## PREVIEW QUESTION BANK

Module Name : ntr24-ed17 3D Printing and Design for Educators-ENG Exam Date : 18-May-2024 Batch : 15:00-18:00

Sr. No.	Client Que	Question Body and Alternatives Marks	NO N	egative Marks
Objec	tive Question			
	15562001		2.0	0.00
Objec	tive Question			
2	15562002	Which of the following 3D printing technologies uses a focused energy source, such as a laser, electron beam, or plasma, to melt the material?  1. Material Extrusion 2. Vat Polymerization 3. Powder Fusion 4. Directed Energy Deposition  A1:1  A2:2  A3:3  A4:4	2.0	0.00
	tive Question			
3	15562003	Which additive manufacturing process uses a recoater blade or roller to spread a thin layer of powder across a build surface?  1. Material Extrusion 2. Vat Polymerization 3. Powder Fusion 4. Material Jetting	2.0	0.00

		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	ective Question	1		
4	15562004		2.0	0.00
		Which of the following liquid-based 3D printing processes utilizes UV-curable photopolymers?		
		Selective Laser Sintering (SLS)		
		Fused Deposition Modeling (FDM)		
		3. Digital Light Processing (DLP)		
		4. Binder Jetting		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obj	ective Question	1		
5	15562005	WELLEY OF THE TOTAL CONTROL OT	2.0	0.00
		Which file format is commonly used to convert a CAD file into a format that can be understood by an FDM 3D printer?		
		1PDF		
		2. JPEG		
		3. STL		
		4. OBJ		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
L				
Obj 6	ective Question		2.0	0.00
0	13302000		2.0	0.00
		What is the common post-processing step required for the parts printed using SLS process?		
		1. Curing under UV light		
		2. Sintering in a furnace		
		3. Removal of excess powder		
		Application of a liquid binder		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		

		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ohi	ective Questio	n .		
7	15562007		2.0	0.00
		In Selective Laser Sintering (SLS), what energy source is used to fuse powdered material?		
		1. Ultraviolet (UV) light		
		2. Infrared (IR) light		
		3. Laser beam		
		4. Electron beam		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		10.5		
		A4:4		
Obj	ective Questio	n		
8	15562008	Given below are two statements, one is labelled as Assertion (A) and other one labelled as Reason (R).	2.0	0.00
		Assertion (A): Fused Deposition Modeling (FDM) is a popular 3D printing process for creating functional prototypes and		
		end-use parts.		
		Reason (R): FDM uses a wide range of thermoplastic materials that offer durability and strength.		
		Choose the correct option:		
		1. Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).		
		2. Both (A) and (R) are correct but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A).		
		3. (A) is correct but (R) is not correct.		
		4. (A) is not correct but (R) is correct.		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obj	ective Questio			1.
9	15562009	What is the primary purpose of neutral file formats in CAD?	2.0	0.00
		To enable full utilization of all features of a specific program		
		To facilitate easy file exchange between different CAD software		
		3. To store files specific to a particular CAD software		
		4. To provide a unique file format for each CAD software		

			A1:1		
			A2:2		
			A3:3		
			A4:4		
	Ohie	ctive Question	1		
- 15		15562010	Which of the following is an example of a native file format?  1. STEP (.stp, .step)	2.0	0.00
			2. IGES (.igs, .iges) 3. AutoCAD (.dwg) 4. Parasolid (.x_t, .x_b)		
			A1:1		
			A2:2		
			A3:3		
			A4:4		
	Obje	ctive Question	1		
	11	15562011	In Feature-Based Modeling (FBM), which feature is used to create a 3D object by extruding a 2D sketch along a specified path?	2.0	0.00
			Sketch feature     Extrude feature     Revolve feature		
			Sweep feature		
			A1:1		
			A2:2		
			A3:3		
			A4:4		
15		ctive Question	1		
	12	15562012	Which of the following is the primary purpose of the IGES file format?	2.0	0.00
			<ol> <li>To store design data specific to a particular CAD software</li> <li>To facilitate the exchange of 3D model data between different CAD software</li> <li>To represent a solid model using primitive geometry</li> </ol>		
			To provide a unique file format for each CAD software		
			A1:1		

