PREVIEW QUESTION BANK

Module Name : imb24-mg56 HR Analytics Using Excel-ENG Exam Date : 18-May-2024 Batch : 15:00-18:00

Sr. Client Question No. ID	Question Body and Alternatives	Marks	Negati Mark
bjective Question			
15492001	In what ways does business analytics facilitate determining current and future staffing needs of an organization? 1. By avoiding skills gap analysis 2. By relying solely on intuition for staffing decisions 3. By identifying skills gaps and market skills required for various roles 4. By ignoring the market conditions for staffing A1:1	2.0	0.00
	A3:3 A4:4		
bjective Question			
	Why is it crucial to have clear outcome-based HR metrics in organizations? 1. To avoid the development of a data-driven culture 2. To hinder business leaders' understanding of gaps and opportunities 3. To rely on traditional outcome measures 4. To facilitate the assessment of the impact of HR practices on organizational performance A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4	2.0	0.00
bjective Question			
15492003	What advanced technique contribute to the toolkit of Prescriptive Analytics? 1. Data Visualisation 2. Optimization Techniques 3. Correlation 4. Regression	2.0	0.00
	A2:2		

A3:3
A4:4
Objective Question
4 15492004 2.0 0.00 How does the HR analytics process contribute to organizational success?
By defining business needs
By aligning HR strategy with business goals
3. By exploring data 4. By implementing actions
4. by implementing actions
A1:1
A2:2
A3:3
A4:4
Objective Question
5 15492005 2.0 0.00 Which characteristic ensures that HR metrics are resistant to manipulation and game-proof?
1. Complexity
2. Robustness 3. Simplicity
4. Standardization
1. Standard Later
A1:1
All
A2:2
AZ . Z
A3:3
A3.3
A4:4
AT. T
Objective Question
6 15492006 2.0 0.00
How does data contribute to understanding the concrete concept of employee engagement?
1. By ignoring patterns
2. By complicating analysis
By analyzing data from various sources to identify trends and patterns
4. By avoiding data analysis
A1:1
A2:2
A3:3

		A4:4		
Objec	tive Question			
7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	15492007	What is an example of qualitative data in HR analytics? 1. Total number of employees 2. Salary distribution 3. Performance ratings 4. Open-ended survey responses Al: 1 A2: 2 A3: 3	2.0	0.00
		A4:4		
Or:	tivo Ovti			
	tive Question		2.0	0.00
Objec	15492008	Which HR data type involves variables like ratings or rankings, providing a natural order? 1. Nominal Scale 2. Ordinal Scale 3. Interval Scale 4. Ratio Scale A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4	2.0	0.00
9	15492009		2.0	0.00
		What is the primary focus of Succession Planning data in HR analytics within the HRIS? 1. Measures financial health 2. Assesses employee engagement anonymously 3. Identifies potential candidates for key positions 4. Evaluates the impact of training programs A1:1		
		A2:2 A3:3		
		A4:4		

Objec	tive Question			
10	15492010	What is the purpose of the 1-10-100 principle in the context of data examination and purification? 1. To highlight the cost of data storage 2. To emphasize the importance of clean data for meaningful results 3. To suggest the value of outsourcing data analysis 4. To discourage data analysis altogether A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4	2.0	0.00
	tive Question		2.0	0.00
Object	15492011	How can outliers be identified using the statistical test method (z scores)? 1. By leveraging quantitative measures to identify deviations from the norm 2. By arranging data to identify extreme values visually 3. By utilizing visualizations like box plots 4. By deleting extreme values immediately A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4	2.0	0.00
	tive Question		2.0	0.00
12	15492012	Which is an advantage of Descriptive Analytics in terms of analytics tools? 1. Limited availability of tools 2. Need for extensive expertise 3. Computations handled by abundance of tools 4. Focus on predicting future outcomes A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4	2.0	0.00
Objec	tive Question			

