## PREVIEW QUESTION BANK

Module Name: cec24-ed04 Learning Teaching and Assessment-ENG Exam Date: 18-May-2024 Batch: 15:00-18:00

Si No		Question Body and Alternatives	Marks	Neg M	gative arks
Obi	ective Questi	on			
1	14842001			2.0	0.00
1	14042001	Self identity is the most important people face in development		2.0	0.00
		Sen identity is the most importantpeople race in development			
		1. resolution			
		2. conflict			
		3. clarification			
		4. awareness			
		A1:1			
		AL. I			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
Ohi	ective Questi				
		011		2.0	0.00
2	14842002	The subset of intelligence is		2.0	0.00
		The Subset of Intelligence is			
		1. Memory			
		2. Attention			
		3. Personality			
		4. Creativity			
		•			
		A1:1			
		AL. I			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
Obi	ective Questi	on			
	14842003	vii		2.0	0.00
٥	14042003	The father of modern psychology		2.0	0.00
		The lattier of modern psychology			
		1. Wilhem wundt			
		2. Jean piaget			
		3. Kohlberg			
		4. Erickson			
		A1:1			
		AL.I			
		A2:2			
	1				11 1

		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obi	ective Quest	on		
	14842004		2.0	0.00
		Attention is affected by the internal factor		
		1. Emotion		
		Intelligence     Interest		
		4. Motivation		
		4. Motivation		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	ective Quest		2.0	0.00
5	14842005	Processing and combining of received information refers to	2.0	0.00
		1. decoding		
		2. translating		
		3. encoding		
		4. interpreting		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obi	ective Quest	on		
	14842006		2.0	0.00
		One of the social concern of school age children is		
		1. acceptance		
		2. withdrawal		
		3. potential		
		4. abilities		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		

		A4:4		
Obj	ective Quest	on		
	ective Quest 14842007	Creating multiple paths to learning for diverse learners will be possible with  1. Team teaching 2. Differentiated Instruction 3. Peer tutoring 4. Cooperative learning  A1:1  A2:2  A3:3	2.0	0.00
		A4:4		
	ective Quest	on		11-
8	14842008	Interpersonal skills to be learned by children with issues	2.0	0.00
		1. Social isolation		
		2. Social integration		
		3. Social Status		
		4. Social pressure		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ohi	ective Quest	on		
	14842009		2.0	0.00
		The way to maintain or enhance the self is		
		1. Self identity		
		2. Self regulation		
		3. Self - actualization		
		4. Self- efficacy		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A2.2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		

	ective Questi	on		
10	14842010		2.0	0.00
		The chility to feet a group and appoint took for a languar nation of time without heins		
		The ability to focus on one specific task for a longer period of time without being		
		distracted is known as		
		Selective attention		
		Divided attention		
		3. Executive attention		
		Sustained attention		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		n2 . 2		
		A3:3		
		44.4		
		A4:4		
Obj	ective Questi	on		
11	14842011		2.0	0.00
		Cognitive theory is concerned with the development of a person's		
		processes.		
		• *************************************		
		1. Thinking		
		2. Memorizing		
		3. Mental		
		4. Thought		
		. modgit		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		AJ.J		
		A4:4		
	ective Questi	on		
12	14842012	The main theory of cognitive development was developed by	2.0	0.00
		The main theory of cognitive development was developed by		
		1. Jean Piaget		
		2. Wood worth		
		3. Edward Sequin		
		4. Thomas William		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
11		T. T41	II.	

Objective Quest	ion		
13 14842013	Behavioral child development theories deal with behaviors.	2.0	0.00
	1. Experimental		
	2. Learning		
	Response     Observable		
	4. Observable		
	A1:1		
	A2:2		
	A3:3		
	A4:4		
Objective Quest	ion		
4 14842014	Previous learning benefits performance or learning in a new situation is said to be	2.0	0.00
	Positive transfer of learning		
	2. Negative transfer of learning		
	3. Zero transfer of learning		
	4. Infinite transfer of learnig		
	A1:1		
	A2:2		
	A3:3		
	A4:4		
Objective Quest	ion	2.0	0.00
5 14842015	Self-concept is composed of	2.0	0.00
	(A). Personal identity		
	(B). Social identity		
	(C). Self identity		
	(D). Group identity		
	Choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
	1. (A), (B) and (D) only.		
	2. (A) and (D) only.		
	3. (A), (B), (C) and (D).		
	4. (A) and (B) only.		
	A1:1		

