PREVIEW QUESTION BANK

Module Name : aic24-ge02 Yoga for IQ Development-ENG Exam Date : 18-May-2024 Batch : 15:00-18:00

Sr. No.	Client Qu ID	Question Body and Alternatives Ma	arks	Neg M:	gative arks
Objec	tive Questi	on The state of th			
	3292001			2.0	0.00
		Yoga means			
		1. Union			
		2. Posture			
		3. Meditation			
		4. Concentration			
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
		АТ.Т			
	tive Questi	on			
2 13	3292002	Sauca Cantacha and tanca are components of		2.0	0.00
		Sauca, Santosha, and tapas are components of			
		1. Yamas			
		2. Niyamas			
		3. Pranayamas			
		4. Dharana			
		4. Dilaidia			
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
	tive Questi	on			0.5-
3 13	3292003	Which of the following represents the state of bliss according to the Pancha kosha theory?		2.0	0.00
		Thinks of the following represents the state of bilds according to the Fahicha Rosha theory:			
		1. Annamaya Kosha			
		2. Pranamaya Kosha			
		3. Manomaya Kosha			
		4. Anandamaya Kosha			
		G SOUNDARD NEW TOOK EST, AND RECORDED TO			
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		$RL \cdot L$			

		A3:3 A4:4		
Ol	jective Questi			
4	13292004		2.0	0.00
	13272004	How many Chakras are there in our body?	2.0	0.00
		1. 5 2. 7		
		3.6		
		4. 8		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ob	jective Questi	on		
	13292005		2.0	0.00
		Kumbhaka means		
		1. Retention of breath		
		2. Concentration		
		3. Exercise		
		4. Focus		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Oh	jective Questi	on		
	13292006		2.0	0.00
		Withdrawal of senses is called		
		1. Dharana		
		2. Pratyahara		
		3. Kumbhaka		
		4. Kriya		
		A1:1		
		211.1		
		A2.2		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		

		A4:4		
Obj	ective Questi	on		
7	13292007	Ashtanga yoga was propounded by 1. Patanjali 2. Gorakshanath 3. Gheranda Muni 4. Swami Vivekananda A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4	2.0	0.00
Obj	ective Questi	on		
8	13292008	Who wrote Amarakosha? 1. Narasimha 2. Veerasimha 3. Amarasimha 4. Patanjali A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4	2.0	0.00
	ective Questi	on		
9	13292009	Antahkarana includes: 1. Bhakti 2. Buddhi 3. Asmita 4. Karma A1:1 A2:2 A3:3	2.0	0.00
		A4:4		

Ш				
	ective Questi	on	11	11
10	13292010	Expand IRT	2.0	0.00
		Instant Relaxation Technique		
		2. Ideal Relaxation Technique		
		3. Initial Relaxation Technique		
		4. Innovative Relaxation Technique		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		AJ.J		
		A4:4		
		A4:4		
	ective Questi	on	10.0	0.00
11	13292011	Alan Turing is related to	2.0	0.00
		1. Intelligence Quotient		
		2. Western philosophy		
		Artificial intelligence Indian scriptures		
		4. Indian scriptures		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obi	ective Questi	on .		
	13292012		2.0	0.00
		Which among the following asanas is called Cobra pose?		
		1. Vajrasana		
		2. Vakrasana		
		3. Bhujangasana		
		4. Shavasana		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		74.4		
		42.2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obj	ective Questi	on		

	13	13292013	Yoga Nidra is a practice	2.0	0.00
			1. Strengthening		
			2. Sleeping		
			3. Relaxation		
			4. Stimulating		
			A1:1		
			A2:2		
			A3:3		
			A4:4		
	Obje	ctive Questi	on.		
		13292014	OII	2.0	0.00
			Buddhi, jnana, pragya are all terminologies related to		
			1. Intelligence		
			2. Faith		
			3. Sadhana		
			4. Enlightenment		
			A1:1		
			Al: I		
			42.2		
			A2:2		
			A3:3		
			A4:4		
ļ					
		ctive Questi	on	2.0	0.00
	13	13292013	Pranayama is the limb of ashtanga yoga	2.0	0.00
			1. Second		
			2. Third		
			3. Fourth 4. Fifth		
			4. [1][[]		
			A1:1		
			A2:2		
			A3:3		
			A4:4		
		ctive Questi	on	10 :	10.00
	16	13292016		2.0	0.00
ıI.	- 11			11	11

		Which among the following are included in Bahiranga yoga?		
		(A) Asana		
		(B) Pranayama		
		(C) Dharana		
		(D) Dhyana		
		1. (A), (B) and (C) only. 2. (A), (B) and (D) only. 3. (A), (B), (C) and (D). 4. (A) and (B) only.		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obj	jective Questi	on		
	13292017		2.0	0.00
		1. Yama		
		2. Niyama		
		3. Dharana		
		4. Kumbhaka		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	jective Questi	on	120	0.00
	jective Questi	on	2.0	0.00
		on Which of the following asanas is also called as lotus pose?	2.0	0.00
		on Which of the following asanas is also called as lotus pose? 1. Vajrasana	2.0	0.00
		Which of the following asanas is also called as lotus pose? 1. Vajrasana 2. Makarasana	2.0	0.00
		on Which of the following asanas is also called as lotus pose? 1. Vajrasana	2.0	0.00
		Which of the following asanas is also called as lotus pose? 1. Vajrasana 2. Makarasana 3. Padmasana	2.0	0.00
		Which of the following asanas is also called as lotus pose? 1. Vajrasana 2. Makarasana 3. Padmasana	2.0	0.00
		Which of the following asanas is also called as lotus pose? 1. Vajrasana 2. Makarasana 3. Padmasana 4. Balasana	2.0	0.00