		15492013	What is the primary purpose of Descriptive Statistics in Descriptive Analytics? 1. To predict future outcomes 2. To explain why events occurred 3. To conduct complex analyses 4. To outline basic features of data A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4	2.0	0.00
		tive Question			
	14	15492014	What distinguishes Dashboards from other types of visualizations in HR?	2.0	0.00
			Dashboards organize HR data in tables Dashboards display various visualizations in one place		
			Dashboards are language-centric		
			Dashboards compare various HR initiatives		
			A1:1		
			A1:1		
			42.2		
			A2:2		
			40.0		
			A3:3		
			A4:4		
		tive Question		2.0	0.00
	13	13492013	In what scenario is a line chart particularly effective in HR analytics?	2.0	0.00
			When tracking changes over time When shawering proportions within extension		
			When showcasing proportions within categories When illustrating hierarchical structures		
			When comparing numerical values		
			A1:1		
			40.0		
			A2:2		
			A3:3		
			A4:4		
		tive Question			
	16	15492016		2.0	0.00
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		What role does a scatter plot play in HR analytics, and what limitation does it have? 1. It establishes causation; limited to visualizing one measure 2. It identifies correlations; does not reveal causation		
		3. It visualizes hierarchical structures; limited to two dimensions4. It shows proportions within categories; limited to a maximum of 10 data points		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Objec	tive Question			
17	15492017	What is the distinctive shape of a radar chart, and where is its frequent application observed in HR analytics?	2.0	0.00
		Linear shape; frequent application in tracking turnover rates		
		2. Spider web shape; frequent application in assessing employee performance attributes		
		3. Circular shape; frequent application in visualizing hierarchical structures		
		4. Doughnut shape; frequent application in representing proportions within categories		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Object	tive Question			
18	15492018		2.0	0.00
10	13492010	What is the primary advantage of using Data Bars for data comparisons?	2.0	0.00
		To create hierarchical structures		
		To display trends over time		
		To provide a quick visual indicator of cell value comparisons		
		To visualize proportions within categories		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Objec	tive Question			
19	15492019		2.0	0.00

		What is the primary advantage of using the median as a measure of central tendency? 1. It includes every value in the dataset 2. It is calculated as the sum of all values divided by the number of values 3. It minimizes the error in predicting individual values 4. It is less influenced by outliers		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Object	tive Question			
	15492020	How do you interpret the results of the FREQUENCY function in Excel?	2.0	0.00
		It provides a tabular presentation of values		
		It calculates the average value in a dataset		
		3. It returns an array of values representing the count of occurrences		
		It measures the central tendency		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	tive Question		1	1
21	15492021	If the standard deviation of a dataset is close to zero, what can be concluded about the data?	2.0	0.00
		1. The data has a small spread		
		2. The data has a large spread		
		3. The data is non-negative		
		4. The data contains outliers		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ob:-	tive Question			
22	15492022		2.0	0.00
	10 172022		2.0	5.00

		Explain why the range is sensitive to outliers, and suggest a method to reduce this sensitivity		
		 The range depends on the number of data points; adding more data points reduces sensitivity Outliers have a disproportionate impact on the range; using interquartile range can reduce sensitivity 		
		The range is not affected by outliers; no method is needed to reduce sensitivity		
		The range becomes less sensitive when the mean is subtracted from each data point		
		A1:1		
		AT. I		
		A2:2		
		A2 . 2		
		A3:3		
		AJ.J		
		A4:4		
		ANT. T		
Object	tive Question			
23	15492023		2.0	0.00
		Which Excel tab is used to insert a PivotTable for cross-tabulation?		
		1. Insert		
		2. Home		
		3. Data		
		4. Analyze		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	tive Question			
24	15492024	How does diagnostic analytics contribute to employee retention strategies in HR?	2.0	0.00
		By predicting future turnover rates		
		By identifying the reasons behind employee turnover By comparing turnover trends in different industries		
		By summarizing historical turnover data		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Objec	tive Question			
25	15492025		2.0	0.00

		What is a potential limitation of diagnostic analytics? 1. Predicting the future 2. Providing definitive answers 3. Mistaking correlation for causation 4. Identifying trends and patterns A1:1		
		A3:3 A4:4		
	tive Question		2.0	0.00
26	15492026	How does sampling contribute to making informed decisions in HR analytics, and what is its role in data analysis? 1. Sampling provides an unbiased subset 2. Sampling introduces bias and hinders decision-making in HR analytics 3. Sampling is irrelevant in HR analytics decision-making 4. Sampling only applies to theoretical scenarios	2.0	0.00
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obiec	tive Question			
27	15492027		2.0	0.00
		Why is dealing with a finite population more typical in HR analytics? 1. HR analytics primarily deals with theoretical scenarios 2. HR analytics often involves observable outcomes, making the population finite and countable 3. HR analytics is concerned with extensive and diverse datasets 4. HR analytics deals with the count of employees, which is always ascertainable		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Objec	tive Question			
28	15492028		2.0	0.00
1	II I			II .