		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
		A4:4		
	jective Quest			
16	14842016	Teacher behaviour must the differences in the classroom.	2.0	0.00
		(A). Support		
		(B). Appreciate		
		(C). Accommodate		
		(D). Create		
		Choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
		1. (A), (B) and (D) only.		
		2. (B) and (C) only. 3. (A), (B), (C) and (D).		
		4. (C) and (D) only.		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	jective Quest 14842017	ion	2.0	0.00
17	14642017	Teaching learning process is a journey from	2.0	0.00
		1. Concrete to Abstract		
		2. Unknown to Known		
		3. Complex to Simple		
		Known to Abstract		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	jective Quest 14842018	ion	2.0	0.00
10	17072010		2.0	0.00

		Modification of behviour termed as		
		1. Teaching		
		2. Learning		
		3. Counselling		
		4. Guiding		
		A1:1		
		11.1		
		40.0		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ob	jective Questi	on		
	14842019		2.0	0.00
		Processing is pivotal step in learning		
		1. Rote		
		2. Playway		
		3. Experimental		
		4. Direct		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
		ΑΤ.Τ		
	jective Questi 14842020	on	2.0	0.00
20	14042020	Unconditioned stimulus in classical conditioning is	2.0	0.00
		1. food		
		2. dog		
		3. bell		
		4. saliva		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A3.3		
		A4:4		
	jective Questi	on		
21	14842021		2.0	0.00

		Norman Cowders developed style Programmed learning		
		1. linear		
		2. spiral		
		3. non linear		
		4. branching		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A2 . 2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
		TT. T		
Obj	ective Questi	on		
22	14842022		2.0	0.00
		Originality of ideas is the characteristics of		
		Originality of ideas is the characteristics of		
		1. intelligence		
		2. creativity		
		3. personality		
		4. skill		
		A1:1		
		Al: I		
		A2:2		
		A2 - 2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
01.				
	ective Questi	on	2.0	0.00
23	14842023	Active is termed as learning	2.0	0.00
		Active is termed as learning		
		1. observation		
		2. writing		
		3. reading		
		4. teaching		
		4. teaching		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ohi	ective Questi	on and the second secon		
	14842024		2.0	0.00

		Interpretation abilities are developed throughthinking  1. logical 2. dynamic 3. critical 4. meta  A1:1  A2:2  A3:3		
	ective Quest	on		
25	14842025	Learning is aactivity of livng organisms  1. artificial 2. natural 3. handful 4. real life  A1:1  A2:2  A3:3  A4:4	2.0	0.00
Oh	inativa Ovast	an an		
	jective Quest 14842026	OII	2.0	0.00
		Inhibition of the emotions appropriate to one's age group is termed as  1. Empathy 2. Emotil maturity 3. Ego 4. Sympathy  A1:1  A2:2  A3:3  A4:4		
Ohi	jective Quest	on		
	14842027	vu	2.0	0.00
-				

			Wilhelm Wundt introduced the study of in the field of psychology.  1. perception 2. memory 3. cognition 4. attention  A1:1		
			A3:3 A4:4		
		ctive Questi			
2	28	14842028	The final stage of the group counselling process is called	2.0	0.00
			(A). Client-exploration		
			(B). Transition		
			(C). Consolidation		
			(D). Termination		
			Choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
			1. (A), (B) and (D) only. 2. (B) and (D) only.		
			3. (C) and (D) only. 4. (B), (C) and (D) only.		
			A1:1		
			A2:2		
			A3:3		
			A4:4		
		ctive Questi			
	29	14842029		2.0	0.00

		Primary mental abilities are		
		(A). Memory		
		(B). Spatial Orientation		
		(C). Attention		
		(D). Numerical Ability		
		Choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
		1. (A) and (D) only. 2. (A), (B) and (C) only. 3. (A), (B), (C) and (D). 4. (B) and (D) only.		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	ective Quest	on		
30	14842030	In Vygotsky's theory of cognitive development, is central to the concept of the Zone of Proximal Development (ZPD	2.0	0.00
		(A). Actual developmental level		
		(B). Unaided learning		
		(C). Potential developmental level		
		(D). Scaffolding		
		Choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
		1. (A), (B) and (D) only.		
		2. (A) and (D) only. 3. (C) and (D) only.		
		4. (B), (C) and (D) only.		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obj	ective Quest	on		
31	14842031		2.0	0.00