		A4:4		
Oh	ective Questi	on		
	13292019		2.0	0.00
		Mudras are		
		1. Gestures		
		2. Postures		
		3. Kriyas		
		4. Loosening exercises		
		1. Loosoning oxorcises		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
		A4:4		
L				
	jective Questi		2.0	0.00
20	13292020	During breathing the awareness should be on the	2.0	0.00
		1. External sounds		
		2. Instructor		
		3. Synchronised breathing		
		4. Thoughts		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		12.2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	jective Questi			
21	13292021	Research suggests that high IQ individuals tend to have a strong ability in	2.0	0.00
		Research suggests that high to moviduals tend to have a strong ability in		
		Superior physical strength		
		2. Abstract reasoning		
		3. Exceptional social skills		
		Enhanced athletic performance		
		A1:1		
		AL. I		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
11				

	Objective Question					
22	13292022	Chudina have above a constation between high 10 d	2.0	0.00		
		Studies have shown a correlation between high IQ and				
		Increased educational attainment				
		Guaranteed success in all fields				
		Never facing challenges				
		Immunity to mental health issues				
		4. Illinumity to montal neutral issues				
		A1:1				
		A2:2				
		A2 . 2				
		A3:3				
		A4:4				
	ective Quest		2.0	0.00		
23	13292023	While IQ tests can be a measure of cognitive ability, what other factor is important for success in life?	2.0	0.00		
		while to tests can be a measure of cognitive ability, what other factor is important for success in life:				
		1. Eye color				
		2. Birth month				
		3. Number of siblings				
		4. Emotional intelligence				
		A1:1				
		A2:2				
		A3:3				
		A4:4				
Ohi	ective Quest	on.				
	13292024		2.0	0.00		
24	13292024	According to Howard Gardner's theory of multiple intelligences, which of the following is NOT considered a type of	2.0	0.00		
		intelligence?				
		1. Bodily-Kinesthetic				
		2. Logical-Mathematical				
		3. Musical				
		4. Moral Intelligence				
		A1:1				
		A2:2				
		A2 · 2				
		A3:3				
		A4:4				
Obi	ective Quest	on				
	13292025		2.0	0.00		

		In Eastern philosophies, which concept emphasizes the cultivation of wisdom and understanding that transcends intellectual knowledge? 1. Prajna 2. Logical Reasoning 3. Sensory Perception 4. Rote memorization		
		A1:1 A2:2		
		A3:3 A4:4		
Obi	ective Questi	on		
	13292026		2.0	0.00
20	13272020	Eastern philosophies often emphasize the importance of	2.0	0.00
		A1:1 A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obj	ective Questi	on		
27	13292027	Which of the following is NOT typically associated with intelligence in Eastern thought? 1. Understanding the interconnectedness of all things 2. Cultivating compassion and empathy 3. Bragging about one's knowledge and achievements 4. Developing self-awareness and inner peace	2.0	0.00
		A1:1 A2:2		
		A3:3 A4:4		
OF.	ective Questi			
	13292028	OII OII	2.0	0.00
20	13232020		2.0	0.00

		In Sankhya philosophy, which of the following is NOT considered a source of intelligence?		
		1. Buddhi (intellect)		
		2. Ahamkara (ego) 3. Manas (mind)		
		4. Atman (soul)		
		4. Auton (Soul)		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
C	bjective Quest	ion		
	9 13292029		2.0	0.00
		According to Sankhya, intelligence arises from the interaction of which two fundamental principles?		
		1. Brahman and Maya		
		Purusha and Prakriti		
		3. Dharma and Karma		
		4. Shakti and Shiva		
		A1:1		
		Al. I		
		A2.2		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	bjective Quest			
3	0 13292030	According to the Gita, what clouds true intelligence?	2.0	0.00
		According to the Oila, what clouds the intelligence:		
		1. A strong memory		
		2. Attachment and desires		
		3. A logical mind		
		4. Natural curiosity		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	bjective Quest	ion		
	1 13292031		2.0	0.00

		The Bhagavad Gita describes a state of equanimity (samatva) as a mark of intelligence. What does this imply? 1. Feeling happy all the time 2. Ignoring pleasure and pain 3. Maintaining emotional balance 4. Seeking constant stimulation A1:1		
		A3:3 A4:4		
Oh	jective Questi	on		
	13292032		2.0	0.00
		A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4		
_				
33	jective Questi 13292033	The concept of multiple intelligences, where people have strengths in different cognitive areas, is a theory from 1. Socrates 2. Howard Gardner 3. Aristotle 4. John Locke Al: 1 A2: 2 A3: 3 A4: 4	2.0	0.00
	jective Questi		11-	11
34	13292034		2.0	0.00