		A2:2 A3:3 A4:4		
	ctive Question		2.0	0.00
13	13302013	Which of the following is a key advantage of the Space Decomposition method of solid representation in comparison to other methods?  1. It provides a more compact representation of complex geometry 2. It allows for easy modification of individual features 3. It supports efficient spatial queries and proximity calculations 4. It simplifies Boolean operations on solid models	2.0	0.00
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obje	ctive Question	1		
14	15562014	What are the two common process parameters that must be defined in nearly all 3D printing cases?  1. Infill density and support generation 2. Layer thickness and infill density 3. Print orientation and layer thickness 4. Support generation and print orientation  Al: 1  A2: 2  A3: 3  A4: 4	2.0	0.00
Obje	ctive Question	1		
	15562015		2.0	0.00

			A2:2		
			A3:3		
			A4:4		
		ctive Question			
	16	15562016	Which of the following is NOT a pre-printing task that should be checked before starting the 3D printing process?	2.0	0.00
			which of the following is NOT a pre-printing task that should be checked before starting the 3D printing process?		
			1. Ensuring smooth motion of the printer's X, Y, and Z axes		
			Verifying material availability and proper loading     Chapters the Considering for errors		
			Checking the G-code instructions for errors     Confirming build platform adhesion		
			4. Somming baild platform darlosion		
			A1:1		
			Al: I		
			A2:2		
			AZ . Z		
			A3:3		
			AJ.J		
			A4:4		
			ΑΤ.Τ		
ŀ	Ohie	ctive Question			
Ι'n		15562017		2.0	0.00
			What is an essential safety precaution during the removal of a 3D printed part?		
			Ensuring the various operating temperature which are sufficiently decreased		
			2. Checking the filament feed		
			Verifying the slicing process		
			4. Making sure the build platform is clean and level		
			A1:1		
			A2:2		
			A3:3		
			A4:4		
L					
Ηä		ctive Question	1	0.0	0.00
	18	15562018	Which of the following is a common post-processing step for Fused Filament Fabrication (FFF) 3D printed parts?	2.0	0.00
			Heat treatment to strengthen the part     Wire EDM to detach the part from the build platform		
			Removing supports and cleaning		
			Applying a special surface treatment for residual stress management		
			A1:1		
			A2:2		
11					

		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	ctive Question			
19	15562019	Which point cloud processing operation helps in reducing the number of points in the point cloud while retaining its overall shape and features?	2.0	0.00
		1. Noise reduction		
		2. Registration		
		3. Down-sampling		
		Normal estimation		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obje	ctive Question	n		
20	15562020		2.0	0.00
		Which algorithm is used for partitioning the point cloud into significant segments based on geometric criteria or feature		
		similarity?		
		1. Region growing		
		Euclidean clustering		
		3. RANSAC		
		Region growing, Euclidean clustering and RANSAC		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	ctive Question		2.0	0.00
21	13302021	Which surface reconstruction algorithm connects neighboring points and forms a mesh of connected triangles?	2.0	0.00
		Poisson Surface Reconstruction		
		Poisson Surface Reconstruction     Ball-Pivoting Algorithm (BPA)		
		3. Marching Cubes		
		4. Poisson Surface Reconstruction, Ball-Pivoting Algorithm (BPA) and Marching Cubes		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		

		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	ective Question 15562022		2.0	0.00
22	15362022	Which software tool is NOT commonly used for point cloud processing?	2.0	0.00
		1. Point Cloud Library (PCL)		
		2. MeshLab		
		3. CloudCompare		
		4. Adobe Illustrator		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obje	ective Question	1		
23	15562023		2.0	0.00
		In the context of 3D printing, which of the following steps is NOT a part of the reverse engineering process?		
		1. Capturing the physical object's geometry using a 3D scanner		
		Generating a point cloud or mesh model from the scanned data		
		Creating a CAD model based on the point cloud or mesh model     Slight the CAD model to generate C ends instructions for the 2D printer.		
		4. Slicing the CAD model to generate G-code instructions for the 3D printer		
		A1:1		
		Al: I		
		A2:2		
		12.2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	ective Question			
24	15562024	Which of the following is NOT a step in a typical STL file repair workflow?	2.0	0.00
		1. Auto-repair		
		Separating shells     Adjusting print resolution		
		Closing holes and bridging gaps		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		

		A4:4		
L				
Ot 25	pjective Question 15562025		2.0	0.00
23	15562025	What is the main advantage of using native file formats in CAD software?	2.0	0.00
		They are universally compatible		
		2. They can take full advantage of specific program features		
		3. They have smaller file sizes		
		4. They are suitable for 3D scanned objects		
		A1:1		
		40.0		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Oł	jective Question	1		
26			2.0	0.00
		What is the main purpose of STL viewers?		
		1. To modify the STL data		
		To passively view STL data		
		To generate support structures		
		4. To create new STL files		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Oł	jective Question			
27			2.0	0.00
		What is the common feature in advanced STL viewers?		
		What is the common reature in advanced one viewers:		
		Data modification		
		2. Re-meshing		
		Serial number addition		
		Data modification, Re-meshing and Serial number addition		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		134.4		
		40.0		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
II.	11		1	II.

