of Non Conformance 4. Management Support A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4		
	2.0	0.00
are a description of the dimensional measurements and material and functional tests that will occur during prototype build. 1. Prototype Control Plans 2. Material Specifications 3. Design Specification 4. Product /Material Special Characteristics A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4		
	should also implement: 1. Manufacturing and/or Assembly Process 2. Bill of Materials 3. Quality Goals 4. Quality Engineering Al : 1 A2 : 2 A3 : 3 A4 : 4 Itooa Design for Manufacturability and Assembly is a Simultaneous Engineering process, The Product Quality Planning Team should also include: 1. Process Adjustments 2. Process Flow Chart 3. Cost of Non Conformance 4. Management Support Al : 1 A2 : 2 A3 : 3 A4 : 4 Itiou	Design for Manufacturability and Assembly is a Simultaneous Engineering process, The Product Quality Planning Team should also implement. 1. Manufacturing and/or Assembly Process. 2. Bill of Materials 3. Quality Gods 4. Quality Engineering Al : 1 A2 : 2 A3 : 3 A4 : 4 Design for Manufacturability and Assembly is a Simultaneous Engineering process, The Product Quality Planning Team should also include: 1. Process Adjustments 2. Process Flow Chart 3. Osat of Non Conformance 4. Management Support Al : 1 A2 : 2 A3 : 3 A4 : 4 Introduct Quality Planning Team should also include: 1. Process Adjustments 2. Process Flow Chart 3. Cast of Non Conformance 4. Management Support Al : 1 A2 : 2 A3 : 3 A4 : 4 Introduct Quality Planning Team should also include: 1. Process Adjustments 2. Process Adjustments 2. Process Adjustments 2. Process Adjustments 2. Process Adjustments 3. Osat of Non Conformance 4. Process Adjustments 4. Process Adjustments 4. Process Adjustments 5. Process Adjustments 6. Process Adjustments 6. Process Adjustments 6. Process Adjustments 7. Process Adjustments 8. Proc

Obj	ective Questi	on		
43	15381043		2.0	0.00
		Which of the following is NOT a benefit of APQP?		
		1. Improved Product Quality		
		2. Reduced Lead Times		
		3. Lower Production Costs		
		Increased Employee Turnover		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		AZ . Z		
		40.0		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	ective Questi	on		
44	15381044	What is the key hanefit of reducing variation in the ADOD process?	2.0	0.00
		What is the key benefit of reducing variation in the APQP process?		
		Improved Customer Satisfaction		
		2. Increased Employee Turnover		
		3. Lower Production Costs		
		Reduced Need for Corrective Action		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		n2.2		
		42.2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	ective Questi	on		
45	15381045	Dranging the DEMEA provides the team on apportunity to review the provincely collected product and process	2.0	0.00
		Preparing the DFMEA provides the team an opportunity to review the previously selected product and process characteristics and make necessary:		
		characteristics and make necessary.		
		1. Additions, Changes, and Deletions		
		2. Changes to overall Process Design		
		3. Changes to the understanding of all Failure Modes		
		Changes to Material Specifications		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		ΛΔ2		
		A2.2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		

	ective Quest	on		
46 Obje	ective Quest 15381046 ective Quest 15381047	A DFMEA is a living document continually updated as customer needs and expectations require. A form of DFMEA is a: 1. FMEA: Failure Mode and Effect Analysis 2. PFMEA: Process Failure Modes and Effect Analysis 3. Systems Failure Mode and Effects Analysis (SFMEA) 4. PFMEA: Product Failure Mode and Effect Analysis A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4 on Which of the following is considered in Design For Manufacturability and Assembly? 1. Material Handling 2. Material Specifications		0.00
		3. CTQ 4. Engineering Drawings A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4		
	15381048	What is the second important objective of the output of the Second Phase? 1. Prototype and feasibility studies – volumes, schedule, manufacturing. 2. Just developing an equipment list to buy 3. Developing good communication with the customer 4. Convert Customer Voice into Bill of Material for Costing	2.0	0.00
		A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4		
	ective Quest	on		1
49	15381049		2.0	0.00

		Sample size, frequency, and acceptance criteria of parameters are generally defined in the in-process test section of the:		
		Engineering Specification		
		Engineering Specification Engineering Drawings		
		This part of the state of the s		
		3. Design Verification		
		4. Prototype Build- Control Plan		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		 A4 : 4		
L				
	jective Quest	ion		10.00
50	15381050			
11		During prototype build, where are the descriptions of the dimensional measurements and material and functional tests that	2.0	0.00
		During prototype build, where are the descriptions of the dimensional measurements and material and functional tests that	2.0	0.00
		During prototype build, where are the descriptions of the dimensional measurements and material and functional tests that will occur documented?	2.0	0.00
		will occur documented?	2.0	0.00
		will occur documented? 1. Engineering Specification	2.0	0.00
		will occur documented? 1. Engineering Specification 2. Prototype Control Plans	2.0	0.00
		will occur documented? 1. Engineering Specification 2. Prototype Control Plans 3. Design Verification	2.0	0.00
		will occur documented? 1. Engineering Specification 2. Prototype Control Plans	2.0	0.00
		will occur documented? 1. Engineering Specification 2. Prototype Control Plans 3. Design Verification	2.0	0.00
		will occur documented? 1. Engineering Specification 2. Prototype Control Plans 3. Design Verification 4. Engineering Drawings	2.0	0.00
		will occur documented? 1. Engineering Specification 2. Prototype Control Plans 3. Design Verification	2.0	0.00
		will occur documented? 1. Engineering Specification 2. Prototype Control Plans 3. Design Verification 4. Engineering Drawings	2.0	0.00
		will occur documented? 1. Engineering Specification 2. Prototype Control Plans 3. Design Verification 4. Engineering Drawings	2.0	0.00
		will occur documented? 1. Engineering Specification 2. Prototype Control Plans 3. Design Verification 4. Engineering Drawings	2.0	0.00
		will occur documented? 1. Engineering Specification 2. Prototype Control Plans 3. Design Verification 4. Engineering Drawings A1:1 A2:2	2.0	0.00
		will occur documented? 1. Engineering Specification 2. Prototype Control Plans 3. Design Verification 4. Engineering Drawings	2.0	0.00
		will occur documented? 1. Engineering Specification 2. Prototype Control Plans 3. Design Verification 4. Engineering Drawings A1:1 A2:2 A3:3	2.0	0.00
		will occur documented? 1. Engineering Specification 2. Prototype Control Plans 3. Design Verification 4. Engineering Drawings A1:1 A2:2	2.0	0.00