		What is the practical relevance of positive correlation in HR scenarios? 1. It has no practical relevance 2. It indicates a decrease in one variable as the other increases 3. It implies a simultaneous increase or decrease in both variables 4. It leads to a weak correlation		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Object	tive Question			
29	15492029	How does multivariate analysis differ from bivariate analysis?	2.0	0.00
		 Multivariate analysis focuses on more than two variables, while bivariate involves two Multivariate analysis is irrelevant in data analysis 		
		Bivariate analysis is more comprehensive		
		Both analyses are identical		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Object	tive Question			
	15492030	How is a positive covariance interpreted between two variables X and Y?	2.0	0.00
		Both variables are unrelated		
		Increase in X corresponds to increase in Y		
		Increase in X corresponds to decrease in Y		
		No meaningful interpretation		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Object	tive Question			
	15492031		2.0	0.00

		What distinguishes regression analysis from classification models in predictive analytics?		
		Regression analysis predicts distinct categories in data		
		Classification models unveil hidden relationships between variables		
		Regression analysis is suitable for predicting continuous outcomes		
		Classification models focus solely on employee engagement		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A2.2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	tive Question			
32	15492032	What distinguishes null hypotheses from alternative hypotheses?	2.0	0.00
		what distinguishes hull hypotheses from alternative hypotheses?		
		1. The level of significance		
		2. The quest for change		
		3. The complexity in expression		
		4. The assumption of no difference		
		A1:1		
		ALL		
		A2.2		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Objec	tive Question			
33	15492033		2.0	0.00
		How does a p-value influence the decision in hypothesis testing?		
		It determines statistical significance		
		It guides investigations		
		It manipulates independent variables		
		4. It asserts the null hypothesis		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Object	tive Question			
34	15492034		2.0	0.00

		What information does the "Coefficients" table in the regression output provide? 1. Overall significance of the regression model		
		Measures the accuracy of the coefficients		
		3. Information about the regression equation		
		Variance in the dependent variable explained by the model		
		1 (1995) - 2 (1995) - 1 (1995) -		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A2 . 2		
		A3:3		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
		A4:4		
01:	tive Question			
35	15492035		2.0	0.00
	13 192033	What is the role of the "R-squared" value in regression analysis?	2.0	0.00
		1. Magauras the assuracy of the coefficients		
		Measures the accuracy of the coefficients Proportion of variance explained by the independent variable		
		Overall significance of the regression model		
		Adjusts R-squared for the number of independent variables		
		9000 (10 ₹ 000,000 400,000 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		
		A1:1		
		ALL		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Object	tive Question			
36	15492036		2.0	0.00
		Why is the normality assumption important in linear regression?		
		It ensures a consistent variance of errors		
		It guarantees a linear relationship between variables		
		3. It validates the accuracy of the coefficients		
		4. It provides a normal distribution of residuals		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Object	tive Question			
37	15492037		2.0	0.00

		In the multiple linear regression equation Y = a + b1x1 + b2x2 + b3x3 + e, what does the term 'e' represent?		
		in the multiple linear regression equation 1 – a · b ix i · b2x2 · b3x3 · e, what does the term e represent?		
		1. Intercept		
		2. Residual		
		3. Slope		
		4. Dependent variable		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ohire	tive Question			
38	15492038		2.0	0.00
36	13472036	What does prescriptive analytics provide in the context of workforce scheduling for organizations like hospitals?	2.0	0.00
		Optimal schedules based on employee preferences		
		Scheduling based on seniority only		
		Scheduling without considering employee availability		
		Scheduling based on random pattern		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A2 . 2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Objec	tive Question			
39	15492039		2.0	0.00
		What role does optimization play in prescriptive analytics?		
		Creating virtual models for simulations		
		Solving quantitative problems and finding the best solution considering constraints		
		Prioritizing quick thinking in time-sensitive scenarios		
		Adapting and improving predictions based on historical data		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		 A4 : 4		
		AT. T		
	tive Question		1	II
40	15492040		2.0	0.00