Obje	ctive Question	1				
28	15562028		2.0	0.00		
		Which file format is specifically used for 3D scanned objects?				
		1. OBJ				
		2. STL				
		3. PLY				
		4. IGES				
		A1:1				
		A2:2				
		A3:3				
		715.5				
		A4:4				
C1 :						
	ctive Question		2.0	0.00		
29	15562029	In 3D printing, what is the primary benefit of using automatic placement methods?	2.0	0.00		
		in 3D printing, what is the primary benefit of using automatic placement methods?				
		1. They require no user input				
		They position the part based on specific parameters for optimal results				
		3. They are faster than manual methods				
		They always produce perfect prints				
		A1:1				
		A2:2				
		A3:3				
		A4:4				
		A4:4				
Obje	ctive Question	1				
	15562030		2.0	0.00		
		Which of the following is not a popular model for achieving optimal part orientation in 3D printing software?				
		N. DO CAMBERTO DE COS DO S. S.				
		Cost Minimization Model				
		Support Minimization Model				
		3. Multi-Objective Model				
		Surface Area Maximization Model				
		A1:1				
		A2:2				
		A3:3				
		NJ.J				
		A4:4				
Obje	Objective Question					

31	15562031		2.0	0.00
		Why are support structures necessary in additive manufacturing?		
		To create overhanging features		
		2. To improve the appearance of the final product		
		3. To speed up the printing process		
		4. To reduce material usage		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obi	ective Question			
32	15562032		2.0	0.00
	15502052	In Cura software, what are the two types of support structures available?		0.00
		The second secon		
		Grid-type support and layer support		
		Column-type support and tree support		
		3. Honeycomb support and lattice support		
		Triangle support and square support		
		mangio capport and oqual o capport		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		113.3		
		A4:4		
Ohi	ective Question			
33	15562033		2.0	0.00
33	13362033	How does the support placement setting in 3D printing software affect support structures?	2.0	0.00
		now does the support placement setting in 5D printing software affect support structures?		
		1. It adjusts the positioning of support structures on the model or build plate		
		2. It changes the density of the support structures		
		It modifies the material used for support structures		
		It includes the material used for support structures     It determines the height of support structures		
		4. It determines the neight of support structures		
		A1.1		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	ective Question			
34	15562034		2.0	0.00

		What is the user-defined parameter that dictates how the CAD model is sliced?		
		1. Slice width		
		2. Slice height		
		3. Slice depth		
		4. Slice angle		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	ctive Question			
35	15562035		2.0	0.00
		What is the main goal of contour organization in the slicing process?		
		1. To reduce build time		
		To identify exterior and interior contours		
		3. To minimize the staircase effect		
		4. To increase the surface finish		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ohio	ctive Question			
	15562036		2.0	0.00
	10002000	Which of the following area-filling strategies is used in Laminated Object Manufacturing (LOM) to eliminate unwanted		0.00
		portions of the material?		
		Grid cutting		
		2. Pixel		
		3. Mask		
		4. Contour path		
		A1:1		
		ALL		
		A2:2		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	ctive Question			
37	15562037		2.0	0.00

		In Digital Light Processing (DLP) based vat-photopolymerization, binder jetting, and material jetting processes, what directly impacts the level of detail that can be achieved during the fabrication process?  1. Slice height 2. Infill density 3. Pixel resolution 4. Raster angle  A1:1  A2:2  A3:3  A4:4		
	ective Question	1	2.0	0.00
38	15562038	Which area-filling method involves offsetting the geometry in the inward direction and is used in some specific 3D printing processes?  1. Path-based area filling 2. Spiral path 3. Contour path 4. Grid cutting	2.0	0.00
		A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4		
Obje	ective Question		2.0	0.00
		Which of the following materials is NOT commonly used for making nozzles in FDM printers?  1. Brass 2. Stainless Steel 3. Ruby 4. Aluminum  A1:1  A2:2  A3:3  A4:4	2.0	
	15562040		2.0	0.00

