PREVIEW QUESTION BANK

Module Name : imb24-mg33 Business Environment-ENG Exam Date : 18-May-2024 Batch : 15:00-18:00

Si No		estion	Question Body and Alternatives	Marks	Neg M	gative larks
Obi	ective Quest	on				
	13932001				2.0	0.00
		Which busines	ss organisation possesses features of both partnership company and corporation?			
		1. Cooperative				
		2. Customs Un				
		3. Sole Proprie	etorship			
		4. Limited Liabi	ility Company			
		A1:1				
		A2:2				
		112.2				
		A3:3				
		A4:4				
Ш						
	ective Questi	on				
2	13932002	Underthe	asting the private poster had been diversioned as		2.0	0.00
		Under the	policy, the private sector had been given importance.			
		1. New Econon	nic Policy			
		2. Monetary Po				
		Fiscal Policy				
		Foreign Trad				
		4. Foreign mad	de Policy			
		A1:1				
		711 . 1				
		A2:2				
		A3:3				
		110.0				
		A4:4				
Obi	ective Questi	on				
	13932003				2.0	0.00
		Stakeholders a	are part of which environment?			
		1. Macro enviro				
		2. Micro enviro				
		3. Mega enviro				
		4. Societal env	ironment			
		A1:1				
		A2:2				
						1

			A3:3		
			A4:4		
L					
4		3932004	on	2.0	0.00
		13932004	Which environment provides strengths and weaknesses to business?	2.0	0.00
			4.54		
			External Environment Internal environment		
			Macro environment		
			Mega environment		
			. Hoga citrionion		
			A1:1		
			A2:2		
			A3:3		
			A4:4		
C	bje	ctive Questi	on		
5		3932005		2.0	0.00
			From the resources given below which is an intangible resource?		
			1. Financial resource		
			2. Physical resource		
			3. Organisational resource		
			4. Human resource		
			A1:1		
			A2:2		
			A3:3		
			A4:4		
	hie	ctive Questi	on.		
6		3932006		2.0	0.00
			Resources which bring in positive effect to the organisation are:		
			1. Strengths		
			2. Weaknesses		
			3. Opportunities		
			4. Threats		
			A1:1		
			411 - 1		
			A2.2		
			A2:2		
			A3:3		

		A4:4		
Obj	ective Quest	ion		
	ective Quest 13932007	People born during 1979-1994 are also known as: 1. Boomers 2. Generation X 3. Generation Y 4. Generation Z A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4	2.0	0.00
8	13932008	Areas where people cannot read/write, what change in packaging must be done by companies in order to match customer's needs? 1. Make legible font on packaging 2. Make packaging attractive by beautiful fonts 3. Include instructional pictures or figures on packaging 4. Make packaging in white colour A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4	2.0	0.00
	ective Quest	on	1000	10.00
9	13932009	in population indicates an increase in the demand for consumable products. 1. Increase 2. Decrease 3. Stability 4. Shrinkage A1:1 A2:2 A3:3	2.0	0.00

		A4:4		
Ohi	ective Questi	on		
	13932010		2.0	0.00
		indicates the average age which a person is expected to live.		
		1. Life Skills		
		2. Mortality Rate		
		3. Life Expectancy		
		4. Birth Rate		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obi	ective Questi	on		
	13932011		2.0	0.00
		organisational culture exhibits values of bureaucracy and feudalism.		
		1 Organic		
		1. Organic 2. Strong		
		3. Mechanistic		
		4. Weak		
		T. FFOUR		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		AJ.J		
		A4:4		
	ective Questi			
12	13932012	Authority flows from top to bottom in organisation.	2.0	0.00
		Additionly nows from top to bottom in organisation.		
		1. Weak		
		2. Organic		
		3. Strong		
		4. Mechanistic		
		A1:1		
		••••		
		42.2		
		A2:2		
		A2:2 A3:3		