		According to Freud, the primary function of the ego is		
		(A). To satisfy the desires of the id without any constraints		
		(B). To mediate between the id and the superego		
		(C). To represent the moral values and conscience		
		(D). Use defense mechanisms to reduce anxiety and cope with inner conflicts		
		Choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
		1. (B) and (D) only. 2. (A), (B) and (D) only. 3. (A), (B), (C) and (D). 4. (C) and (D) only.		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obj	ective Questi	on		
32	14842032	Observational learning involves:	2.0	0.00
		(A). Attention and retention		
		(B). Attention and Reinforcement		
		(C). Production processes and motivation		
		(D). Reinforcement and motivation		
		Choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
		1. (A) and (D) only.		
		2. (A), (B) and (D) only.		
		3. (A), (B), (C) and (D). 4. (A) and (C) only.		
		4. (A) and (C) only.		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obi	ective Questi	on .		
	14842033		2.0	0.00

## Match List-I with List-II

List-l	List-II
(A). The process of preserving the information	(I). Sensation
(B). Concentration of consciousness upon one object	(II). Perception
(C). The process of becoming aware of objects by way of the sense	(III). Attention
(D). The ability to feel something physically	(IV). Retention

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (III), (D) (IV)
- 2. (A)- (IV), (B) (III), (C) (II), (D) (I)
- 3. (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (IV), (D) (III)
- 4. (A) (III), (B) (IV), (C) (I), (D) (II)

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

## Objective Question

34 14842034

## Match List-I with List-II

List-l	List-II
(A).Visual Stimuli	(I). Hearing
(B).Tatual Stimuli	(II). Touch
(C). Olfactory stimuli	(III). Vision
(D). Auditory stimuli	(IV). Smell

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) (III), (B) (II), (C) (IV), (D) (I)
- 2. (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (III), (D) (IV)
- 3. (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (IV), (D) (III)
- 4. (A) (III), (B) (IV), (C) (I), (D) (II)

2.0 0.00

			A1:1			
			A2:2			
			A3:3			
			A4:4			
L	<u></u>					
		tive Questi 4842035	on		2.0	0.00
3	03   1	4842033	Match List-I with List-II		2.0	0.00
			List-I	List-II		
			(A). Learning Difficulties	(I). Summative Assessment		
			(B). Entry Behaviour	(II).Formative Assessment		
			(C). Course Completion	(III). Placement Evaluation		
			(D). Learning Process	(IV).Diagnostic Evaluation		
			Choose the <b>correct</b> answer from 1. (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (IV), (C) - (	(D) - (III) D) - (IV) (D) - (III)		
		ctive Questi	on			
3	6	4842036			2.0	0.00

	Match List-I with List-II			
	List-I	List-II		
	(A). Learning occurs through trial and error	(I). Formal operational		
	(B). Mental symbols can be used to represent objects	(II). Concrete operational		
	(C). Reversible mental operations are developed	(III). Pre-operational		
	(D). Abstract thinking is possible & problems can be solved	(IV).Sensory operational		
	Choose the <b>correct</b> answer from the options given below:  1. (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)  2. (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)  3. (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (IV), (D) - (III)  4. (A) - (IV), (B) - (III), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)			
	A1:1			
	A2:2 A3:3			
	A4:4			
bjective Ques	stion		<u>                                     </u>	
7 14842037	Divergent thinking is measured by test  1. creativity 2. personality 3. intelligence 4. similarity		2.0	
	A1:1			
	A2:2 A3:3			
	A4:4			
bjective Ques	stion		2.0	
1012000			2.0	

		'Structure of Intellect' model was given by  1. Piaget 2. Skinner 3. Guilford 4. Burner		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	ective Questi			
39	14842039	The steps in learning process	2.0	0.00
		(A). Perceiving		
		(B). Deciding		
		(C). Feedback		
		(D).Pursuing		
		Choose the <b>correct</b> answer from the options given below:		
		1. (A), (B), (D), (C). 2. (A), (B), (C), (D). 3. (B), (A), (D), (C). 4. (C), (B), (D), (A).		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	ctive Quest			
40	14842040		2.0	0.00

