

PREVIEW QUESTION BANK(Single)

Module Name : NCET Language: ENGLISH
Section Name : 317-Legal Studies
Exam Date : 29-Apr-2025 Batch : 15:00-18:00

Sr. No.	Client Question ID	Question Body and Alternatives	Marks	Ne M
Section : 317-Legal Studies				
Topic : Topic 100				
Q.Type : Objective Question				
1	6397	The Supreme Court of India came into existence : (1) 25 January, 1950 (2) 26 January, 1950 (3) 27 January, 1950 (4) 28 January, 1950 (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4	4.0	
Q.Type : Objective Question				
2	6398	The Attorney General of India is appointed by the President of India under _____ of the Constitution. (1) Article 75 (2) Article 76 (3) Article 77 (4) Article 78 (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4	4.0	
Q.Type : Objective Question				
3	6399	Amicus Curiae literally means _____. (1) friend of the Advocate (2) friend of the Client (3) friend of the Court (4) friend of the Judge (A) 1 (B) 2	4.0	

		(C) 3	
		(D) 4	
Q.Type : Objective Question			
4	6400	Madison v. Marbury is a landmark case on : (1) Death Penalty (2) Judicial review (3) Contract with a minor (4) Appointment of judges (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4	4.0
Q.Type : Objective Question			
5	6401	Which of the following section of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 deals with ADR mechanism ? (1) Sec. 88 (2) Sec. 89 (3) Sec. 90 (4) Sec. 91 (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4	4.0
Q.Type : Objective Question			
6	6402	A registered instrument must be attested at least by _____ witness to the transfer. (1) Two (2) Three (3) Four (4) Five (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4	4.0
Q.Type : Objective Question			
7	6403		4.0

		Doctrine of <i>lis pendens</i> means _____. (1) Election (2) Estoppel (3) Pending suit (4) Judgment (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4	
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Q.Type : Objective Question

8	6404	An agreement that is enforceable by law is called _____. (1) Proposal (2) Acceptance (3) Contract (4) Consideration (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4	4.0
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Q.Type : Objective Question

9	6405	The word "Tort" is derived from the Latin word 'tortum', which means - (1) Crime (2) Defamation (3) Contract (4) Twisted (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4	4.0
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Q.Type : Objective Question

10	6406	Full form of UDHR. (1) Universal Declaration of Human Rights (2) Unified Declaration of Human Rights (3) Uniform Declaration of Human Rights (4) Universal Demand of Human Rights (A) 1	4.0
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		(B) 2	
		(C) 3	
		(D) 4	

Q.Type : Objective Question

11	6407	Article _____ of the Constitution of India provides free legal aid to the poor and weaker sections of society and ensures justice for all. (1) Article 39 (2) Article 39 A (3) Article 38 (4) Article 40 (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4	4.0
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Q.Type : Objective Question

12	6408	Mens rea generally means : (1) Bad intention (2) Good intention (3) Physical act (4) Good faith (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4	4.0
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Q.Type : Objective Question

13	6409	The rule of strict liability evolved in the case of : (1) M.C. Mehta v. Shri Ram Foods and Fertilizer Industries (2) Rylands v. Fletcher (3) MacPherson v. Buick Motor Co. (4) Donoghue v. Stevenson (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4	4.0
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Q.Type : Objective Question

14	6410	In _____ Court held that an agreement by a minor is void ab <i>initio</i>. (1) Durga Prasad v. Baldeo (2) Carlill v. Carbolic Smoke Ball Co (3) Balfour v. Balfour (4) Mohiri Bibee v. Dharmodas Ghose (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4	4.0
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Q.Type : Objective Question

15	6411	_____ is a landmark case in defining the concept of the basic structure doctrine. (1) Maneka Gandhi v. Union of India (2) Keshvananda Bharati case (3) Indra Sawhney v. Union of India (4) S.R. Bommai case (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4	4.0
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Q.Type : Objective Question

16	6412	PIL stands for : (1) Paisa Income Litigation (2) Private Income Litigation (3) Publicity Income Litigation (4) Public Interest Litigation (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4	4.0
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Q.Type : Objective Question

17	6413	Full form of UNCITRAL is - (1) Universal New Commission on International Trade Law (2) United New Commission International Trade Law (3) United Nations Commission on International Trade Law (4) United Nations Commission on India Trade Law (A) 1	4.0
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		(B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4	
Q.Type : Objective Question			
18	6414	After the enactment of which Act, all the old categories of practitioners (vakils, barristers, pleaders of several grades, and mukhtars) were abolished and consolidated into a single category called "advocates" ? (1) Constitution of India (2) Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987 (3) Advocates Act, 1961 (4) Legal Services Authorities (Amendment) Act, 2002 (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4	4.0
Q.Type : Objective Question			
19	6415	Sequencize the following source of Law according to <i>Article 38(1) of the Statue of the International Court of Justice</i>. (A) <i>International custom</i> (B) <i>International conventions</i> (C) <i>General principles of law recognized by civilized nations</i> (D) <i>Judicial decisions</i> Choose the correct answer from the options given below : (1) (A), (B), (C), (D) (2) (B), (A), (C), (D) (3) (D), (C), (A), (B) (4) (A), (D), (C), (B) (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4	4.0
Q.Type : Objective Question			
20	6416		4.0