	Objective Question				
13	13932013	is the process where an individual adapts a behaviour or belief to fit himself into a group.	2.0	0.00	
		is the process where an individual adapts a behaviour of belief to lit filmself into a group.			
		1. Cultural Conformity			
		2. Cultural Shock			
		3. Cultural Adaptation			
		4. Cultural Lag			
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		10.5			
		A4:4			
		A4:4			
	ective Questi 13932014		2.0	0.00	
14	13932014	Focus of work of Hofstede was on evaluating:	2.0	0.00	
		Employee satisfaction			
		2. Work values			
		3. Motivation			
		4. Leadership			
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
Obi	ective Questi	on.			
	13932015		2.0	0.00	
		Among following which is NOT a type of non-verbal communication?			
		1. Crossed hands			
		Crossed hands Eyes blinking			
		3. Handshake			
		4. Letter			
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
Obj	ective Questi	on			
	13932016		2.0	0.00	

		Hofstede's study was conducted in which company?		
		1. Apple		
		2. Infosys		
		3. IBM		
		4. Toyota		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A5:3		
		A4:4		
	jective Questi	on		
17	13932017	In countries with Ligh power distance the took is to be initiated by:	2.0	0.00
		In countries with High power distance the task is to be initiated by:		
		1. Team leader		
		2. Peer group		
		3. Employee		
		4. Customers		
		A1:1		
		AL.1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ol	jective Questi	on		
18	13932018		2.0	0.00
		According to Hofstede's study, cultural lag due to in the society make peoples' acceptance to changes slow.		
		1. Power Distance		
		2. Short-term orientation		
		3. Masculinity		
		4. Individualism		
		A1:1		
		A1.1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ol	jective Questi	on		
	13932019		2.0	0.00

		Underdeveloped or Least Developed Countries are signified by:		
		1. High per capita income		
		High per capita income Infant industries		
		3. Low population growth		
		4. Limited infrastructure		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obj	ective Questi	on		
20	13932020		2.0	0.00
		Denmark, UK, Japan, US, Germany are examples of:		
		Developed economies		
		Developing economies		
		3. Underdeveloped economies		
		Least developed economies		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		N2.2		
		A3:3		
		A3 : 3		
		A4:4		
	ective Questi		2.0	
21	13932021	rate is aligned with the bank rate which also acts a safety valve.	2.0	0.00
		1. Repo Rate		
		2. Reverse Repo Rate		
		Marginal Standing Facility Rate Cash Reserve Ratio		
		4. Cash Reserve Ratio		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obi	ective Questi	on		
	13932022		2.0	0.00

		External debt can be taken by Central government from:		
		1. Commercial Banks		
		2. RBI		
		3. Capital markets		
		4. World Bank		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ob	jective Questi	on		
	13932023		2.0	0.00
		Which of the following statement is NOT TRUE with reference to the negative aspect of Fiscal Policy?		
		Rising price levels due to deficit Financing		
		2. Fiscal Policy failed to develop a sound tax structure		
		3. Direct taxes increases the burden for poor		
		4. Fiscal Policy fails to check the black money in the economy		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
_	13932024		2.0	0.00
24	13932024	In India economic planning is done for a period of years.	2.0	0.00
		4		
		1. seven 2. five		
		3. one		
		4. three		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ob	jective Questi	on		
25	13932025		2.0	0.00

		Among following which is NOT a type of Intellectual Property Right?		
		1. Patent		
		2. Copyright		
		3. Industrial Design		
		4. Advertisement		
		A1:1		
		A2 . 2		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
(Dbjective Qu	estion estimate the second		
	6 1393202	5	2.0	0.00
		frames policies for banking and non-banking financial institutions.		
		1. EXIM Bank		
		2. RBI		
		3. DIPP		
		4. CCI		
		4.001		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A3.3		
		A4:4		
	Objective Qu			
2	7 1393202	Common law is also called:	2.0	0.00
		Common law is also called.		
		1. Case Law		
		2. Civil Law		
		3. Socialist Law		
		4. Theocratic Law		
		A1.1		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	Objective Qu	estion		
	8 1393202		2.0	0.00
	233232			
Ш			II	1