		Identify the stages of Insight learning in hierarchical order		
		(A).Verification		
		(B). Preparation		
		(C). Incubation		
		(D). Insight		
		Choose the <b>correct</b> answer from the options given below:		
		1. (A), (B), (C), (D). 2. (A), (B), (D), (C). 3. (B), (C), (A), (D). 4. (C), (B), (D), (A).		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	jective Quest	ion		
41	14842041	Stages of creativity	2.0	0.00
		(A). stage of incubation		
		(B). stage of illumination		
		(C). stage of preparation		
		(D).stage of verification		
		Choose the <b>correct</b> answer from the options given below:		
		1. (A), (B), (C), (D). 2. (A), (B), (D), (C). 3. (B), (C), (D), (A). 4. (C), (B), (D), (A).		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	jective Quest	ion		
42	14842042		2.0	0.00

11	
20	0.00
2.0	0.00
2.0	0.00
	2.0

		Teachers can differentiate instruction through		
		(A). Learning environment		
		(B). Content		
		(C). Product		
		(D). Process		
		Choose the <b>correct</b> answer from the options given below:		
		1. (A), (B), (C), (D).		
		2. (B), (D), (C), (A). 3. (B), (A), (D), (C).		
		4. (C), (B), (D), (A).		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
		7.4 . 4		
	ective Quest	on		
45	14842045	Given below are two statements, one is labelled as Assertion (A) and other one labelled as Reason (R).	2.0	0.00
		Assertion (A): Sensation is the first step of our knowledge		
		Reason (R): Sensation is the process that allows the brain to take information interpreted by the brain		
		In light of the above statements, choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below.		
		1. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).		
		2. Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A).		
		<ul><li>3. (A) is true but (R) is false.</li><li>4. (A) is false but (R) is true.</li></ul>		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obj	ective Quest	on		
46	14842046		2.0	0.00

		Given below are two statements, one is labelled as Assertion (A) and other one labelled as Reason (R).		
		Assertion (A): Attention is a complex physical function		
		Reason (R): To attend to external stimuli we need to maintain a level of awareness		
		In light of the above statements, choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below.		
		<ol> <li>Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).</li> <li>Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A).</li> <li>(A) is true but (R) is false.</li> <li>(A) is false but (R) is true.</li> </ol>		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ohi	ective Questi	on		<u>                                     </u>
	14842047	Given below are two statements, one is labelled as Assertion (A) and other one labelled as Reason (R).	2.0	0.00
		Assertion (A): Receptor perceives a particular type of stimulus.		
		Reason (R): Different sense organs have different receptors for detecting stimuli.		
		In light of the above statements, choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below.		
		<ol> <li>Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).</li> <li>Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A).</li> <li>(A) is true but (R) is false.</li> <li>(A) is false but (R) is true.</li> </ol>		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obi	ective Questi	on		
	14842048		2.0	0.00

		Given below are two statements, one is labelled as Assertion (A) and other one labelled as Reason (R).		
		Assertion (A): All perceptions seem entirely tight and together.		
		Reason (R): Since the perception are not necessarily connected.		
		In light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below.		
		<ol> <li>Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).</li> <li>Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A).</li> <li>(A) is true but (R) is false.</li> <li>(A) is false but (R) is true.</li> </ol>		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obi	ective Questi	on.		
	14842049		2.0	0.00
		Given below are two statements, one is labelled as Assertion (A) and other one labelled as Reason (R).		
		Assertion (A): Motivation is critical component of learning		
		Reason (R): Motivation is important in getting students to engage in academic activities		
		In light of the above statements, choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below.		
		<ol> <li>Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).</li> <li>Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A).</li> <li>(A) is true but (R) is false.</li> </ol>		
		4. (A) is false but (R) is true.		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obj	ective Questi	on		
50	14842050		2.0	0.00

	Given below are two statements, one is labelled as Assertion (A) and other one labelled as Reason (R).	
	Assertion (A): Extrinsic motivation comes from external sources	
	Reason (R): Extrinsic motivation comes through satisfaction	
	In light of the above statements, choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below.	
	Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).	
	2. Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A).	
	3. (A) is true but (R) is false.	
	4. (A) is false but (R) is true.	
	A1:1	
	A2:2	
	A2.2	
	A3:3	
	A3:3	
	A4:4	