		Arrange the following in chronological order as per the Constitution of India. (A) Fundamental Duties (B) Fundamental Rights (C) Directive Principles (D) Preamble Choose the correct answer from the options given below : (1) (A), (B), (C), (D) (2) (B), (A), (C), (D) (3) (D), (C), (A), (B) (4) (D), (B), (C), (A) (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4	
Q.Type : Objective Question			
21	6417	Arrange the stages of criminal trial in a logical sequence : (A) Trial (B) Framing of Charges (C) Investigation (D) Judgement Choose the correct answer from the options given below : (1) (A), (B), (C), (D) (2) (B), (A), (C), (D) (3) (C), (B), (A), (D) (4) (D), (B), (C), (A) (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4	4.0
Q.Type : Objective Question			
22	6418	The ICC has been setup with the purpose of prosecuting criminals for crimes such as _____. (A) Crimes against Humanity (B) Genocide (C) War Crimes (D) Crime of Aggression Choose the correct answer from the options given below : (1) (A), (B), (C) Only (2) (A), (C), (D) Only (3) (A), (B), (C), (D) Only (4) (B), (C), (D) Only (A) 1	4.0

		(B) 2	
		(C) 3	
		(D) 4	

Q.Type : Objective Question

23	6419	Article 32 and Article 226 of the Constitution of India allows the Supreme Court and High Courts in states to issue the writs. (A) Prohibition, i.e., to prevent a subordinate court from continuing on a case (B) <i>habeas corpus</i>, i.e., to order to a public authority to do its duty. (C) quo warranto, i.e., to issue directive to a person to vacate an office wrongfully occupied; (D) certiorari, i.e. to remove a case from a subordinate court and get the proceeding before it. Choose the correct answer from the options given below : (1) (A), (B), (C) Only (2) (A), (C), (D) Only (3) (A), (B), (C), (D) Only (4) (B), (C), (D) Only (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4	4.0
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Q.Type : Objective Question

24	6420	The benefits of ADR are : (A) It is less time consuming as people resolve their disputes expeditiously in a short period as compared to courts. (B) It is more costly than litigation. (C) It is free from technicalities of courts as informal ways are applied resolving disputes. (D) It can be used at any time Choose the correct answer from the options given below : (1) (A), (B), (C) Only (2) (A), (C), (D) Only (3) (A), (B), (C), (D) Only (4) (B), (C), (D) Only (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4	4.0
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Q.Type : Objective Question

25	6421		4.0
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		The essentials of a valid contract. (A) Proposal (B) Acceptance (C) Consideration (D) Minority (E) Free consent Choose the correct answer from the options given below : (1) (A), (B), (C), (D) Only (2) (A), (C), (D) Only (3) (A), (B), (C), (E) Only (4) (A), (C), (D), (E) Only (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4	
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Q.Type : Objective Question

26

6422

4.0

Match List - I with List - II.

List - I

- (A) Right to equality
- (B) Right to freedom
- (C) Right against exploitation
- (D) Right to Religion

List - II

- (I) Articles 19-22
- (II) Articles 14-18
- (III) Articles 23-24
- (IV) Articles 25-28

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A)-(IV), (B)-(III), (C)-(II), (D)-(I)
- (2) (A)-(II), (B)-(I), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)
- (3) (A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)
- (4) (A)-(III), (B)-(I), (C)-(IV), (D)-(II)

(A) 1

(B) 2

(C) 3

(D) 4

Q.Type : Objective Question

27	6423		4.0
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Match List - I with List - II.

List - I

- (A) Domestic Arbitration
- (B) Foreign Arbitration
- (C) Ad-hoc Arbitration
- (D) Institutional Arbitration

List - II

- (I) An arbitration where parties select a particular institution
- (II) The arbitration not conducted according to the rules of an arbitral institution
- (III) Arbitral proceedings are conducted in a place outside India
- (IV) Arbitral proceedings are held in India.

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A)-(IV), (B)-(III), (C)-(II), (D)-(I)
- (2) (A)-(II), (B)-(I), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)
- (3) (A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)
- (4) (A)-(III), (B)-(I), (C)-(IV), (D)-(II)

(A) 1

(B) 2

(C) 3

(D) 4

Q.Type : Objective Question

28 6424

Match List - I with List - II.

List - I

- (A) *actus non facit reum si mens sit rea*
- (B) *caveat emptor*
- (C) *Res ipsa loquitor*
- (D) *ubi jus ibi remedium*

List - II

- (I) An act does not make one guilty until the mind is also blameworthy
- (II) Buyer the beware
- (III) Things speaks for itself
- (IV) where there is right there is remedy

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A)-(IV), (B)-(III), (C)-(II), (D)-(I)
- (2) (A)-(II), (B)-(I), (C)-(IV), (D)-(III)
- (3) (A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)
- (4) (A)-(III), (B)-(I), (C)-(IV), (D)-(II)

(A) 1

(B) 2

(C) 3

(D) 4

4.0