		In SLA and DLP printers, what is the primary difference between the light sources used?  1. SLA uses a laser, while DLP uses a projector.  2. SLA uses a projector, while DLP uses a laser.  3. SLA and DLP both use lasers, but with different wavelengths.  4. SLA and DLP both use projectors, but with different resolutions		
		A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4		
Obie	ective Question	1		1
		Which type of 3D printer uses a print head similar to inkjet printers to selectively deposit droplets of a binding agent onto layers of powdered materials?  1. FDM Printer 2. SLA Printer 3. SLS Printer 4. Binder Jetting Printer	2.0	0.00
		A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4		
Obje	ctive Question	1		
	15562042	Which type of extruder configuration allows for faster printing due to reduced weight near the nozzle?  1. Direct Drive 2. Bowden 3. Dual Extruders 4. Direct Drive and Dual Extruders  Al: 1  A2: 2  A3: 3  A4: 4	2.0	0.00
	ective Question	1		
43	15562043		2.0	0.00

		What is the volumetric error in 3D printing?			
		The difference between the intended volume of the printed object as designed in the CAD model and the actual volume.			
		of the final printed part			
		The accuracy of the machine's axis movement during printing			
		3. The level of detail in the conversion of a CAD model to a neutral file format			
		4. The discrepancy between the printed part and the CAD model due to slicing			
		A1:1			
		42.2			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		AJ.J			
		A4:4			
		111.7			
Ohie	ective Question			<u> </u>	
	15562044		2.0	0.00	
		What is the best way to minimize the conversion error when converting a CAD model to a neutral file format like STL?			
		Decreasing the resolution			
		Increasing the slice height     Increasing the resolution			
		Decreasing the resolution     Decreasing the slice height			
		A1:1			
		AL.1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
Obje	ective Question	1			
45	15562045		2.0	0.00	
		Which factor can contribute to volumetric errors due to toolpath inaccuracies?			
		Inadequate toolpath generation algorithms			
		Material shrinkage or expansion			
		3. Inaccurate CAD model conversion			
		Post-processing techniques			
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
01.	<u> </u>				
	15562046		2.0	0.00	
'	155520-10		10	0.00	

		How can post-processing impact the accuracy and dimensions of 3D printed parts?  1. By introducing errors during CAD model conversion 2. By causing shrinkage or deformation during post-curing or finishing processes 3. By affecting the slicing parameters and layer height 4. By altering the toolpath and infill patterns  Al:1  A2:2  A3:3  A4:4		
	ctive Question		II	lla -:
47	15562047	Which software was developed by the ISTI-CNR research center?  1. MeshLab 2. Fusion 360 3. Onshape 4. TinkerCAD	2.0	0.00
		A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4		
Obje	ctive Question	1		
	15562048	Given below are two statements, one is labelled as Assertion (A) and other one labelled as Reason (R).  Assertion (A): Fusion 360 integrates CAD, CAE, and CAM into a single platform.  Reason (R): Fusion 360 is developed by Autodesk to cater to the needs of professionals and enthusiasts alike.  Choose the <i>most appropriate</i> answer:  1. Both the Assertion and Reason are true, and the Reason is the correct explanation for the Assertion.  2. Both the Assertion and Reason are true, but the Reason is not the correct explanation for the Assertion.  3. The Assertion is true, but the Reason is false.  4. The Assertion is false, but the Reason is true.	2.0	0.00

		A4:4			
Obie	ctive Question	1			<u>                                     </u>
	15562049			2.0	0.00
		Match the following 2D	design auftware with their days language		
		Match the following 3D design software with their developers:			
		List-I	List-II		
		(A) Fusion 360	(1) Onshape Inc.		
			(-)		
		(B) SOLIDWORKS	(2) Autodesk		
		(C) Oh	(2) December Continues		
		(C) Onshape	(3) Dassault Systèmes		
		Choose the correct an	swer from the options given below:		
		1. A-2, B-3, C-1			
2. A-3, B-2, C-1					
	3. A-1, B-2, C-3				
4. A-1, B-3, C-2					
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
Obia	ctive Question				
	15562050	1		2.0	0.00
	10002000	Which feature in Ultima	sker Cura modifies the layer height based on the model's geometry?		0.00
		Adaptive Layers     Tree Support			
		Tree Support     Infill Density			
		Print Speed			
		i. i iiii opood			
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
A3:3		A3:3			
		A4:4			