			In a series of rulers from the same family constitute a dynasty.		
			a solida of falora from the same falling constitute a dynasty.		
			1. Elective Monarchy		
			2. Democratic Monarchy		
			3. Hereditary monarchy		
			4. Democracy		
			A1:1		
			A2:2		
			A3:3		
			A3:3		
			A4:4		
(Obje	ctive Questi	on		
		3932029		2.0	0.00
			Among following which is a TRUE statement for Direct Democracy?		
			In Direct democracy a small, elite ruling class, have power over those in lower socioeconomic status.		
			2. In Direct democracy power is exercised more/ less frequently in an arbitrary manner by decree (order) rather than by law.		
			3. In Direct democracy no government is in existence, no taxes are collected.		
			4. In Direct democracy all eligible citizens directly participate in decision making of the government.		
			A1:1		
			AL.1		
			A2:2		
			A3:3		
			A4:4		
			11.1		
L					
		ctive Questi			1
3	10	3932030	Reservation, Licensing, Expansion, FDI are roles of the government.	2.0	0.00
			Reservation, Electising, Expansion, FDI areToles of the government.		
			1. Entrepreneurial		
			2. Regulatory		
			3. Legal		
			4. Planning		
			A1:1		
			A2:2		
			A3:3		
			AJ.J		
			A4:4		
	Obje	ctive Questi	on		
		3932031		2.0	0.00
11	- 11				

		Government of India established EXIM Bank in the year:		
		1. 1990		
		2. 1986		
		3. 1982		
		4. 1991		
		A1:1		
		Al. I		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
		АТ.Т		
L				
	jective Questi		11	11
32	13932032	Industrial Finance Corporation of India (IFCI) was set in the year 1948 for:	2.0	0.00
		industrial Finance Corporation of India (if Ci) was set in the year 1540 for.		
		providing medium-term and long-term finance to industries.		
		2. licensing and regulation of Housing Finance Companies in India		
		3. financing, development and promotion of MSMEs		
		4. facilitating, financing, and promoting international trade		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		AJ.J		
		A4:4		
Ol	jective Quest			
33	13932033		2.0	0.00
		In investment is done through purchase of a physical asset (machinery, plant, factory) in a foreign country.		
		Indirect Foreign Investment		
		2. Direct Foreign Investment		
		3. Foreign Private Investment		
		4. Inclusive Foreign Investment		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		AJ.J		
		A4:4		
	jective Quest			
34	13932034		2.0	0.00

		During the year 2020-21, the service sector attracted FDI inflow in the country.		
		To mile your 2020 21, and sorrice social datasted To mile with the country.		
		1. lowest		
		2. least		
		3. average		
		4. highest		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ob	jective Questi	on		
	13932035		2.0	0.00
		Among following which is a Demand factor that influences FDI?		
		Access to customer		
		2. Technology access		
		3. Logistics		
		4. Resource availability		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
01	0			
	jective Questi		2.0	0.00
30	13932030	The is the regulatory body for securities and commodity market in India.	2.0	0.00
		Reserve Bank of India (RBI)		
		2. Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI)		
		3. Ministry of Finance		
		Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA)		
		A1:1		
		Al.1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		44.4		
		A4:4		
L				
	jective Questi			
37	13932037		2.0	0.00

		is a social implication of Technology Transfer.		
		1. Organisation Structure		
		e-commerce Change Management		
		Consumers' expectations		
		4. Consumers expectations		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Oh	jective Questi	on.		
	13932038		2.0	0.00
	15,52050	Mostly heavy industries are raw material source.	2.0	0.00
		A leaded and the		
		located near the at a distant location from the		
		3. located far from the		
		located nowhere near the		
		4. located normal relation		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ot	jective Questi	on		
	13932039		2.0	0.00
		Among following which is NOT a renewable source of energy?		
		1. Tidal energy		
		2. Solar energy		
		3. Coal		
		4. Wind energy		
		A1:1		
		Al: I		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	jective Questi			
40	13932040		2.0	0.00

		Natural environment provides inputs as to businesses		
		1. human resource		
		2. raw material		
		3. technology		
		4. money		
		4. Holicy		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
O	jective Questi	on		
41	13932041		2.0	0.00
		Among following which is an advantage of technological leadership?		
		1. Pioneering costs		
		2. Sustainability		
		3. Demand uncertainty		
		Technological discontinuity		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		n2 . 2		
		A3:3		
		A3.3		
		A4:4		
L				
	ojective Questi		2.0	0.00
42	13932042	CSR has been made mandatory by the government through which Act?	2.0	0.00
		1. Contracts Act, 1872		
		2. Companies Act, 2013		
		3. Competition Act, 20024. Consumer Protection Act, 1986		
		4. Consumer Protection Act, 1900		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
O	ojective Questi	on		
	13932043		2.0	0.00