		What did Nestlé achieve by leveraging prescriptive analytics in the Management Trainee program? 1. Increased application numbers 2. Streamlined flight scheduling 3. Focused solely on past trainee demographics 4. Revolutionized talent identification and recruitment processes		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Object	tive Question			
	15492041	In HR, what is the primary function of the "Generate "What If' Questions" step in the "What-If" Analysis process? 1. To streamline workplace culture 2. To assess the impact of alterations in variables on HR metrics 3. To predict future HR trends	2.0	0.00
		4. To test assumptions and reveal potential scenarios A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Object	tive Question			
	15492042	How do constraints function in optimization problems?	2.0	0.00
		 They maximize the objective function They define permissible values for decision variables They minimize employee preferences 		
		4. They have no role in the optimization process		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	tive Question		11-	
43	15492043		2.0	0.00

		What is the significance of the feasible region in optimization problems in HR? 1. It represents unrelated HR scenarios 2. It is where HR strategies are ignored		
		It depicts the balance between aspirations and constraints It has no role in HR decision-making		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Objec	tive Question			
44	15492044	What is a characteristic of operational dashboards?	2.0	0.00
		They provide historical perspectives		
		2. They focus on day-to-day operations		
		3. They are static in nature		
		4. They don't require live data		
		n may dont to quite me dute		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Objec	tive Question			
45	15492045	What role did the Balanced Scorecard play in the popularity of dashboards?	2.0	0.00
		1. It hindered their adoption		
		2. It originated in the 1980s		
		3. It addressed challenges of data refreshing		
		4. It confused users		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Object	tive Question			
	15492046		2.0	0.00
	10 102010		2.0	3.00

		What does HR reporting serve as in the world of data analysis? 1. Periodic checkpoint 2. Continuous process 3. Data encryption tool 4. Strategic compass		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Object	tive Question			
	15492047	How does HR reporting contribute to strategy development?	2.0	0.00
		By avoiding alignment with business goals		
		By encouraging data complexity		
		By promoting confusion in strategy development		
		By aligning HR strategies with company objectives		
		n by anguing threadlegice man company especials		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ohiec	tive Question			
48	15492048		2.0	0.00
		What does ISO 30414 categorize HR metrics into?		
		Marketing, Strategy, Leadership		
		2. Safety, Diversity, Compliance		
		3. Workforce Costs, Organizational Culture, Recruitment		
		4. Financial Reporting, Marketing, Strategy		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Object	tive Question			
	15492049		2.0	0.00

		What is the primary focus of HC disclosure?		
		Encouraging compliance metrics		
		Providing a financial report		
		Ignoring voluntary disclosure		
		Revealing talent management intricacies		
		September 1 and 1		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ohioo	tive Question			
			2.0	0.00
50	15492050	What is vital for fostering a workforce equipped for evidence-based decision-making?	2.0	0.00
		What is vital for fostering a workforce equipped for evidence-based decision-making?	2.0	0.00
		Short-term initiatives	2.0	0.00
		Short-term initiatives Competency enablement	2.0	0.00
		Short-term initiatives Competency enablement Crafting impactful experiences	2.0	0.00
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		Short-term initiatives Competency enablement Crafting impactful experiences	2.0	0.00
		1. Short-term initiatives 2. Competency enablement 3. Crafting impactful experiences 4. Optimal experience	2.0	0.00
		Short-term initiatives Competency enablement Crafting impactful experiences	2.0	0.00
		1. Short-term initiatives 2. Competency enablement 3. Crafting impactful experiences 4. Optimal experience A1:1	2.0	0.00
		1. Short-term initiatives 2. Competency enablement 3. Crafting impactful experiences 4. Optimal experience	2.0	0.00
		1. Short-term initiatives 2. Competency enablement 3. Crafting impactful experiences 4. Optimal experience A1:1 A2:2	2.0	0.00
		1. Short-term initiatives 2. Competency enablement 3. Crafting impactful experiences 4. Optimal experience A1:1	2.0	0.00
		1. Short-term initiatives 2. Competency enablement 3. Crafting impactful experiences 4. Optimal experience A1:1 A2:2 A3:3	2.0	0.00
		1. Short-term initiatives 2. Competency enablement 3. Crafting impactful experiences 4. Optimal experience A1:1 A2:2	2.0	0.00