		Some philosophical debates on intelligence center around		
		1. How to measure brain size		
		Whether intelligence is fixed or can be developed		
		3. The best color for learning		
		4. How many IQ points a good night's sleep adds		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ob	ective Questi	on		<u> </u>
	13292035		2.0	0.00
		Rene Descartes' famous statement "Cogito, ergo sum" translates to		
		1. "I dream, therefore I am real"		
		2. "I think, therefore I am"		
		3. "I feel, therefore I exist"		
		4. "I speak, therefore I have power"		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	ective Questi			
36	13292036	Feminist philosophers often critique traditional notions of intelligence as being	2.0	0.00
		Biased towards masculine ways of knowing		
		2. Universally applicable		
		Unrelated to social context A sign of physical attractiveness		
		4. A sign of physical attractiveness		
		A1:1		
		42.2		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A3:3		
		A4.4		
		A4:4		
C				
	ective Questi 13292037		2.0	0.00

		Regular yoga practice may help to		
		Increase IQ score directly		
		Guarantee immediate emotional regulation		
		Improve cognitive function		
		Eliminate all stresses entirely		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obi	ective Questi	on		
	13292038		2.0	0.00
		Yoga Nidra, a deep relaxation technique, can benefit intelligence by promoting		
		Constant physical activity		
		Improved focus and mental clarity		
		3. Extreme flexibility		
		Exceptional muscular strength		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Obj	ective Questi	on		
39	13292039		2.0	0.00
		In the Bhagavad Gita, who is considered truly intelligent?		
		1. The one with the most wealth		
		2. The most powerful warrior		
		3. The one who performs his duty selflessly		
		4. The one who avoids conflict		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		n2.2		
		42.2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	ective Questi			
40	13292040		2.0	0.00

		How does Sankhya view the role of intelligence in achieving liberation?		
		1. As unimportant, blind faith is key		
		2. As a tool for self-realization and detachment		
		3. As a source of suffering and illusion		
		4. As a divine gift bestowed upon the chosen few		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
	jective Questi			
41	13292041		2.0	0.00
		Which yoga practice focuses primarily on physical postures (asanas)?		
		A Halla Vana		
		Hatha Yoga Raja Yoga		
		3. Karma Yoga		
		4. Bhakti Yoga		
		1. Driakti Togu		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
OŁ	jective Questi	on		
_	13292042		2.0	0.00
		What is the purpose of Drishti (gazing point) in yoga postures?		
		A To will the same		
		To roll the eyes To improve balance		
		To focus the mind and direct energy		
		4. To relax the eyes		
		1. To foliax tilo oyes		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Oł	jective Questi	on		
	13292043		2.0	0.00

			In yoga philosophy, what are the seven energy centers in the body called?		
			1. Chakras		
			2. Koshas		
			3. Bandhas		
			4. Nadis		
			A1:1		
			A2:2		
			A2:2		
			A3:3		
			A4:4		
C	Obje	ctive Questi	on		
4	4	3292044		2.0	0.00
			The Yoga Sutras of Patanjali are divided into how many Padas (sections)?		
			1.2		
			2.3		
			3. 4		
			4. 5		
			A1:1		
			A2:2		
			A3:3		
			A4:4		
)hia	ctive Questi	on.		
		3292045		2.0	0.00
ľ		13272043	Which Niyama (observances) emphasizes self-study and reflection?	2.0	0.00
			1. Svadhyaya		
			Shaucha Santosha		
			4. Tapas		
			A1:1		
			A2:2		
			A3:3		
			A4:4		
		ctive Questi			11-
4	6	3292046		2.0	0.00

		The practice of surrendering actions to a higher power is known as 1. Asteya 2. Aparigraha 3. Isvara-Pranidhana 4. Brahmacharya A1:1		
		A3:3 A4:4		
	jective Questi		2.0	0.00
4/	1329204/	Which of the following is NOT one of the eight limbs of Patanjali's Yoga?	2.0	0.00
		1. Yama		
		2. Niyama		
		3. Asana		
		4. Mudra		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
Ol	ojective Questi	on		
_	13292048		2.0	0.00
		According to some philosophers, artificial intelligence could potentially		
		Have no impact on our understanding of intelligence		
		Render human intelligence obsolete		
		3. Be programmed with perfect moral reasoning		
		Challenge our current definitions of intelligence		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
01	ojective Questi	on.		
	13292049		2.0	0.00

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		Confucius, a Chinese philosopher, emphasized the role of			
		1. Innate intellectual ability			
		Education and moral character in intelligence			
		3. Intuition over logic			
		4. Physical strength as a sign of intelligence			
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
Obi	ective Questi	on			
	13292050		2.0	0.	.00
		The Bhagavad Gita offers guidance on achieving higher intelligence. Which of the following is NOT recommended?			
		Cultivating detachment from the fruits of action			
		Performing one's duties with dedication			
		Honing one's intellect through study			
		Indulging in anger and pride			
		augus and prido			
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
		A4:4			