		Among following which statement is NOT TRUE for values?		
		Management values are important for personal and organisational life.		
		A true leader is characterised by organisational values.		
		Leadership values differ from organisation to organisation.		
		Management decisions and strategy are based on organisational values.		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		14.2		
		A3:3		
		AJ.J		
		A4:4		
OF	jective Questi	on		
	13932044		2.0	0.00
		Every business has responsibility towards different groups. These groups does NOT include:		
		1. Customers		
		2. Human Resources		
		3. Government		
		4. Competitors		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ot	jective Questi	on		
	13932045		2.0	0.00
		NAFTA has been replaced by:		
		1. EU		
		2. WTO		
		3. USMCA		
		4. GATS		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	jective Questi			10.00
46	13932046		2.0	0.00
II.	1		11	11 1

		Bangladesh, Bhutan, India, Maldives, Nepal, Pakistan and Sri Lanka came together in 1985 to form:		
		1. ASEAN		
		2. SAARC		
		3. SAPTA		
		4. TRIPs		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	ective Questi			
47	13932047	FFTX II I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	2.0	0.00
		EFTA is a/an type of regional economic integration.		
		1. Economic Union		
		2. Political Union		
		3. Free Trade Area		
		4. Common Market		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obj	ective Questi	on		
	13932048		2.0	0.00
		WTO stands for:		
		Weak Trade Organisation		
		World Treaty for Trade Organisation Works for Trade Organisation		
		World Trade Organisation		
		4. World Trade Organisation		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		112.2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ohi	ective Questi			
	13932049		2.0	0.00
				п

, 2 1,	L-1, 12.02 / 1	W		
		The Uruguay Round was held at in 1994.		
		1. Marrakesh, Morocco		
		Geneva, Switzerland		
		3. Torquay, England		
		4. Annecy, France		
		unicoy, . rance		
		A1:1		
		AL. I		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
			II .	
Ob	jective Quest	ion		
	13932050		2.0	0.00
		Possible implication of having less population in a country, for any business organisation may be to:	2.0	0.00
		Possible implication of having less population in a country, for any business organisation may be to:	2.0	0.00
		Possible implication of having less population in a country, for any business organisation may be to: 1. Make more products for country	2.0	0.00
		Possible implication of having less population in a country, for any business organisation may be to: 1. Make more products for country 2. Seek another market for its products	2.0	0.00
		Possible implication of having less population in a country, for any business organisation may be to: 1. Make more products for country 2. Seek another market for its products 3. Increase number of production units in the country to fulfill supply.	2.0	0.00
		Possible implication of having less population in a country, for any business organisation may be to: 1. Make more products for country 2. Seek another market for its products	2.0	0.00
		Possible implication of having less population in a country, for any business organisation may be to: 1. Make more products for country 2. Seek another market for its products 3. Increase number of production units in the country to fulfill supply.	2.0	0.00
		Possible implication of having less population in a country, for any business organisation may be to: 1. Make more products for country 2. Seek another market for its products 3. Increase number of production units in the country to fulfill supply. 4. Introduce new products in the market	2.0	0.00
		Possible implication of having less population in a country, for any business organisation may be to: 1. Make more products for country 2. Seek another market for its products 3. Increase number of production units in the country to fulfill supply.	2.0	0.00
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		Possible implication of having less population in a country, for any business organisation may be to: 1. Make more products for country 2. Seek another market for its products 3. Increase number of production units in the country to fulfill supply. 4. Introduce new products in the market	2.0	0.00
		Possible implication of having less population in a country, for any business organisation may be to: 1. Make more products for country 2. Seek another market for its products 3. Increase number of production units in the country to fulfill supply. 4. Introduce new products in the market A1:1	2.0	0.00
		Possible implication of having less population in a country, for any business organisation may be to: 1. Make more products for country 2. Seek another market for its products 3. Increase number of production units in the country to fulfill supply. 4. Introduce new products in the market	2.0	0.00
		Possible implication of having less population in a country, for any business organisation may be to: 1. Make more products for country 2. Seek another market for its products 3. Increase number of production units in the country to fulfill supply. 4. Introduce new products in the market A1:1 A2:2 A3:3	2.0	0.00
		Possible implication of having less population in a country, for any business organisation may be to: 1. Make more products for country 2. Seek another market for its products 3. Increase number of production units in the country to fulfill supply. 4. Introduce new products in the market A1:1	2.0	0.00